

# LHCb and Belle II Overview

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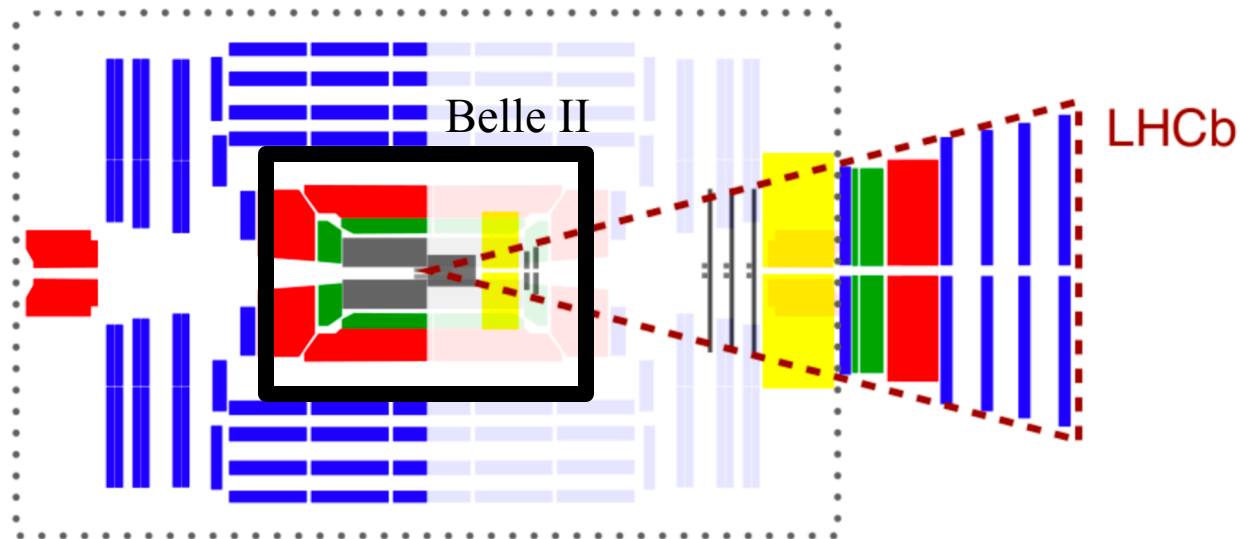
On behalf of the Belle II and LHCb collaborations

Fifth workshop of the LHC LLP Community, CERN, May 2019

# Outline

- Comparison of the two experiments
- LLP results from LHCb
- LLP results from BABAR & Belle
- Belle II operation status
- Some additional Belle II LLP prospects
- Points for discussion / thoughts

CMS (a bit too small)

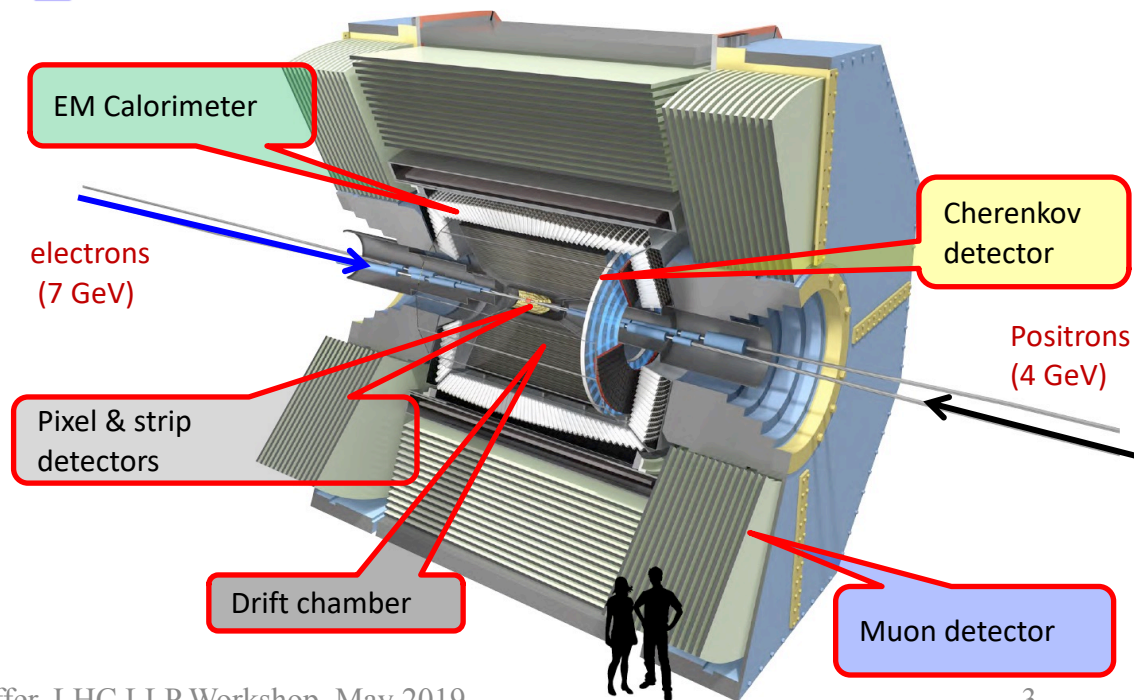


# Detectors

- pixel
- silicon strip
- ECAL
- Cherenkov
- drift tube
- HCAL
- muon

## Belle II

Tracking @  $r < 120$  cm  
Muons @  $r < 300$  cm



# Competition and Complementarity

(Caveat: generic statements, impact is analysis dependent)

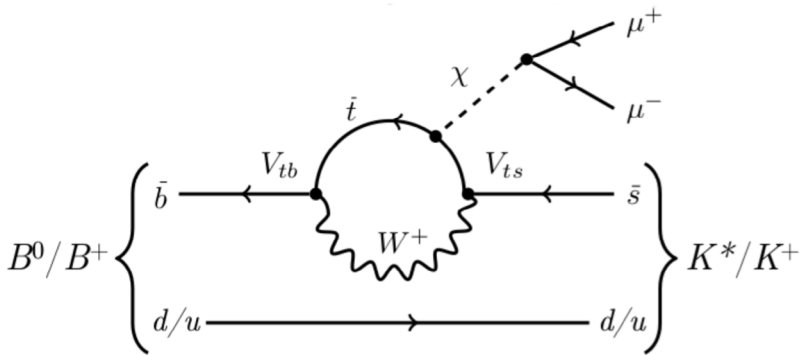
Property	LHCb	Belle II
$\sigma_{b\bar{b}}$ (nb)	~150,000	~1
$\int L dt$ (fb <sup>-1</sup> ) by ~2027	~25	~50,000
Background level	High	Low
Typical efficiency	Low	High
Initial state	Not well known	Well known
Decay-time resolution	Excellent	Very good
Collision spot size	Large ( $10 \times 10 \times 10^5 \mu\text{m}^3$ )	Tiny ( $6 \times 0.06 \times 10^2 \mu\text{m}^3$ )
LLP-sensitive Size	Large	Small
Typical boost of LLP	Large	Small
Mass reach	High	Low
$\tau$ physics capability	Limited	Excellent



