

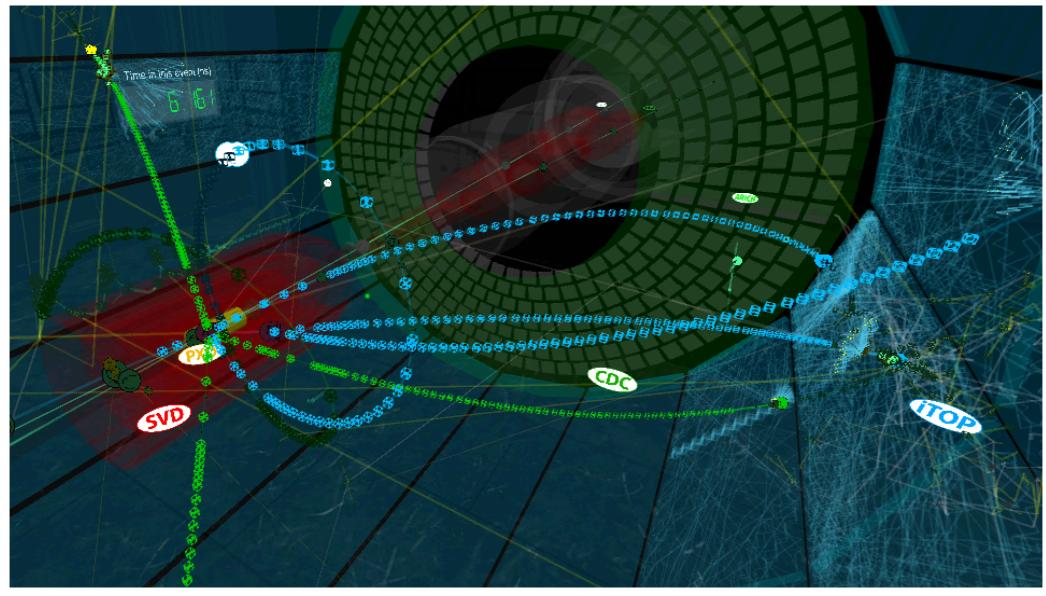
# The Belle II Experiment



#### and Synergies with FCC-ee

Leo Piilonen, Virginia Tech on behalf of the Belle II Collaboration

4th FCC-ee Physics and Experiments Workshop November 10, 2020





# Belle II is looking for evidence of New Physics

SuperKEKB + Belle II is the *Intensity Frontier facility* for beauty mesons, charm mesons and τ leptons.

Unique new physics capabilities and unique detector capabilities ("single B meson beam," neutrals, neutrinos), clean environment with good systematics, which are critical for New Physics searches: charged Higgs, new weak couplings and phases, lepton flavor violation, ...

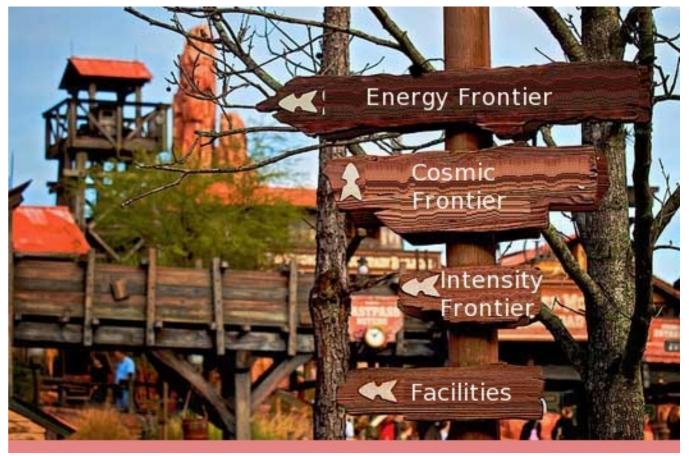


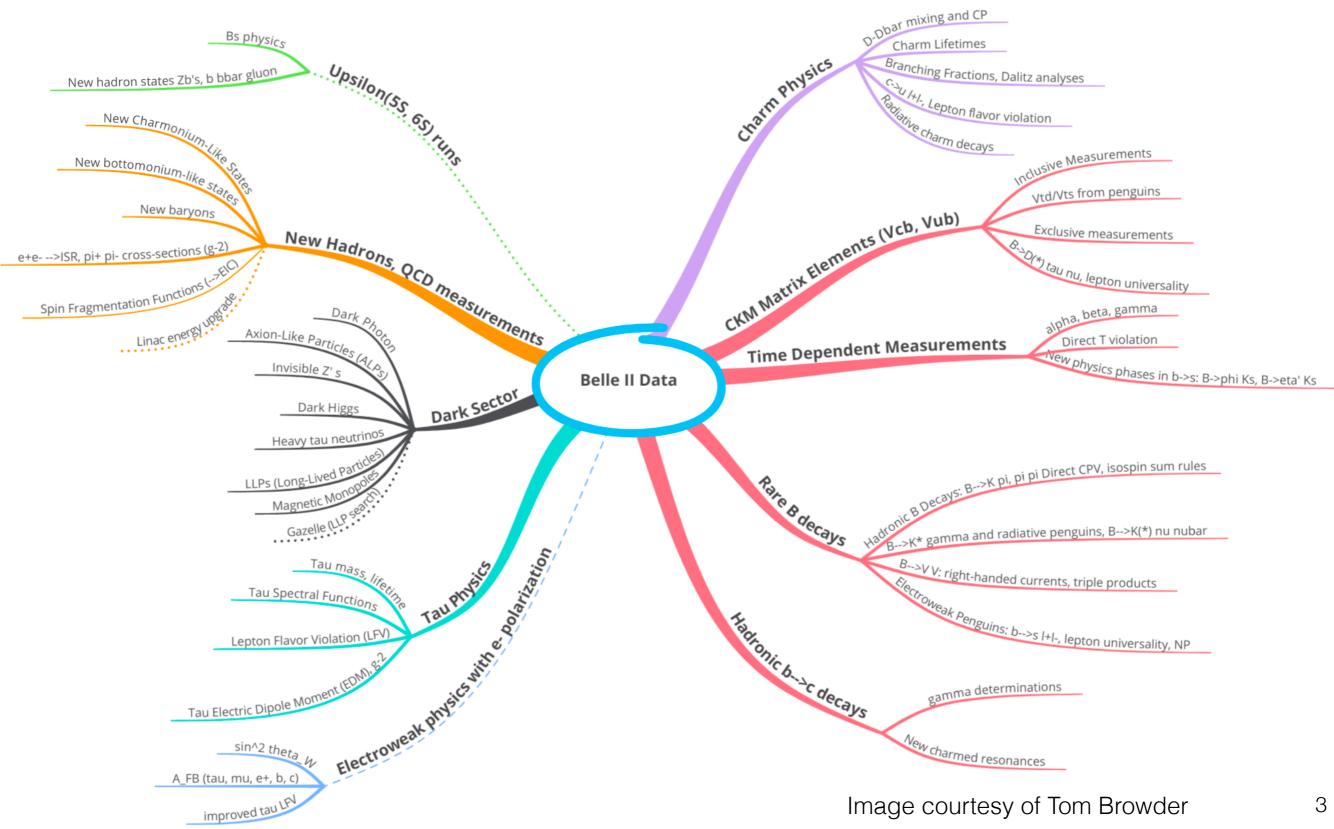
Photo credit: Ron Lipton (Fermilab)

2014 US P5 report: This provides unique sensitivity to physics at energy scales far higher than can be accessed directly at colliders.

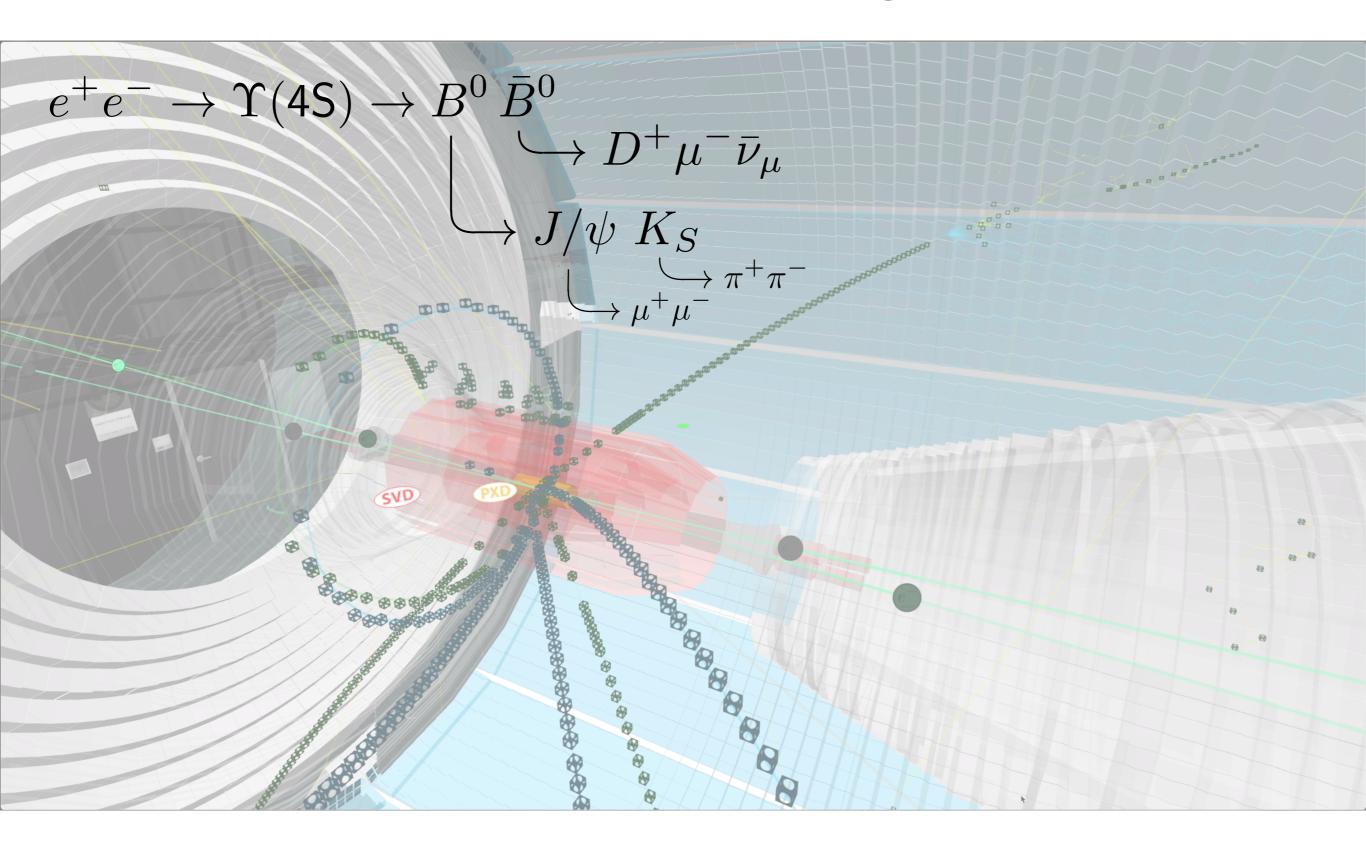
#### Belle II Physics "Mind Map" for Snowmass 2021

From *The Belle II Physics Book*, PTEP **2019**, 123C01 (2019)

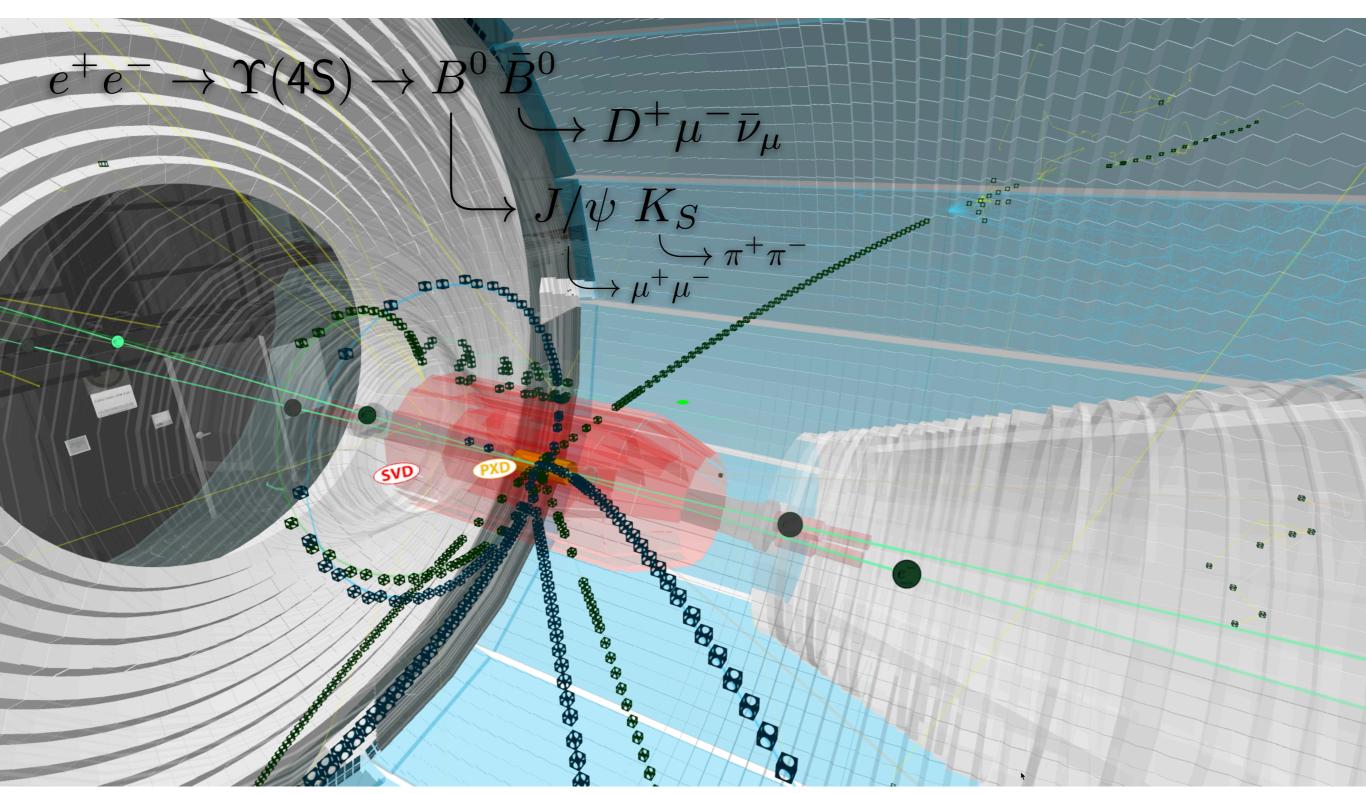
Snowmass LOIs: confluence.desy.de/display/BI/Snowmass+2021



# A canonical $B\overline{B}$ Event: the "Golden Mode"



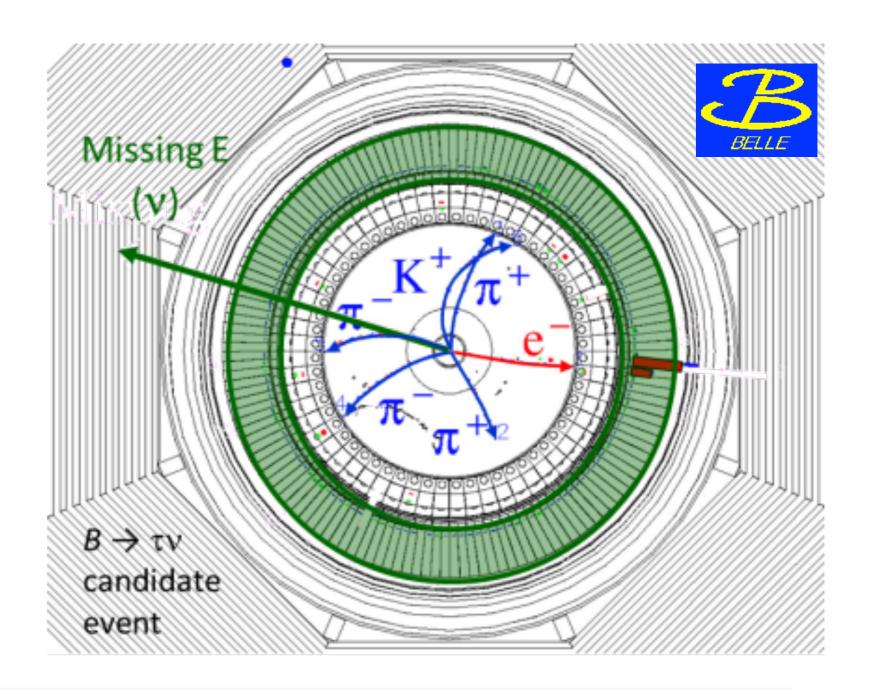
# A canonical $B\overline{B}$ Event: the "Golden Mode"



from "Belle II in Virtual Reality"

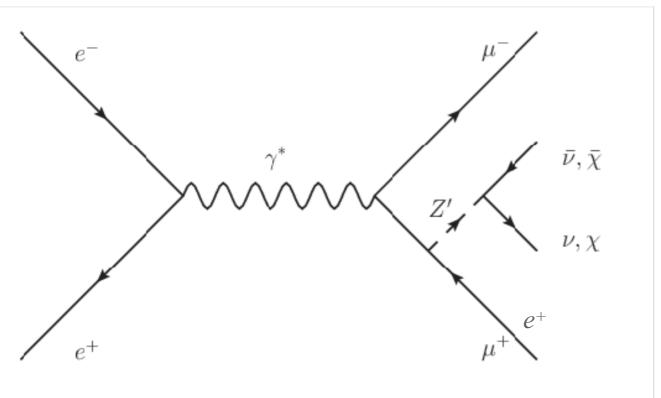
### Example of a $B^+ \to \tau^+ \nu$ decay in Belle data

$$B^+ o D^0 \pi^+ \ o K^+ \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \ B^- o au^- ar{
u} \ o e^- 
u ar{
u}$$



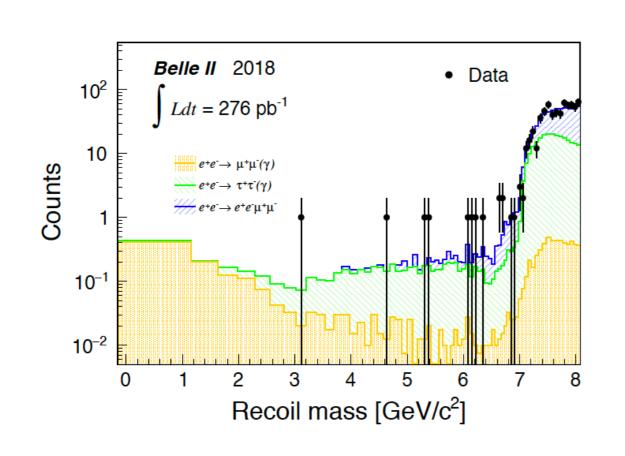
Clean  $e^+e^-$  environment and kinematic constraints (known initial 4-momentum, hadronic tag decay) make this possible

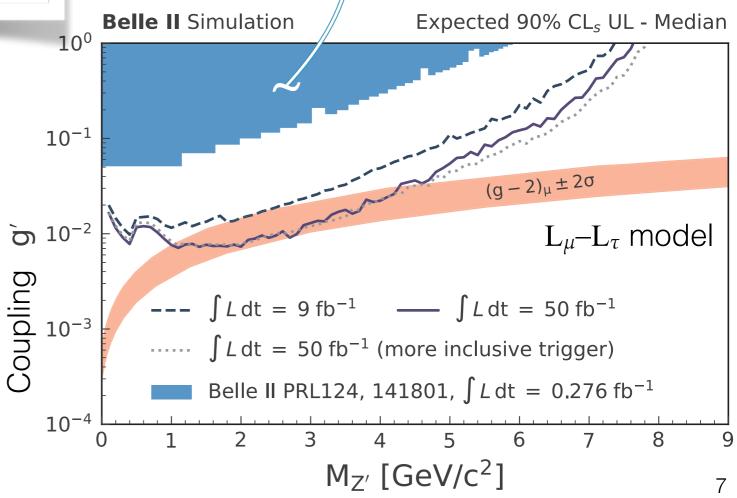
#### Dark-matter search: $Z' \rightarrow$ invisible