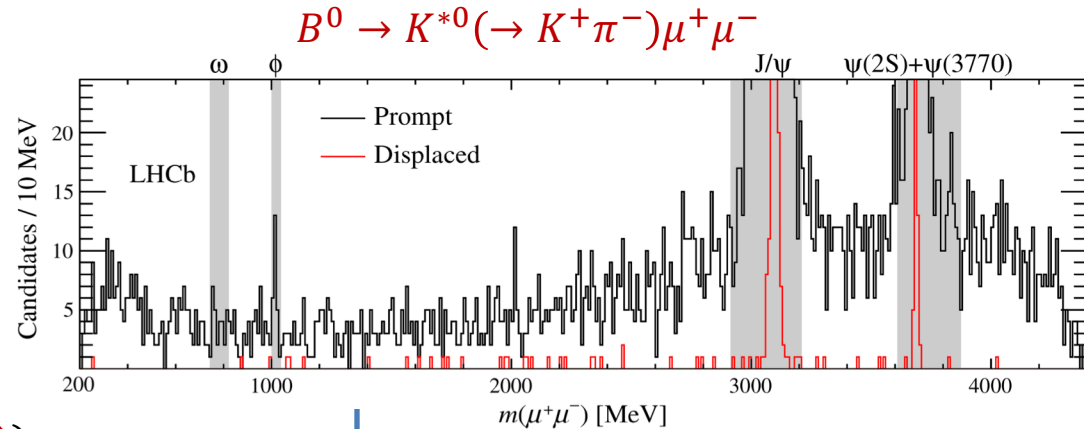
# LLP searches at LHCb

# LHCb searches in $B \rightarrow K^{(*)} \chi (\rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-)$

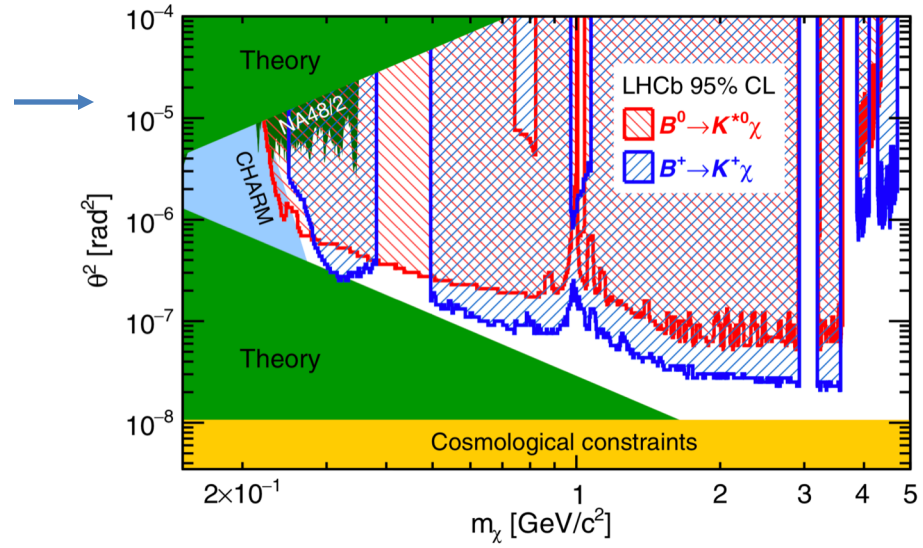
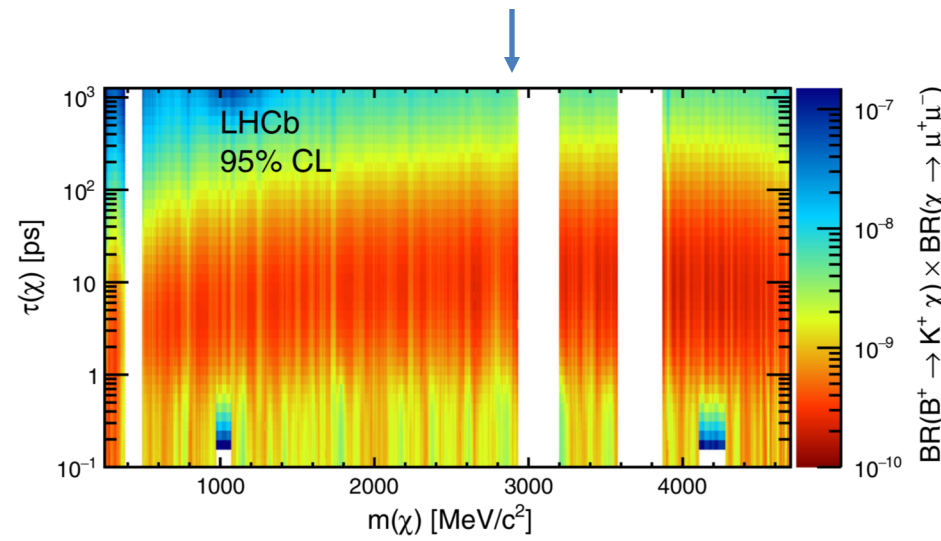
PRL 115 (2015) 161802, PRD 95 (2017) 071101 (R)



- Search for peak in  $m(\mu^+ \mu^-)$
- Limits on  $Br(B^+ \rightarrow K^+ \chi (\rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-))$



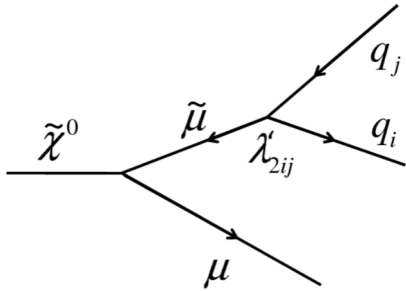
Limits on inflaton  $\chi$ , JHEP 05 (2010) 10



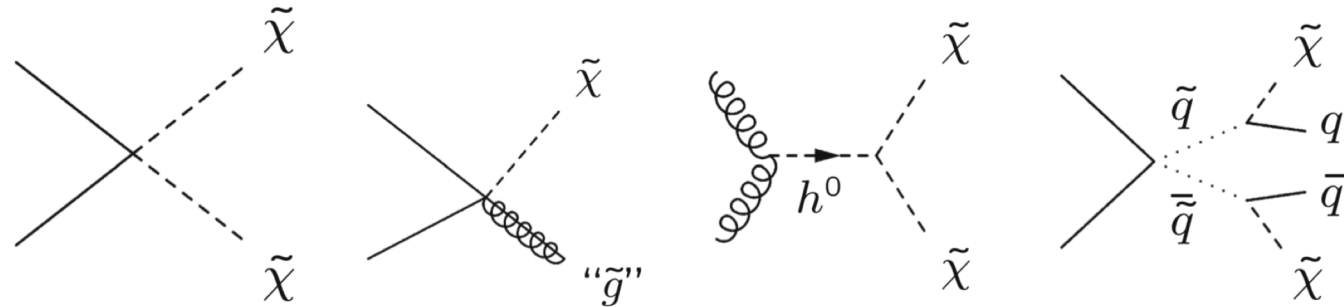
# LHCb search in $\mu + \text{jets}$

EPJC (2017) 77:224  
7 & 8 TeV,  $3 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

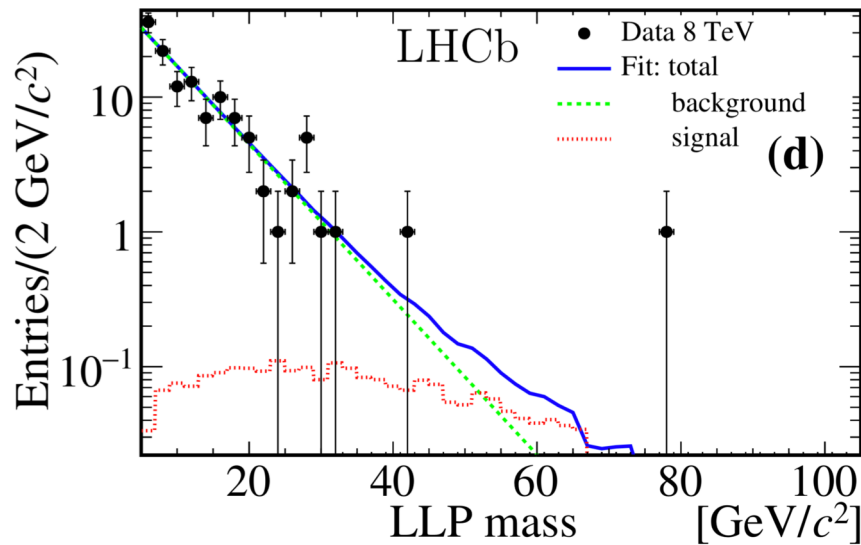
RPV:



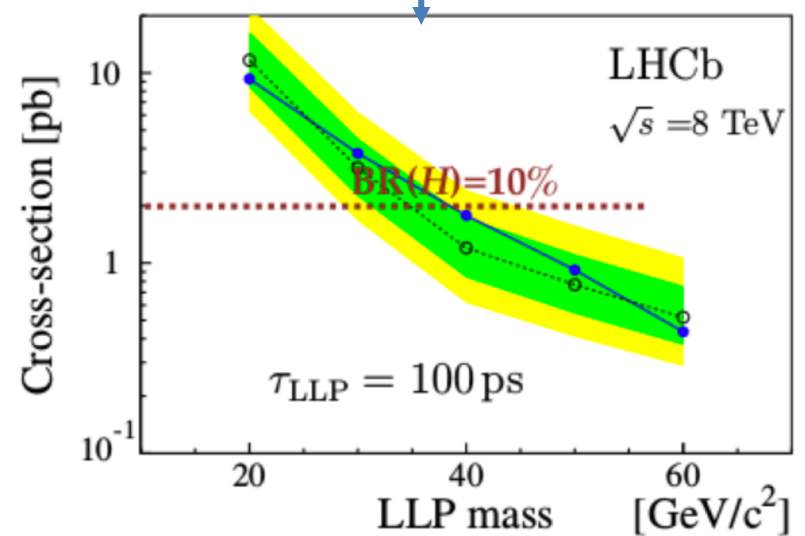
various neutralino production modes:



Example data:



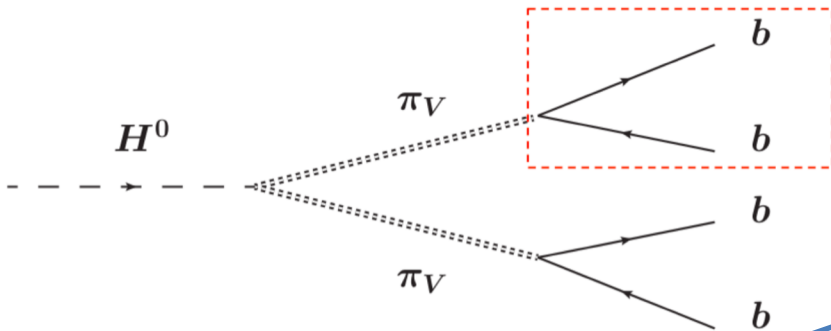
Example limits



Has this be compared with, e.g., ATLAS (PRD 92 (2015) 072004)?