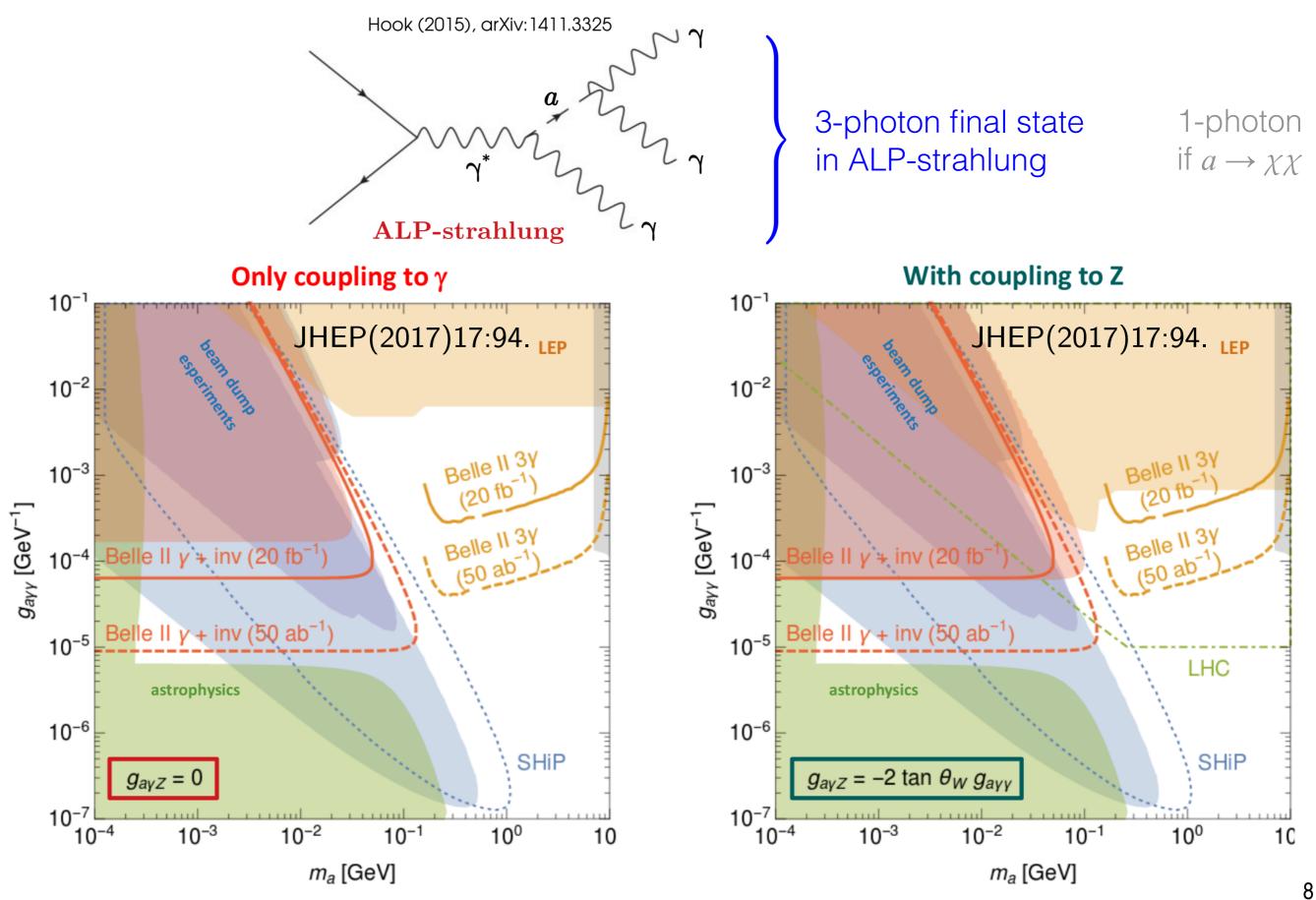
Signature: invisible recoil against a  $\mu\mu$  or  $\mu e$  pair

- ❖ Poorly constrained at low Z' mass
- $\bullet$  Might explain muon g–2 anomaly
- PRL 124, 141801 (2020)

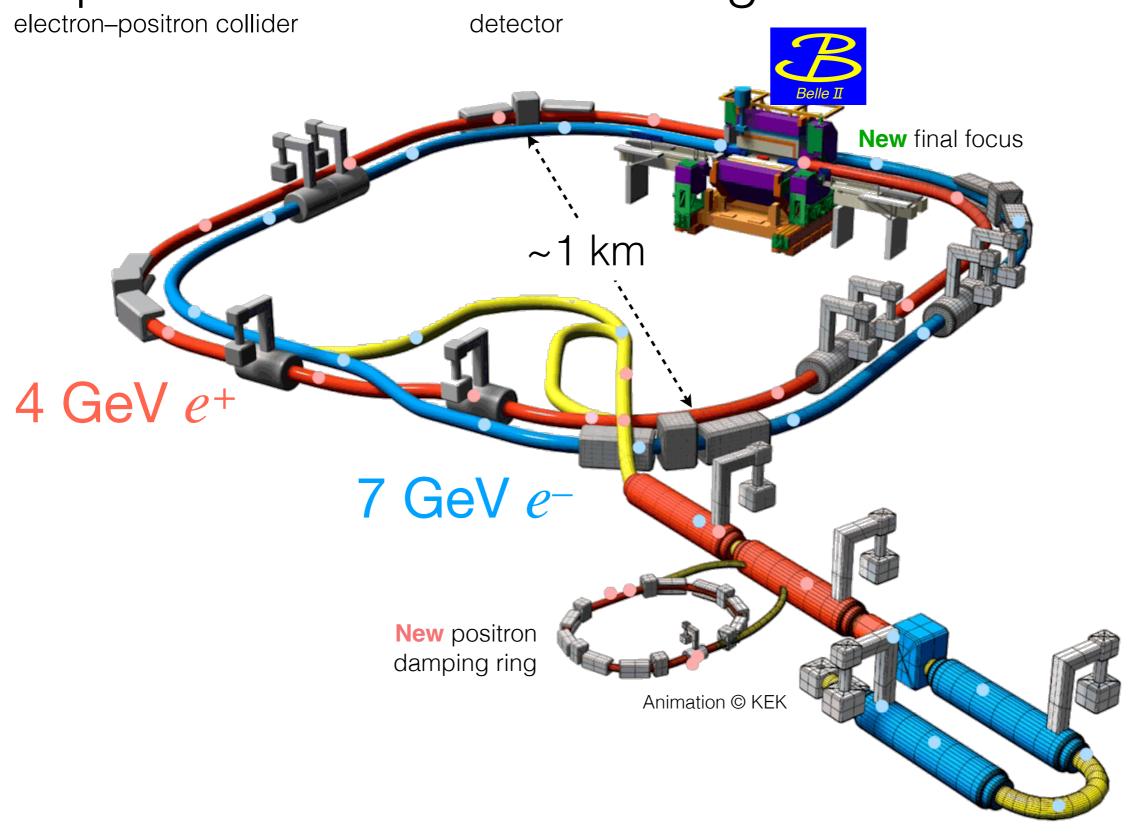




# Axion-like pseudoscalars coupling to bosons

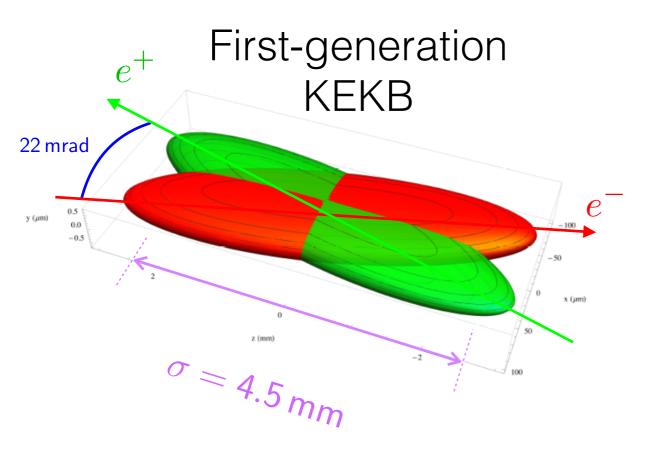


SuperKEKB and Belle II: 2<sup>nd</sup> generation B Factory

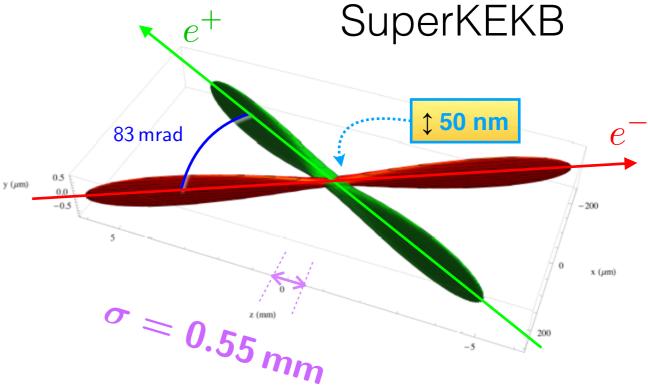


 $c\overline{c}, s\overline{s}, u\overline{u}, d\overline{d}, \ell^+\ell^- \leftarrow e^+e^- \rightarrow \Upsilon(\mathsf{nS}) \rightarrow B^{(*)}\overline{B}^{(*)}$ 

# High luminosity achieved by squeezing beams @ IP

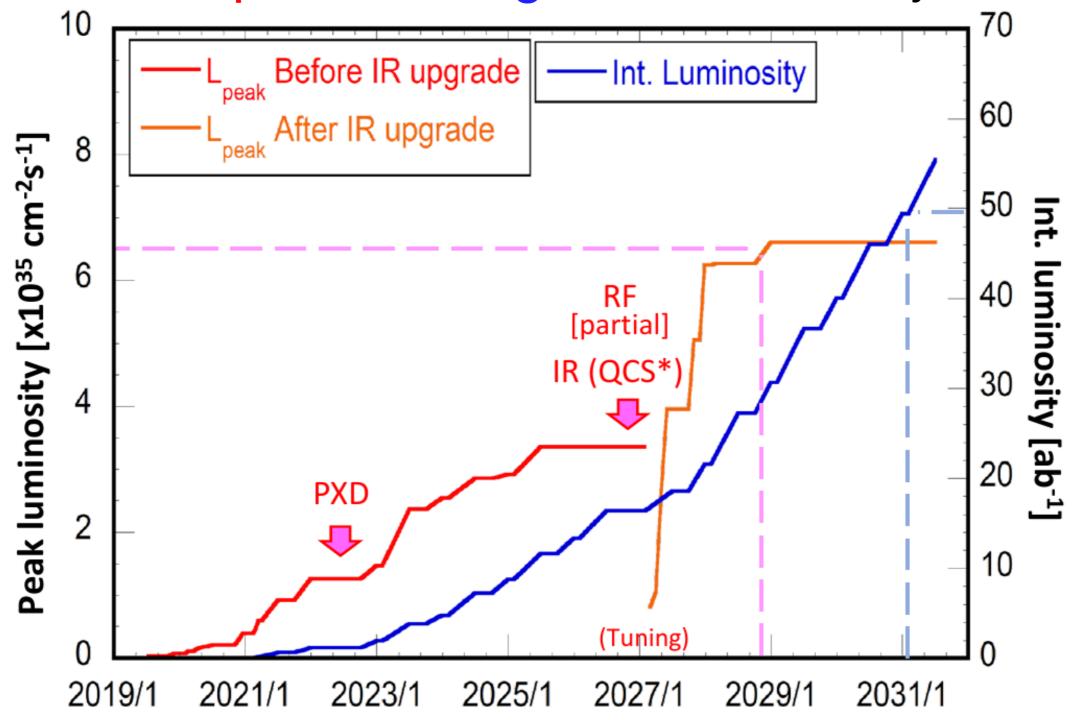


- √ Beam currents ≈doubled
- ✓ Much smaller  $\beta_y^*$



Nano-beam scheme invented by Pantaleo Raimondi for Italian SuperB Factory

#### SuperKEKB peak & integrated luminosity vs time



#### Four steps:

- ✓ Intermediate luminosity: (1→3) x 10<sup>35</sup>/cm<sup>2</sup>/sec, 5 ab<sup>-1</sup>
- ✓ High Luminosity: 6 x 10<sup>35</sup>/cm<sup>2</sup>/sec, 50 ab<sup>-1</sup> with a detector upgrade
- √ Beam-polarization upgrade, advanced R&D
- ✓ Ultra high luminosity: 4 x 10<sup>36</sup>/cm<sup>2</sup>/sec, 250 ab<sup>-1</sup>, R&D project