# LHCb search for displaced dijet

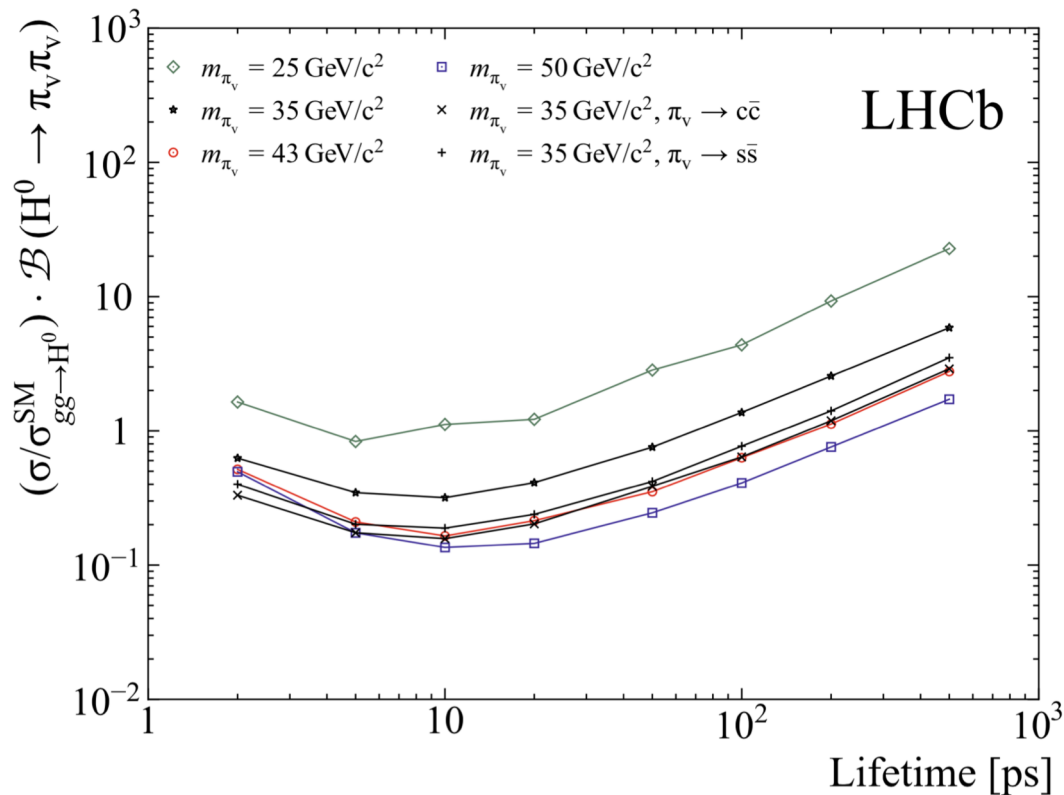
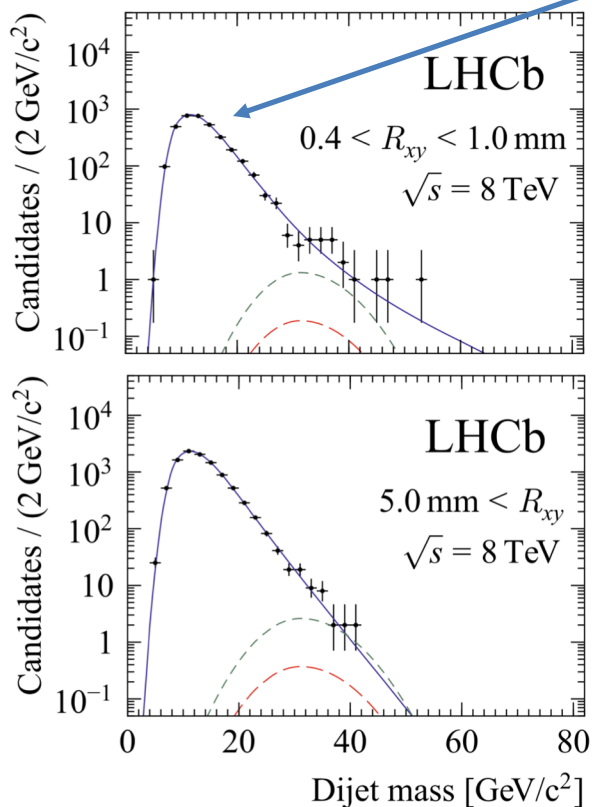
EPJC (2017) 77:812, 7 & 8 TeV, 2 fb<sup>-1</sup>



Typically, 1 hidden-valley  $\pi_V$  in LHCb acceptance.

Bgd. mostly heavy flavor, material interactions.

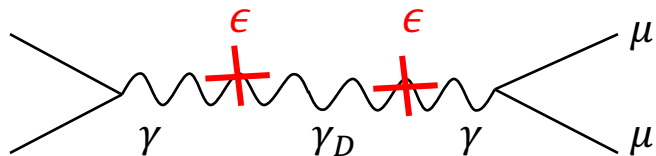
Example data:



# LHCb search for displaced dark photon

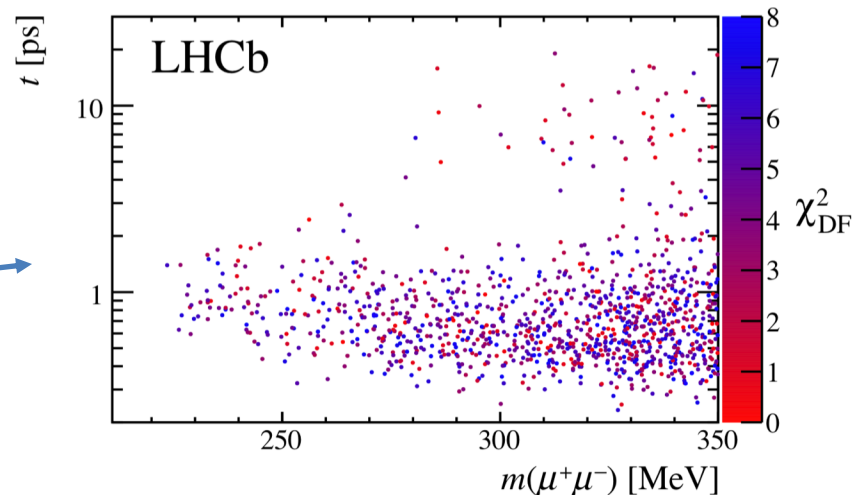
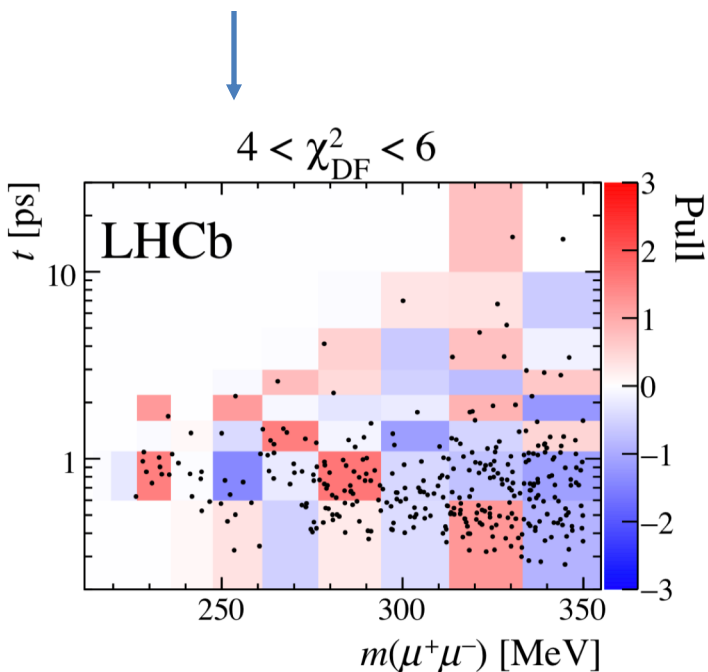
LLP  $\gamma_D$  with vector portal only is difficult for colliders:

PRL 120, 061801 (2018)

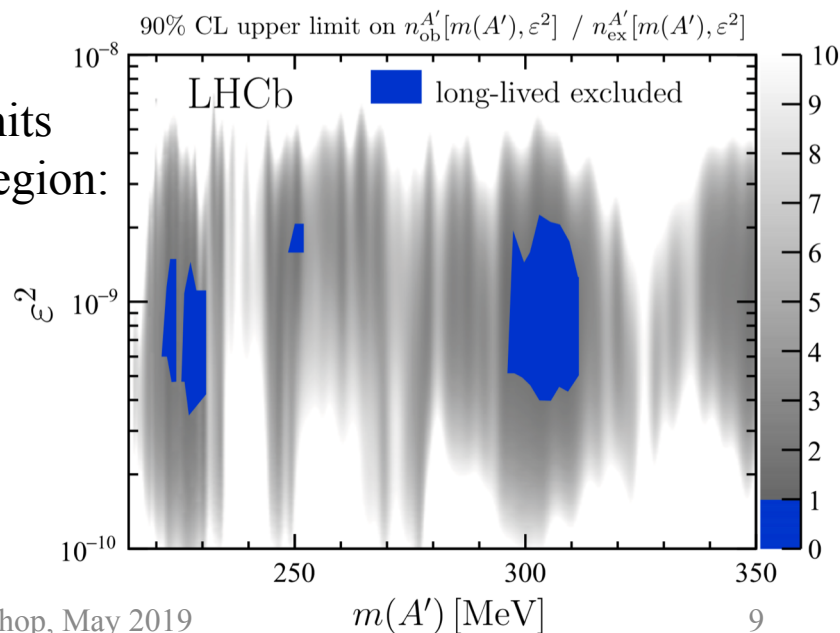


Fit the data in  $m(\mu^+\mu^-)$ , decay time, fit  $\chi^2$  (3 DoF).