#### Belle II is a significant upgrade of Belle

- ✓ Improved vertexing and tracking
   ✓ Improved particle identification
   ✓ Better background insensitivity
- ✓ Higher event rate

EM Calorimeter:
CsI(Tl), waveform sampling

electrons (7GeV)

Beryllium beam pipe 2cm diameter

Vertex Detector 2 layers DEPFET + 4 layers DSSD

> Central Drift Chamber He(50%):C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>6</sub>(50%), small cells, long lever arm, fast electronics

Resistive Plate Counter (barrel outer layers)
Scintillator + WLS fiber + MPPC (end-caps

& inner 2 barrel layers)

Particle Identification

KL and muon detector:

Time-of-Propagation counter (barrel)
Prox. focusing Aerogel RICH (fwd)

positrons (4GeV)

Belle II Technical Design Report arXiv:1011.0352

# Advanced & innovative technologies in Belle II developed in collaboration with industry

- ✓ Pixelated photosensors
  - MCP-PMTs in imaging time-of-propagation detector (iTOP)
  - HAPDs in aerogel ring-imaging Cherenkov detector (ARICH)
  - $\bullet$  MPPCs (aka SiPMs) in  $K_L$ -muon detector (KLM)
- ✓ DEPFET pixel sensors in vertex detector
- ✓ Front-end custom ASICS for waveform sampling with precise timing.
  - APV2.5 (adapted from CMS) in silicon-strip vertex detector (SVD)
  - 3 custom ASICs in pixel vertex detector (PXD)
  - TARGETX ASIC in KLM
  - IRSX ASIC in iTOP
  - KEK-custom ASICs in ARICH & drift chamber (CDC)
- √ High-performance data-acquisition system for 30 kHz trigger rate
  - high-throughput network switches to aggregate event data
  - large computer farm for high-level software trigger
- ✓ TPCs and diamond sensors for background monitoring/characterization

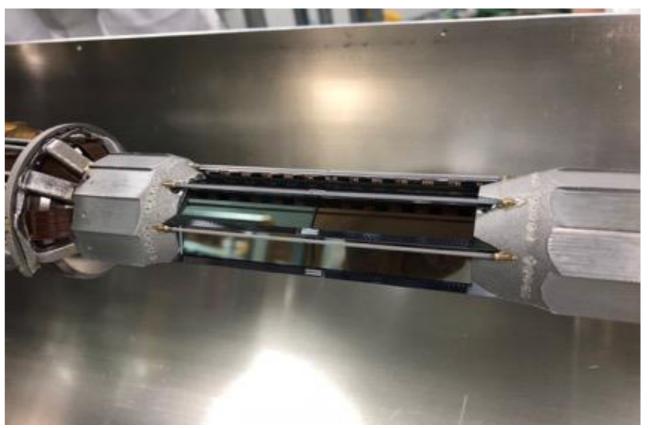
#### Vertex Detector

Component	r (mm)
Beam pipe	10
Pixels – layer 1	14
Pixels – layer 2	22
Strips – layer 3	39
Strips – layer 4	80
Strips – layer 5	104
Strips – layer 6	135

beryllium beam pipe at interaction point







assembled silicon-strip vertex detector (SVD)

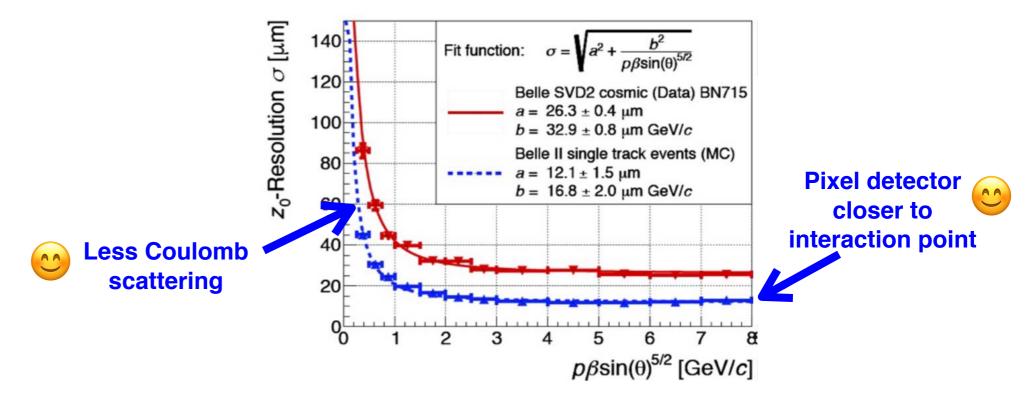
partially assembled pixel detector (PXD)

#### Vertex Detector installation: Nov 21, 2018

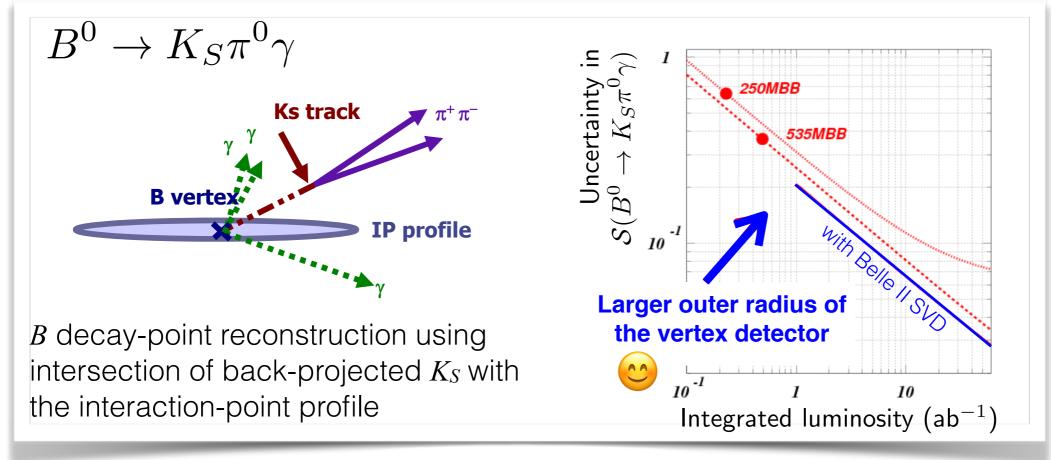


Pixel Detector (PXD): Layer 1 and partial Layer 2 Silicon-strip Vertex Detector (SVD): all 4 layers