Example fit in one  $\chi^2$  bin:



First limits in this region:

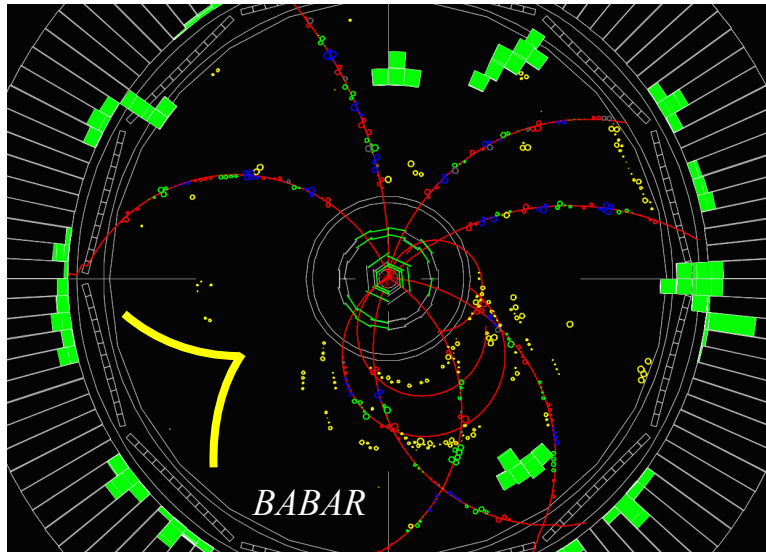


# $e^+e^-$ B-factory results before Belle II: BABAR & Belle

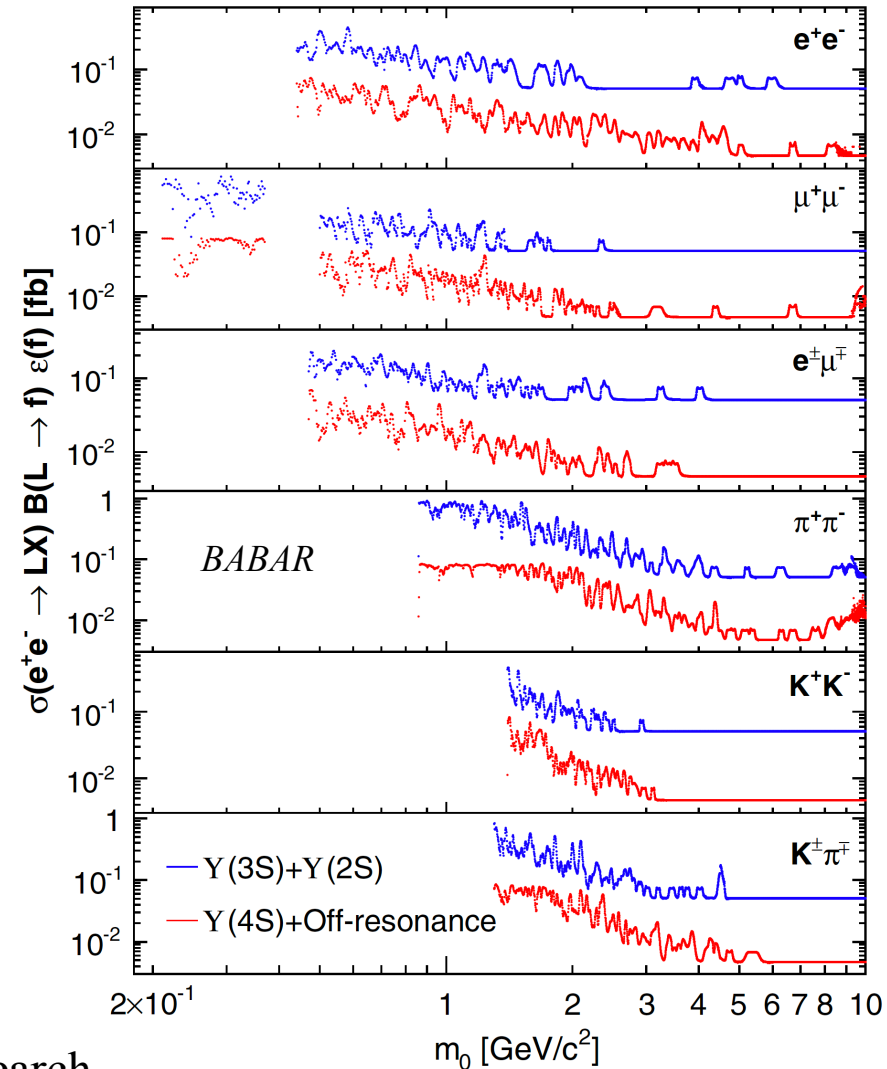
# BABAR LLP search

PRL 114, 171801 (2015)  
490 fb<sup>-1</sup>

- Production-model independent analysis
- Just assume LLP → 2 tracks

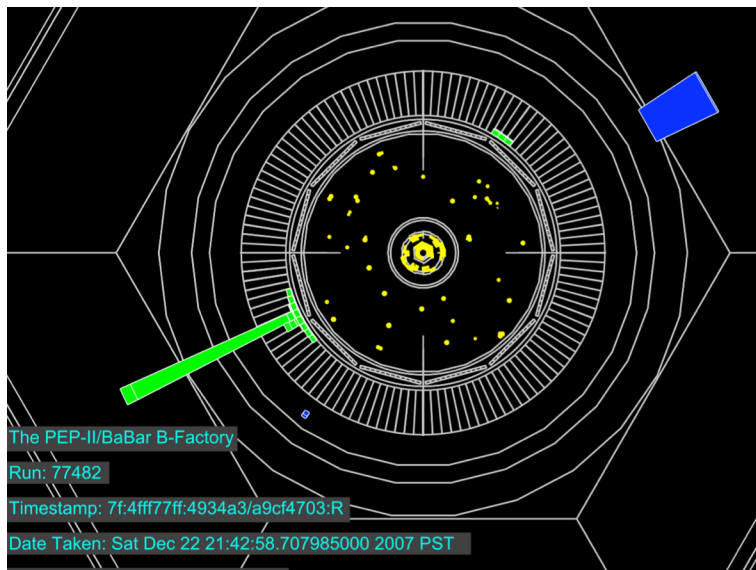
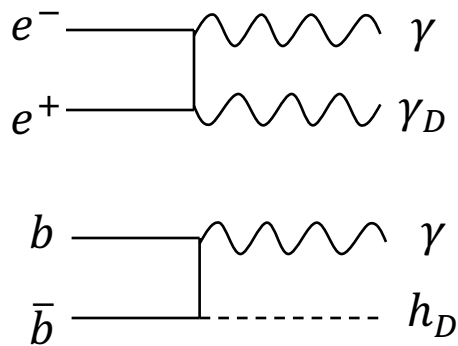


- Minimal material veto
- Search for mass peak
- **Model-independent limits**  
to be used with efficiency tables vs.  $p_T, c\tau, m$ .
- For given model, less sensitive than dedicated search