#### Vertexing performance improves significantly vs Belle

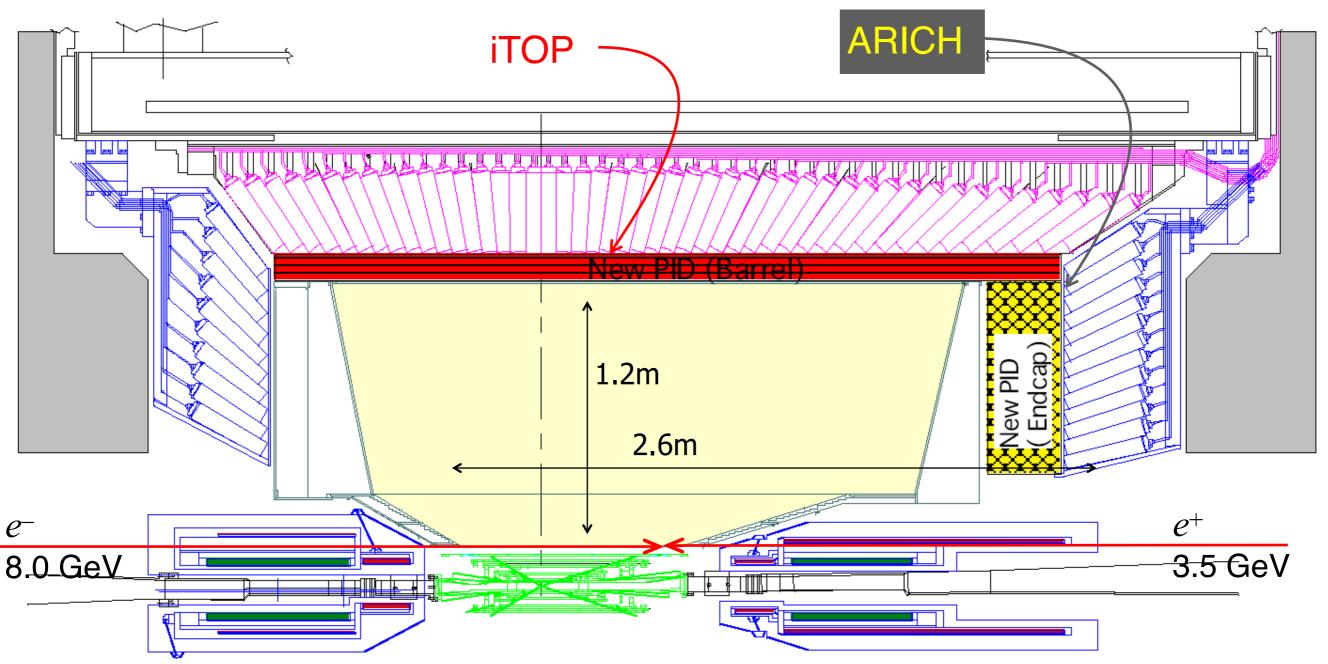


Improved vertexing is vital for a key time-dependent CP-violation measurement



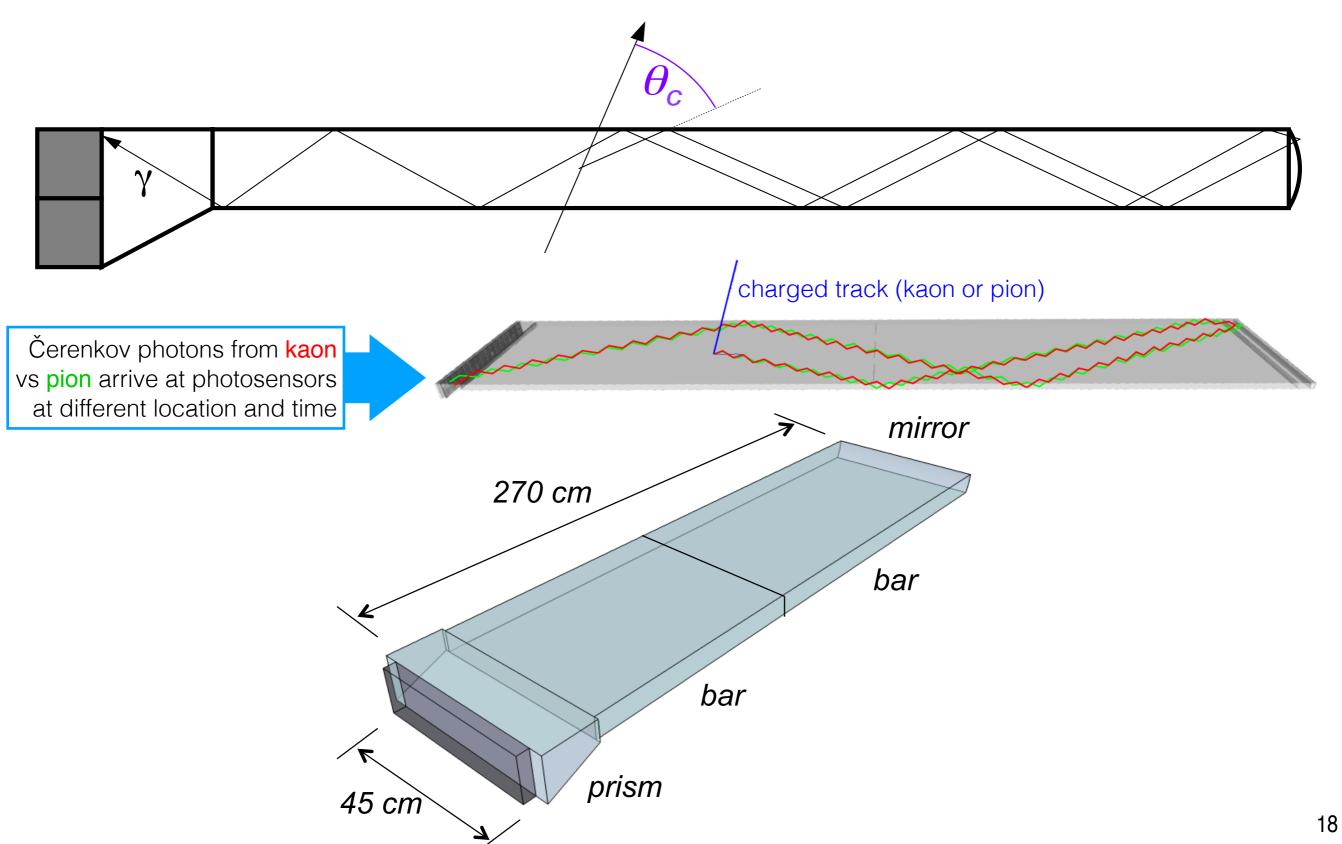
#### Particle ID detectors: iTOP and ARICH

- ✓ Distinguish  $\pi$  from K with high efficiency and low fake rate
- ✓ Fit within existing electromagnetic calorimeter
- ✓ Accommodate larger-radius drift chamber
- ✓ Operate in 1.5T solenoidal magnetic field

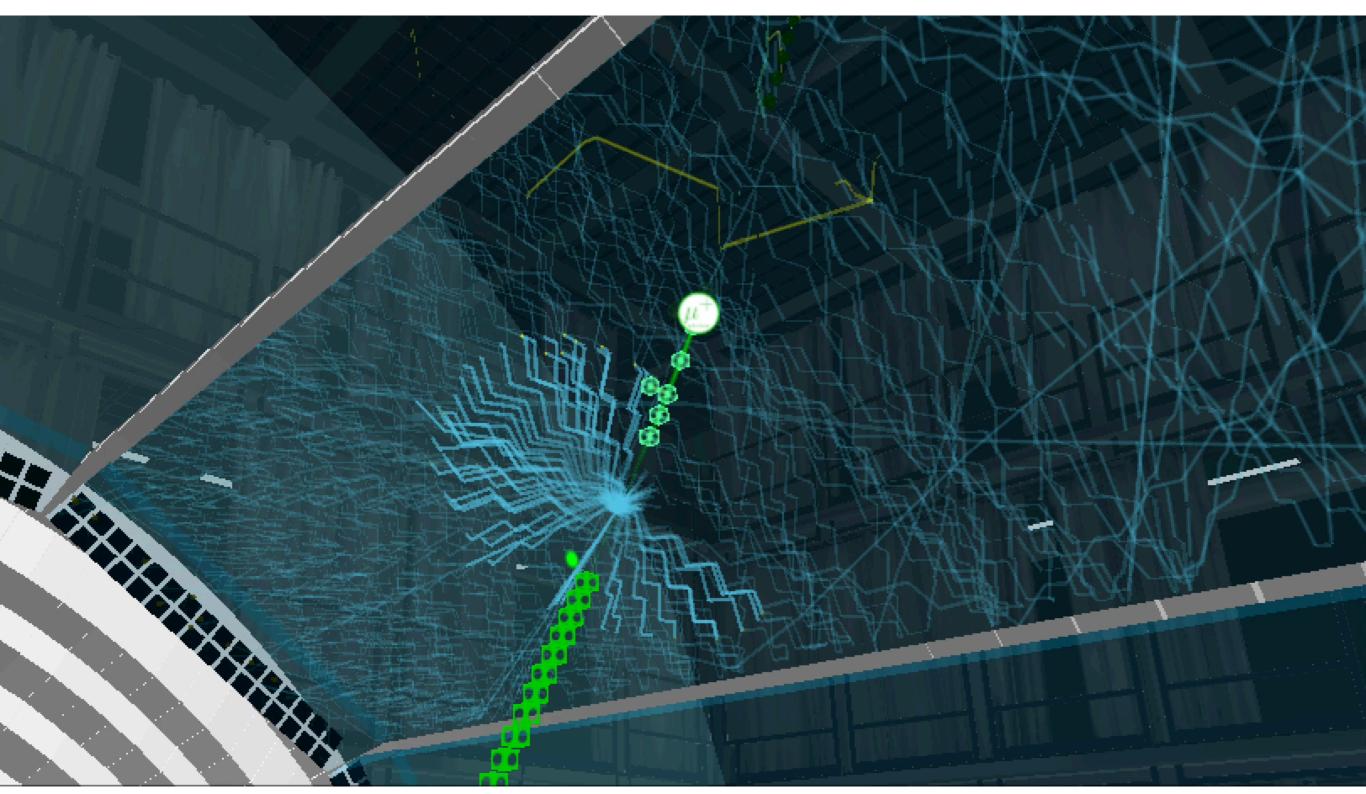


### Particle ID: measure the Čerenkov cone

Barrel PID uses imaging time-of-propagation counter (16 quartz staves)