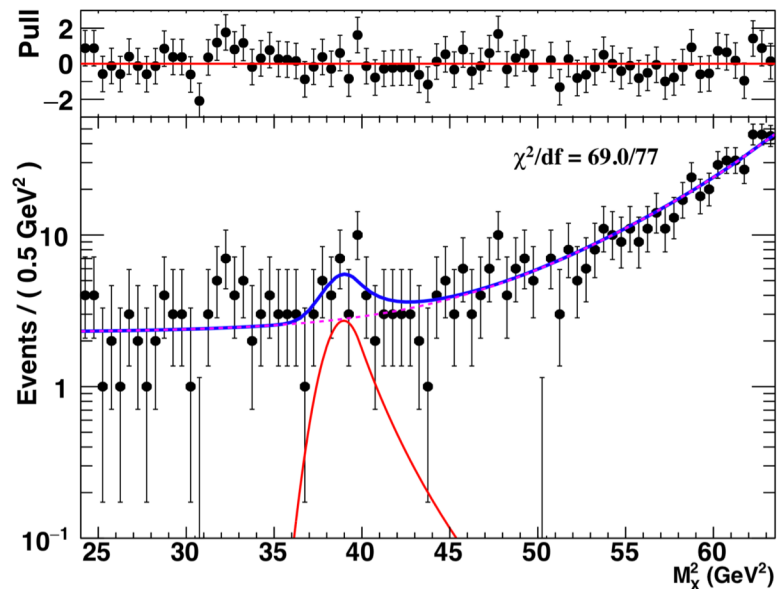
# BABAR dark-photon/Higgs search

PRL 119 (2017) 131804

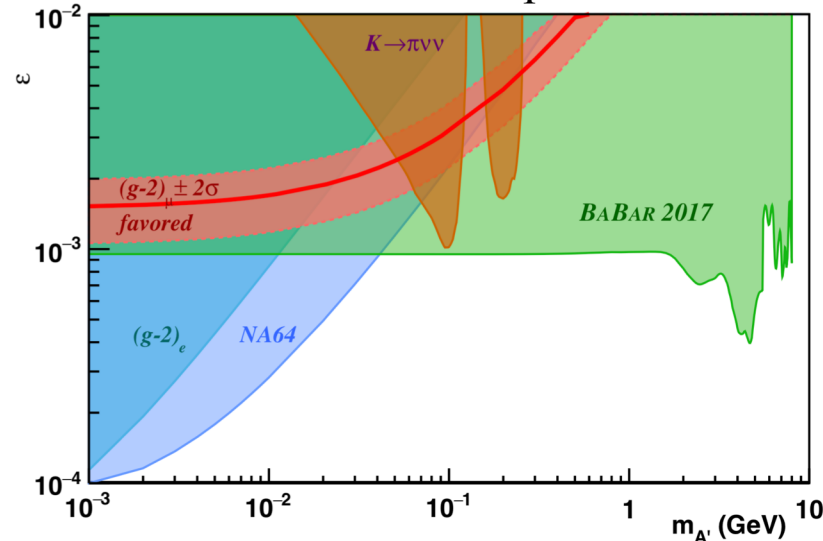


- Require only 1  $\gamma$
- Calculate recoil mass
- 1- $\gamma$  trigger available only for  $53 \text{ fb}^{-1}$
- Background from  $e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$  with a  $\gamma \rightarrow \text{ECAL crack}$ , if not seen in muon system

Example fit to recoil mass



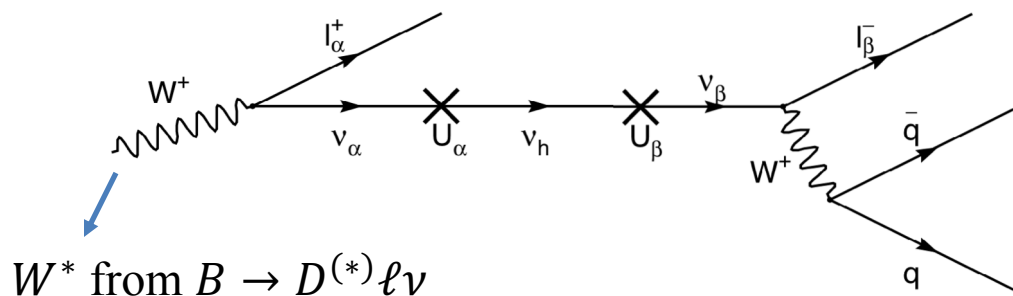
Dark-photon limits



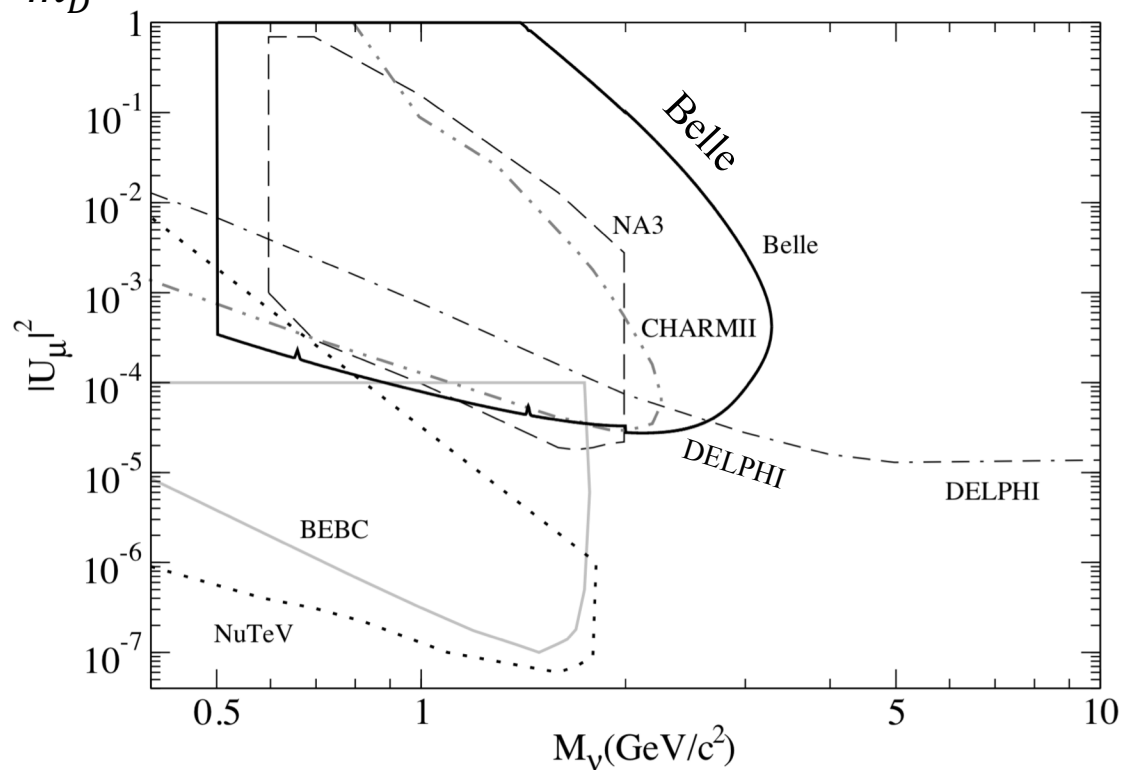
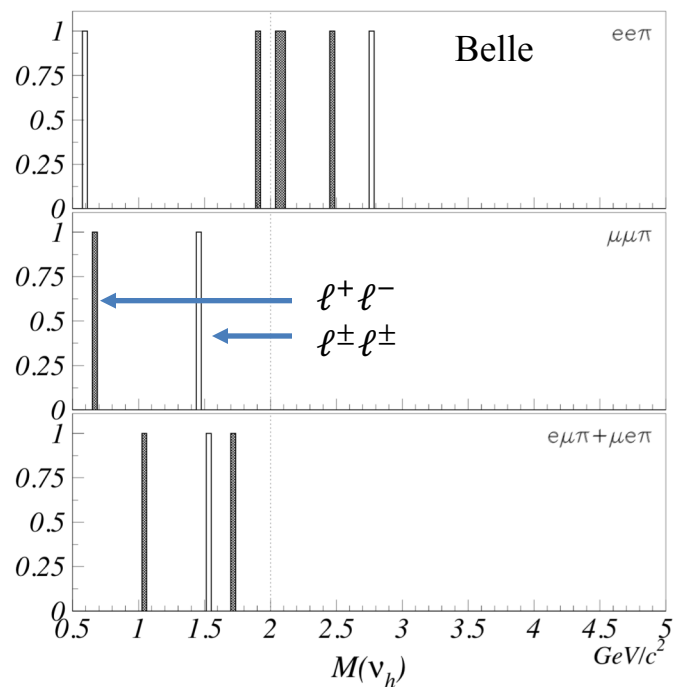


# Belle search for heavy neutral lepton (HNL)

PRD 87, 071102 (2013)  
 $772 \times 10^6$   $B\bar{B}$  events



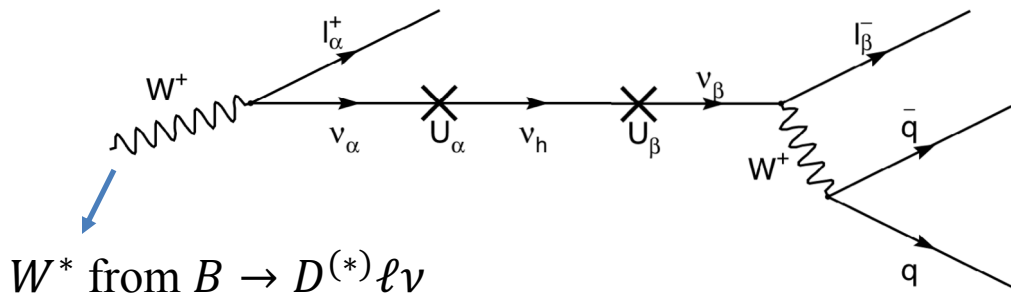
Require prompt lepton and  $\ell\pi$  disp. vtx.  
 For  $m_{\nu_h} < 2$  GeV, require recoil mass  $\sim m_D$



# Belle search for heavy neutral lepton (HNL)

PRD 87, 071102 (2013)