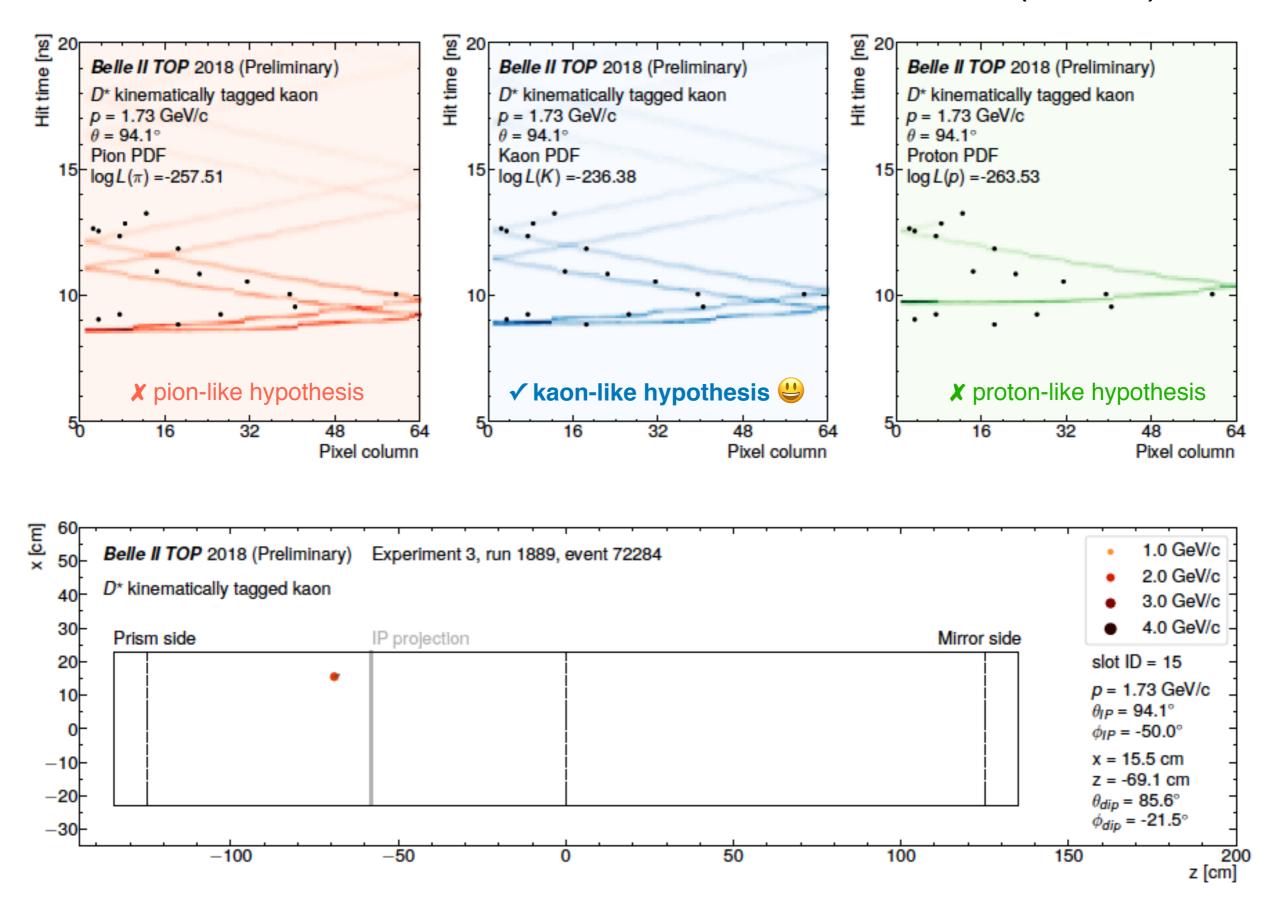


# Čerenkov light in the iTOP (barrel particle ID)



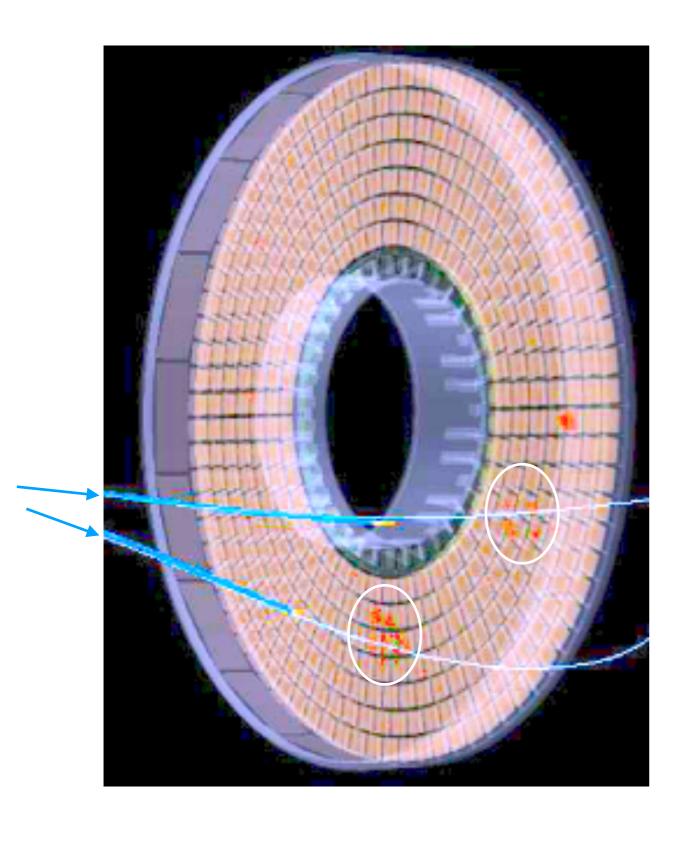
from "Belle II in Virtual Reality"

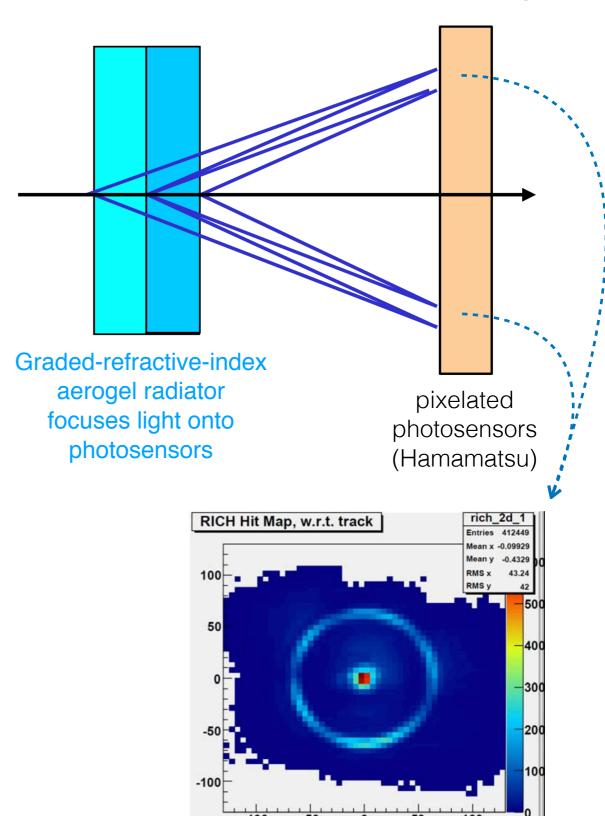
# Measure the Čerenkov cone in barrel PID (iTOP)



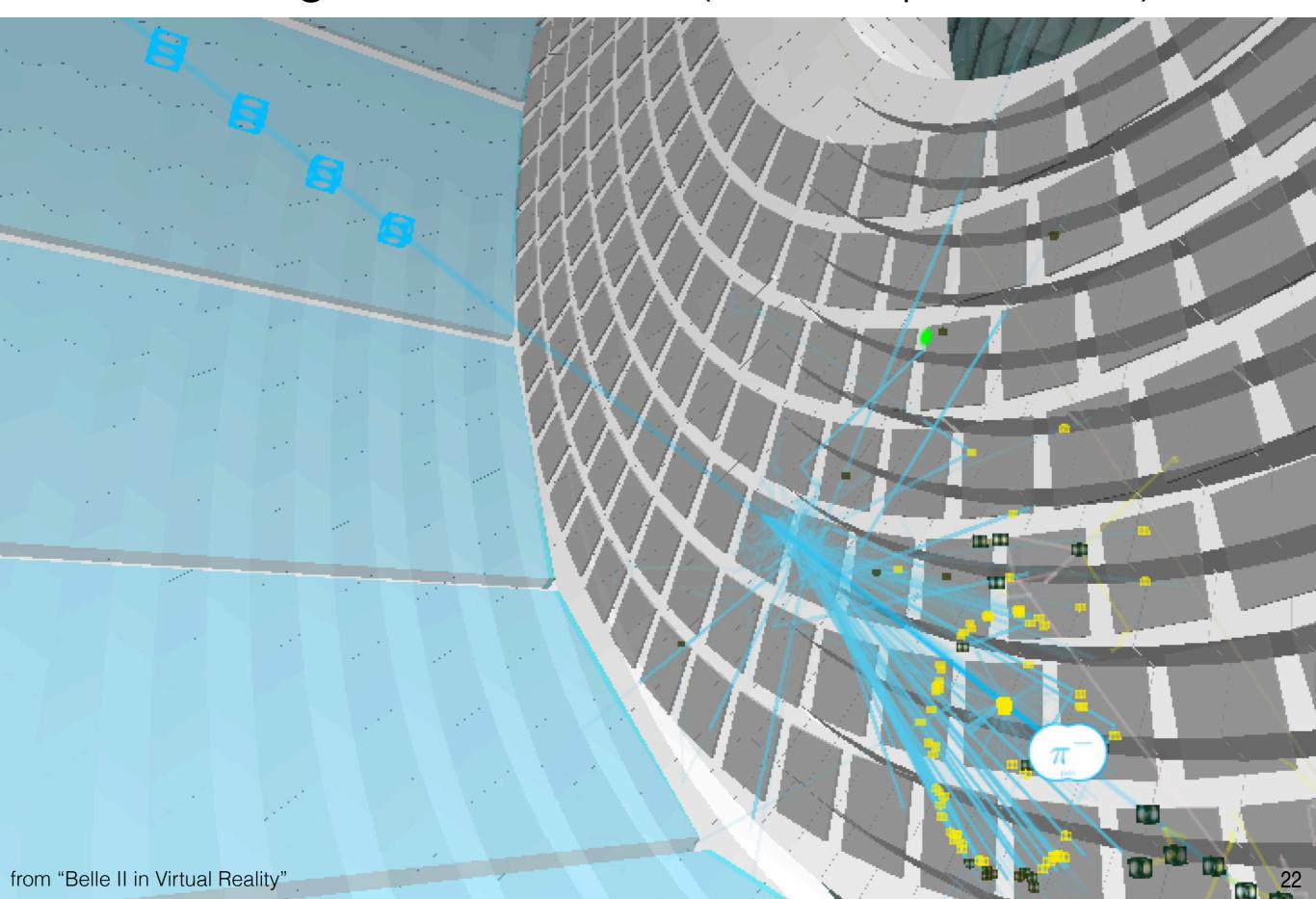
# Measure the Čerenkov cone in endcap PID (ARICH)

Forward-endcap PID uses aerogel RICH with two-layer radiator ("focusing")

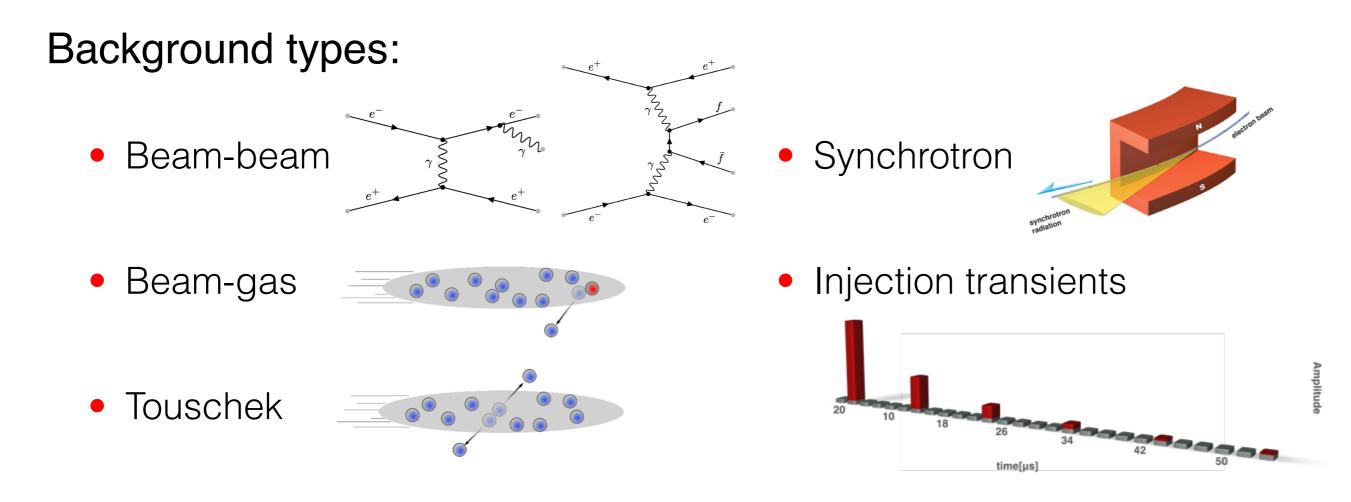




# Čerenkov light in the ARICH (forward particle ID)



# Management of accelerator-induced backgrounds is critical for detector operation and physics extraction



#### Potential negative impacts:

- Reduced beam lifetime
- Shortened lifetime of Belle II detector components
- Instantaneous damage to these components
- Increased hit occupancy in detectors
- Reconstruction and analysis challenges