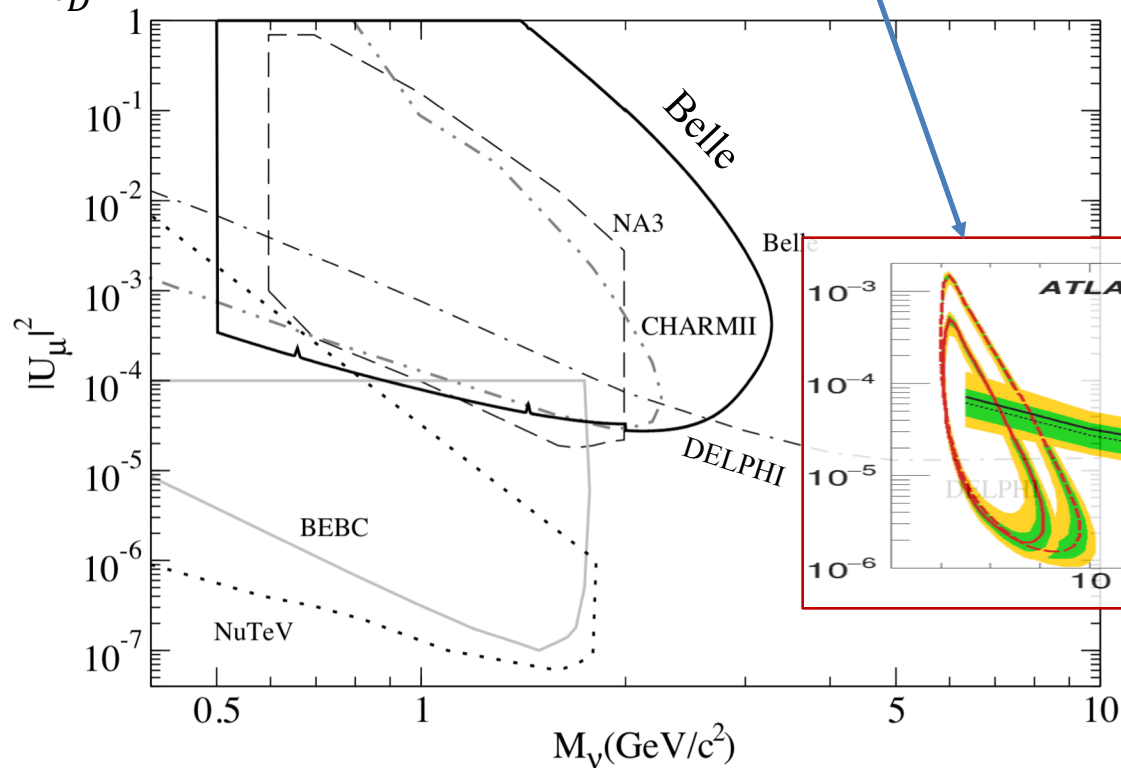
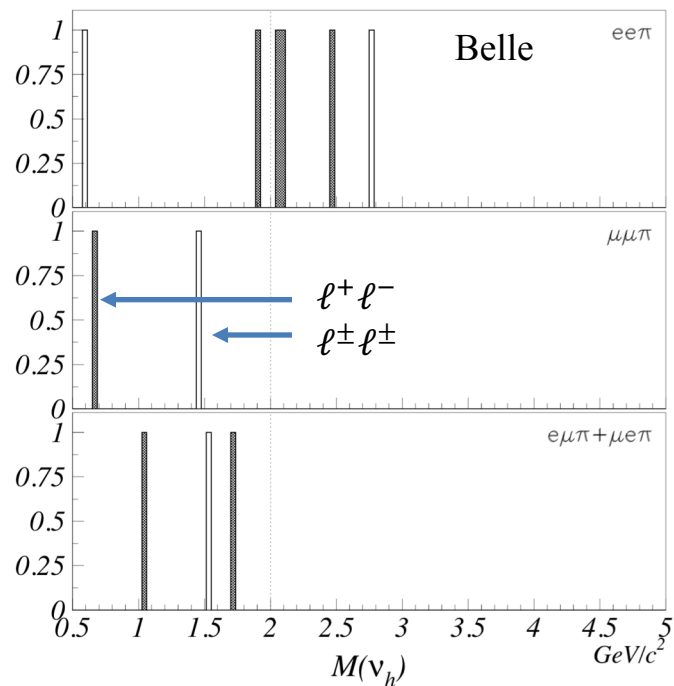
$772 \times 10^6$   $B\bar{B}$  events



Require prompt lepton and  $\ell\pi$  disp. vtx.

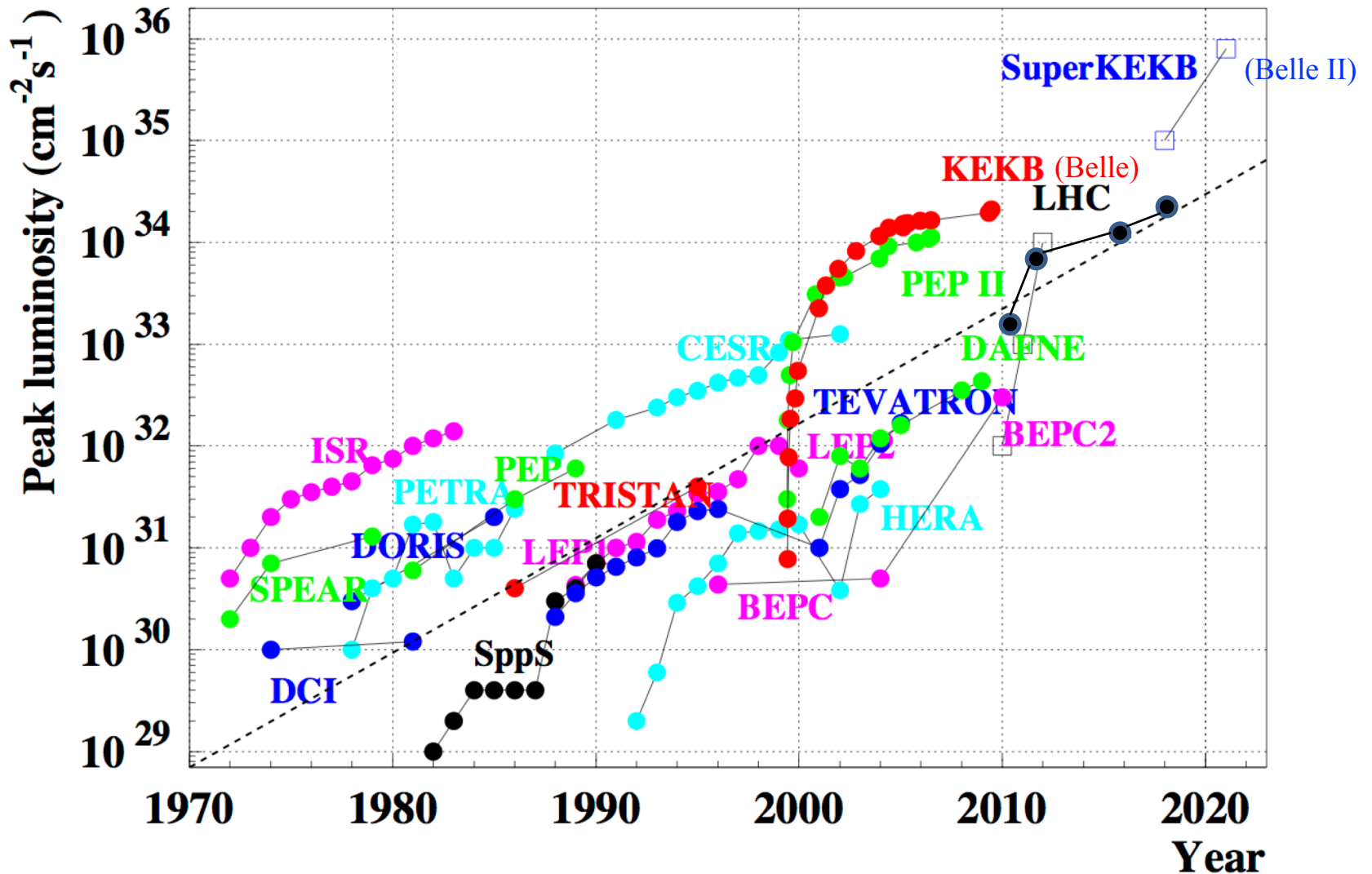
For  $m_{\nu_h} < 2$  GeV, require recoil mass  $\sim m_D$

ATLAS [1905.09787](#) from last Friday,  
 $\nu_\mu$ -mixing HNL from on-shell  $W$  decays



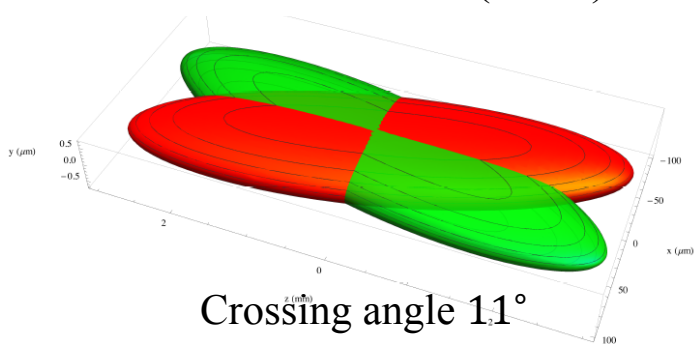
# Belle II status

# Moore's law of collider luminosity

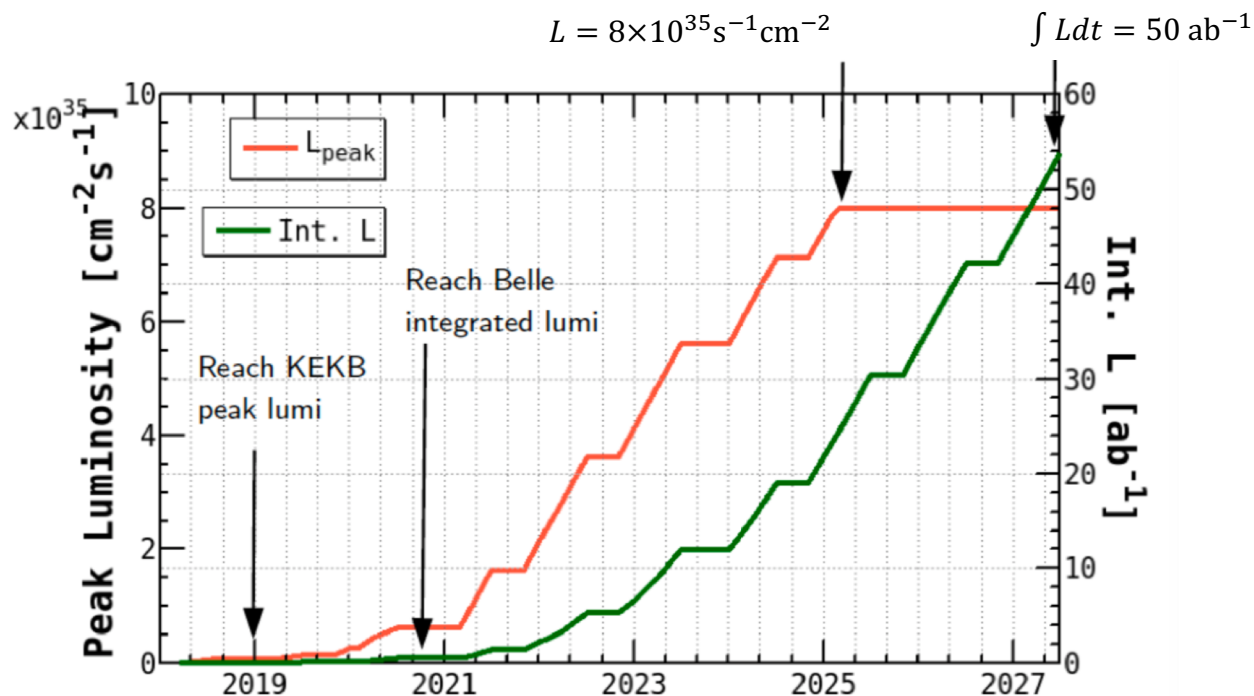
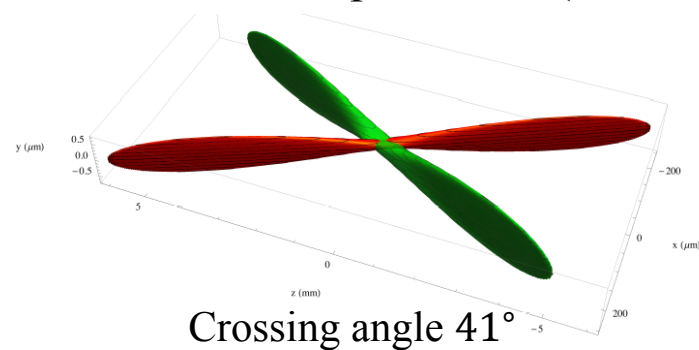


# 40-fold increase in luminosity wrt. Belle

Beams at KEKB (Belle)

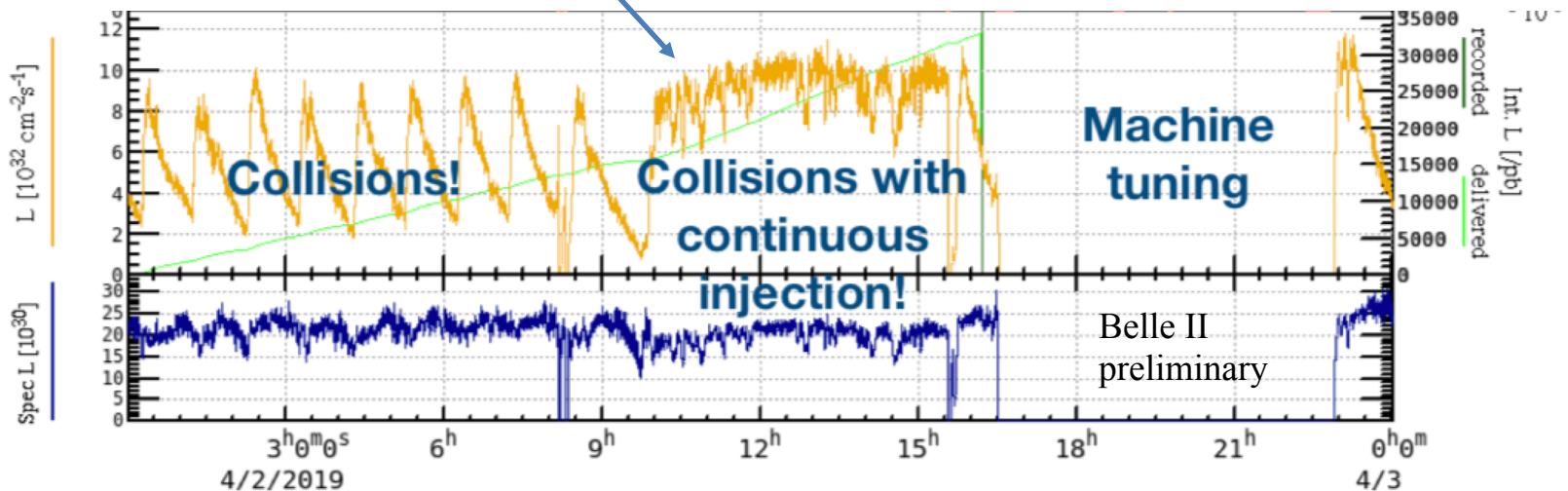
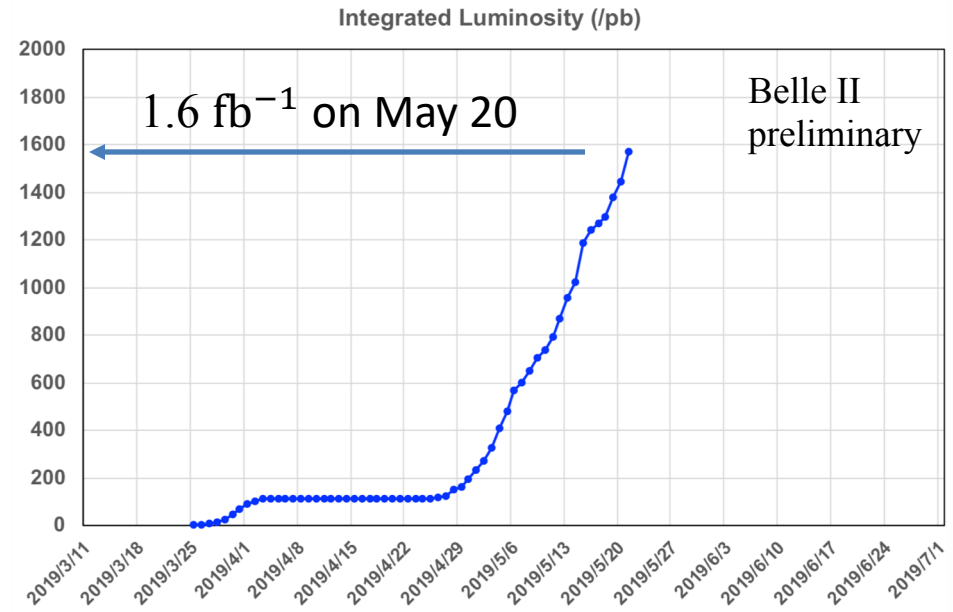


Nanobeams at SuperKEKB (Belle II)



# 2019 machine performance

- Integrated luminosity sufficient for commissioning studies
- Peak luminosity  $\sim 1/6$  that of Belle
- At design luminosity, beam lifetime is O(minutes)
- Necessitates “continuous injection”, started last month:  
(also used @ BABAR & Belle)