## Summary

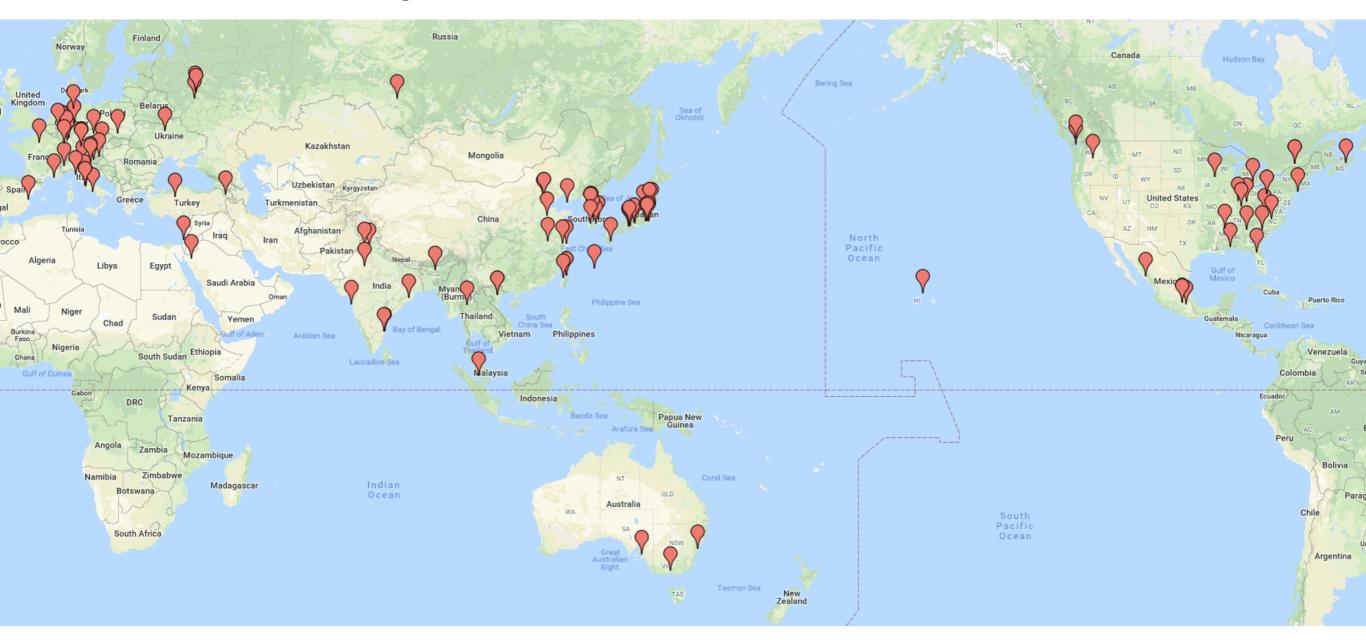
- Belle II will explore New Physics and make precision measurements of SM physics with 50x more data than Belle.
- Belle II Physics Book PTEP 2019, 123C01 (2019) provides a wealth of detail on the machine, detector, analysis tools and physics.
- Belle II design was optimized for the physics reach, subject to the constraints of the accelerator finalfocus design and the re-use of electromagnetic calorimeter and solenoid+yoke.
- Backgrounds must be characterized, modeled accurately and mitigated for successful operation.

# Backup

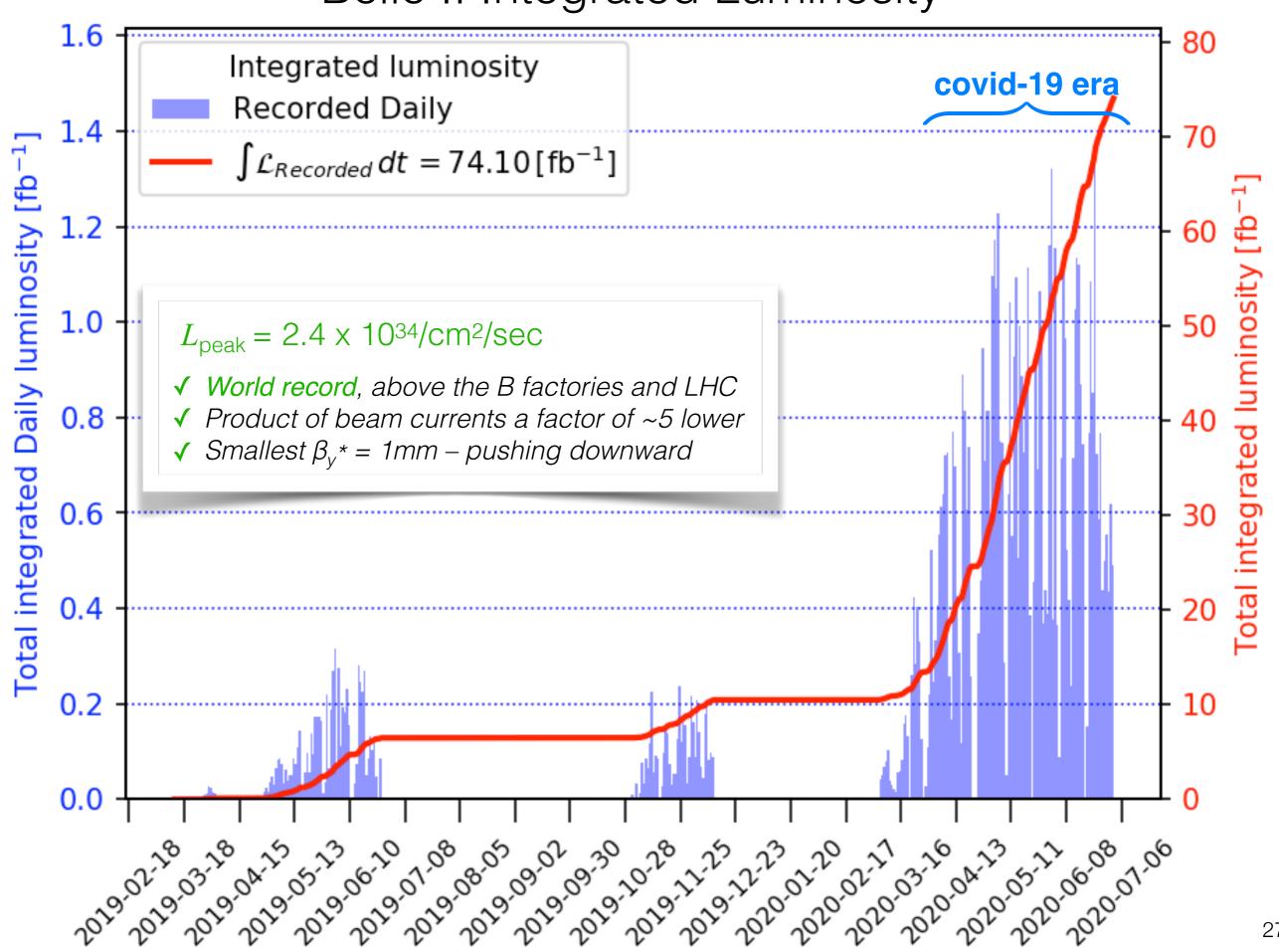


## Belle II collaboration

- 1050 active collaborators ... 15% are women and 32% are graduate students
- 120 institutions
- 26 countries/regions



#### Belle II Integrated Luminosity



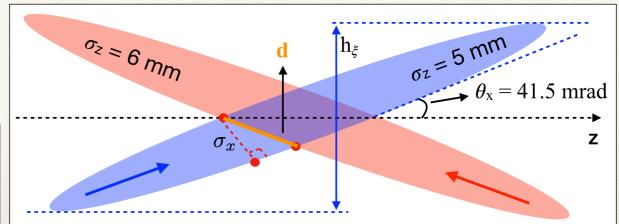
#### KEKB - SuperKEKB parameters

$$L = \frac{N_1 N_2 f n_b}{4\pi \sigma_x \sigma_y}$$

$$\phi_{Piw} = \frac{\sigma_z}{\sigma_x^*} tan\theta_x$$

Hourglass effect condition: 
$$\beta_y^* \ge d = \frac{\sigma_x^*}{\sin(2\theta_x)}$$

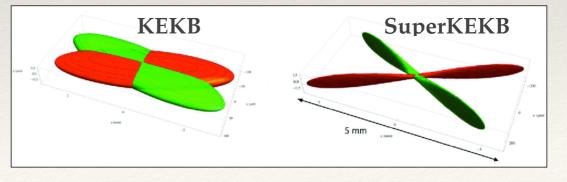
	KEKB		SuperKEKB	
	LER	HER	LER	HER
E [GeV]	3.5	8.0	4.0	7.0
$\theta_{\rm x}$ [mrad]	0 (11)		41.5	
$\epsilon_{\mathrm{x}}\left[nm\right]$	18	24	3.2	4.6
$\varepsilon_{\mathrm{y}}$ [pm]	150	150	8.64	12.9
$\beta_{x}^{*}$ [mm]	1200	1200	32	25
$\beta_{\mathrm{y}}^{*}$ [mm]	5.9	5.9	0.27	0.30
$\sigma_{\scriptscriptstyle \! \mathrm{X}}^{^*}[\mu \mathrm{m}]$	147	170	10.1	10.7
$\sigma_{ m y}^*$ [nm]	940	940	48	62
n <sub>b</sub>	1584		2500	
I [A]	1.64	1.19	3.6	2.6
L [cm <sup>-2</sup> s <sup>-1</sup> ]	$2.1 \times 10^{34}$		$8.0 \times 10^{35}$	



$$L = \frac{\gamma_{\pm}}{2er_e} \left( 1 + \frac{\sigma_y^*}{\sigma_x^*} \right) \left( \frac{I_{\pm} \xi_{y\pm}}{\beta_y^*} \right) \left( \frac{R_L}{R_{\xi_{y\pm}}} \right)$$

$$r = N_{\pm} \beta_y^* \qquad N_{\pm} \sqrt{\beta_y^*}$$

$$\xi_{y\pm} = \frac{r_e}{2\pi\gamma_{\pm}} \frac{N_{\mp}\beta_y^*}{\sigma_y^*(\sigma_x^* + \sigma_y^*)} R_{\xi_{y\pm}} \propto \frac{N_{\mp}}{\sigma_x^*} \sqrt{\frac{\beta_y^*}{\varepsilon_y}}$$



2020/02/24 - INSTR20 Conference

# Belle II physics program is broad and deep Emphasis on new-physics reach in each section

Belle II Theory Interface Platform (B2TIP) Workshop series, 2015-2018:

WG1 WG6
Semileptonic & Leptonic B decays Charm

WG2 WG7

Radiative & Electroweak Penguins Quarkonium(-like)

WG3 WG8

 $\alpha/\varphi_2$   $\beta/\varphi_1$  Tau, low multiplicity

WG4 WG9

 $\gamma/\phi_3$  New Physics

WG5

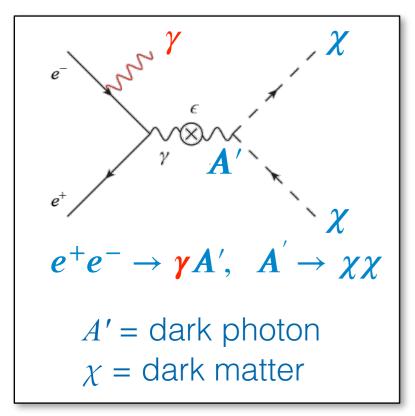
Charmless Hadronic B Decay

# The Belle II Physics Book Emi Kou and Phill Urquijo, editors

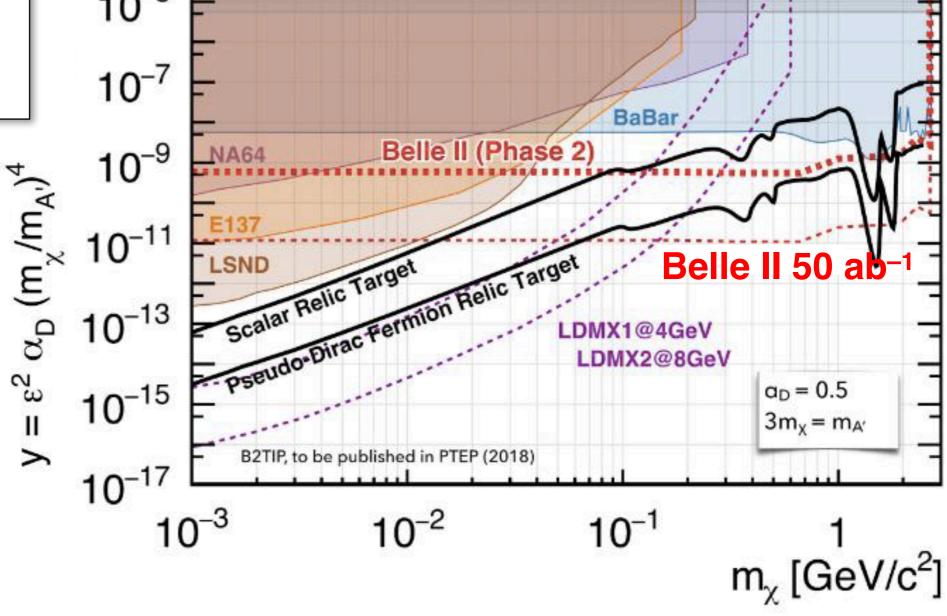
PTEP **2019**, 123C01 (2019)

arXiv: 1808.10567

## Dark-photon search requires single-photon trigger

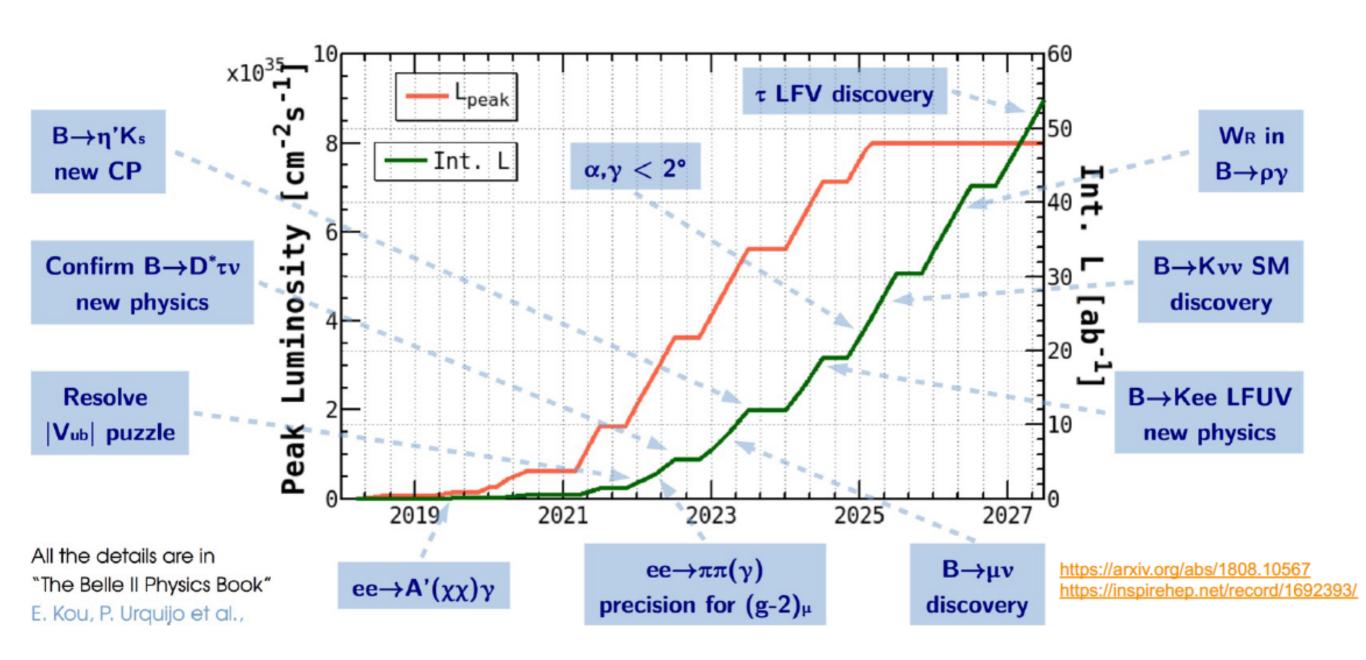


since the event contains exactly one photon ... and nothing else



### New-physics prospects for Belle II

based on the Belle II Physics Book



#### Belle II conference papers at ICHEP 2020:

- ✓ Measurement of the branching ratios of  $B^0 \rightarrow D^{(*)-} \ell^+ \nu$  (untagged) 34.6 fb<sup>-1</sup> BELLE2-CONF-PH-2020-008, arXiv:2008.07198
- √ Calibration of the Belle II hadronic Full Event Interpretation (FEI) 34.6 fb<sup>-1</sup>
  BELLE2-CONF-PH-2020-005, arXiv:2008.06096
- ✓ Measurement of the hadronic mass moments of  $B \to X_c \ell^+ \nu$  decays 34.6 fb<sup>-1</sup> BELLE2-CONF-PH-2020-011, arXiv:2009.04493
- ✓ Measurement of the branching ratios of  $B^0 \to D^{*-} \ell^+ \nu$  (using hadronic FEI) 34.6 fb<sup>-1</sup> BELLE2-CONF-PH-2020-009, arXiv:2008.10299
- ✓ Rediscovery of  $B^0 \to \pi^- \ell^+ \nu$  (using the hadronic FEI) 34.6 fb<sup>-1</sup> BELLE2-CONF-PH-2020-007, arXiv:2008.08819
- ✓ Calibration of the Belle II B Flavor Tagger 8.7 fb<sup>-1</sup> BELLE2-CONF-PH-2020-004, arXiv:2008.02707
- ✓ Rediscovery of  $B \to \phi K^{(*)}$  decays, and measurement of the longitudinal polarization fraction of  $B \to \phi K^*$  34.6 fb<sup>-1</sup>
  - BELLE2-CONF-PH-2020-006, arXiv:2008.03873
- ✓ Branching ratios and direct CP asymmetries of B → charmless decays 34.6 fb<sup>-1</sup>
  BELLE2-CONF-PH-2020-012, arXiv:2009.09452
- ✓ Measurement of the τ lepton mass 8.8 fb<sup>-1</sup> BELLE2-CONF-PH-2020-010, arXiv:2008.04665

docs.belle2.org → Conference Submissions

#### More Belle II results at ICHEP 2020:

- ✓ Inclusive  $B^0 \to X_\mu e \nu$  from the lepton momentum endpoint 34.6 fb<sup>-1</sup> BELLE2-NOTE-PL-2020-026 ✓ Preparatory studies for  $B^+ \rightarrow \tau^+ \nu$  34.6 fb<sup>-1</sup> BELLE2-NOTE-PL-2020-023  $\checkmark$  e<sup>+</sup>e<sup>-</sup> → J/ψ γ ISR 37.8 fb<sup>-1</sup> BELLE2-NOTE-PL-2020-017  $\checkmark D^0 \to K_S \pi^+ \pi^- 9.6 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ **BELLE2-NOTE-PL-2020-010** √ "Wrong sign" D<sup>0</sup> decays 37.8 fb<sup>-1</sup> BELLE2-NOTE-PL-2020-021  $\checkmark$  D<sup>0</sup> → K<sub>S</sub> K<sub>S</sub> 37.8 fb<sup>-1</sup> BELLE2-NOTE-PL-2020-020  $\checkmark$  D<sup>0</sup> → K<sub>S</sub>  $\pi^0$  34.6 fb<sup>-1</sup> BELLE2-NOTE-PL-2020-022 ✓ Measurement of the D<sup>0</sup> lifetime 9.6 fb<sup>-1</sup> BELLE2-NOTE-PL-2020-008  $\checkmark$   $D_{S}^{+}$  →  $\phi$   $\pi^{+}$ ,  $K^{*+}$   $K^{-}$ ,  $K_{S}$   $K^{+}$  8.8 fb<sup>-1</sup> BELLE2-NOTE-PL-2020-016 ✓ Rediscovery of the  $\Lambda_c$  8.8 fb<sup>-1</sup> BELLE2-NOTE-PL-2020-008
- ✓ Time-dependent analysis of  $B^0 \rightarrow J/\psi K_S$  34.6 fb<sup>-1</sup> BELLE2-NOTE-PL-2020-011
- ✓ Trigger performance for the single-photon analysis  $(e^+e^- \rightarrow A' \gamma)$  34.6 fb<sup>-1</sup> BELLE2-NOTE-PL-2020-009

docs.belle2.org → Belle II Notes (Public)