# 2018 detector performance

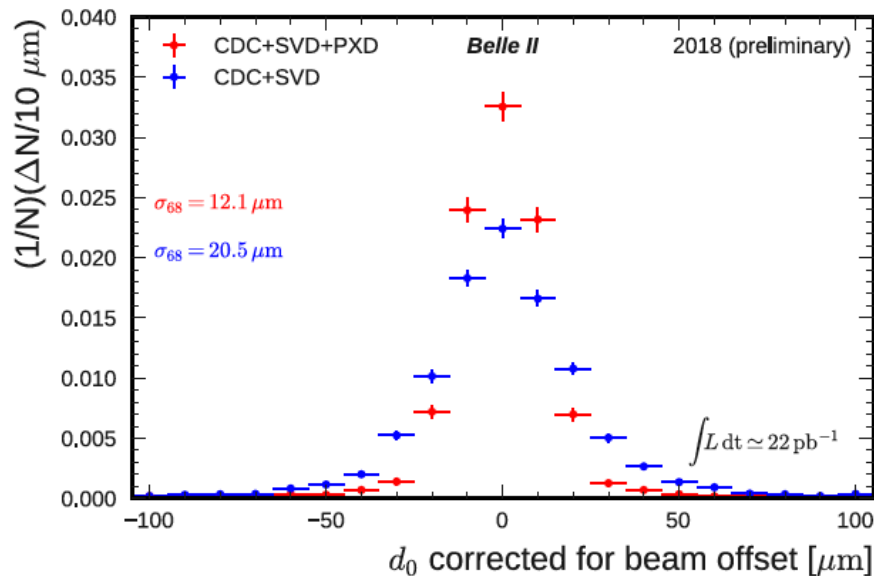
0.5 fb<sup>-1</sup> collision data  
with 1 vertex-detector sector

$$\sigma(d_0) = a + \left(\frac{b}{\tilde{p}}\right)^2$$

$$\tilde{p} = p\beta \sin^{3/2} \theta \quad (> 2.0 \text{ GeV})$$

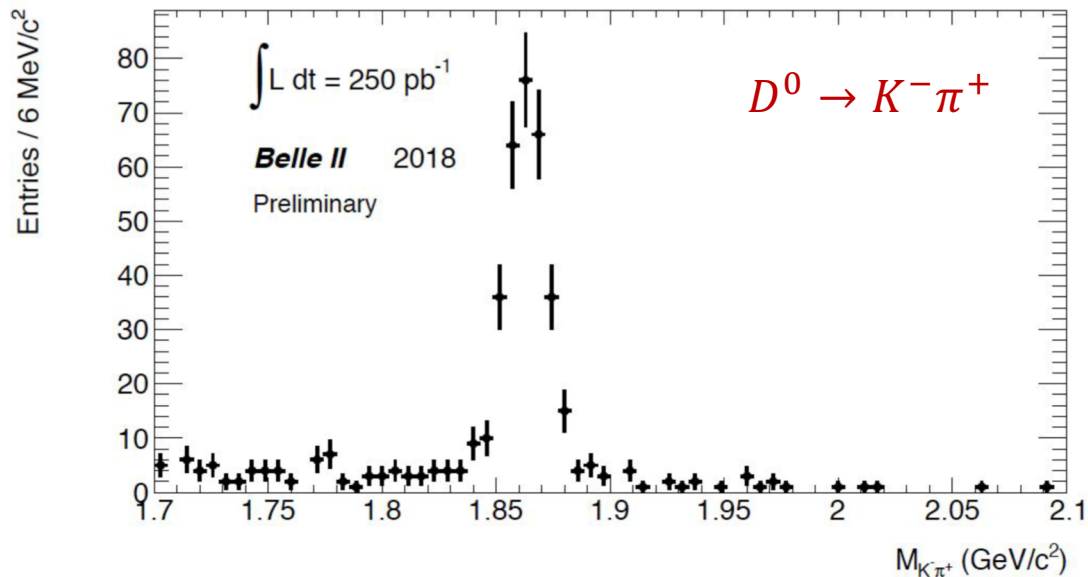
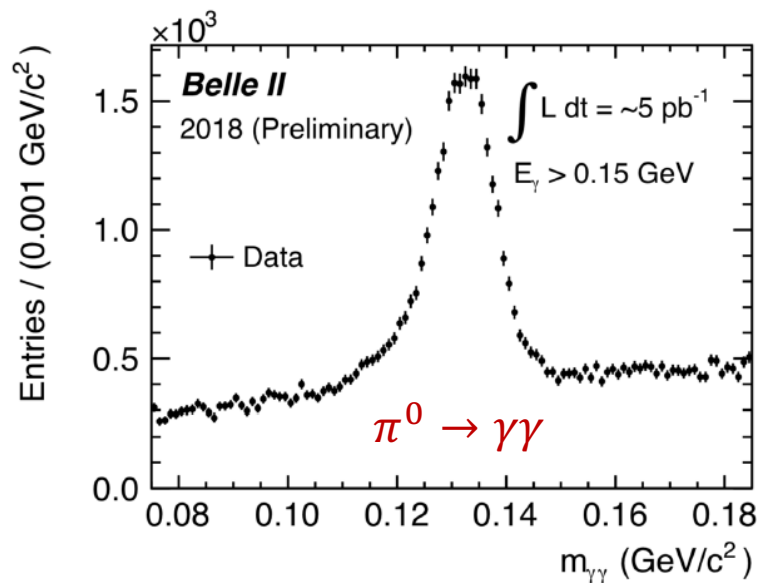
$$a = 7.3 \pm 0.3 \text{ } \mu\text{m}$$

$$b = 28.4 \pm 0.9 \text{ } \mu\text{m GeV}$$

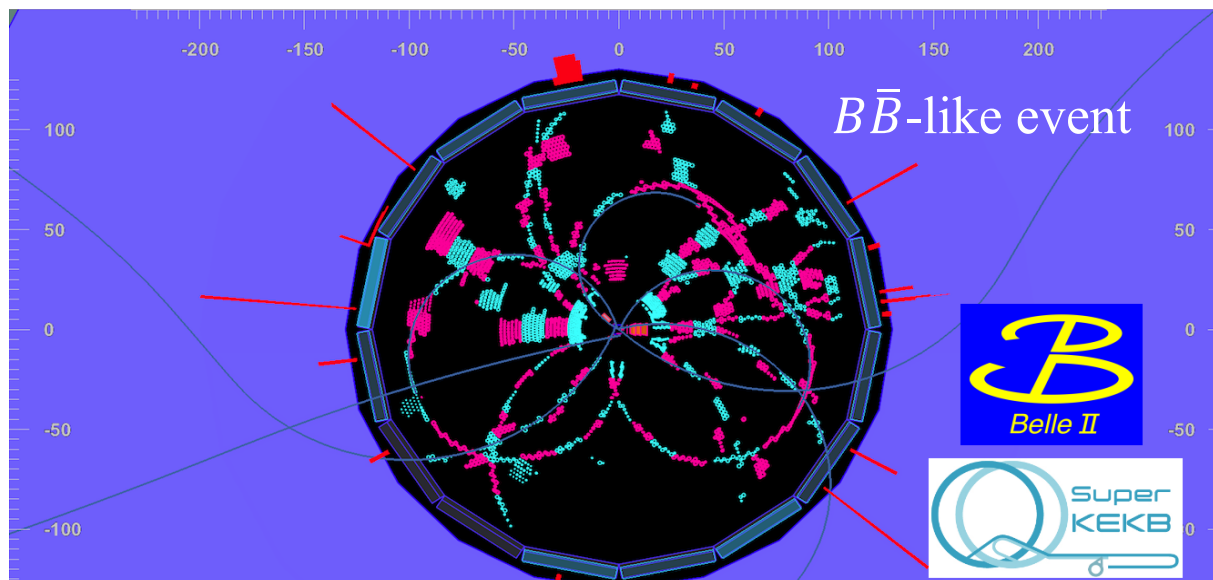


BELLE2-NOTE-PH-2018-040

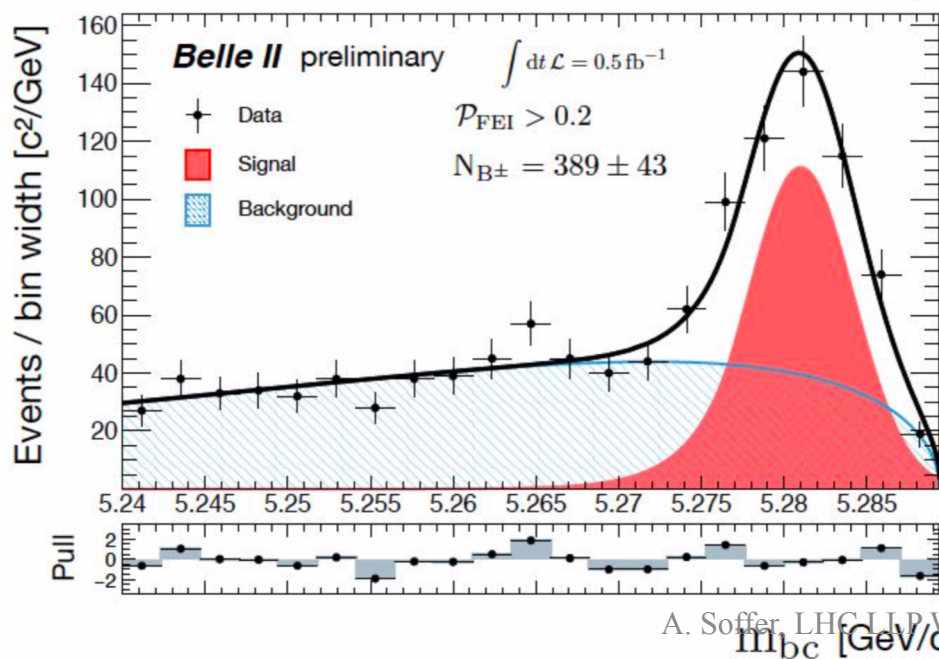
$\sigma(d_0) = 12 \text{ } \mu\text{m}$  (10  $\mu\text{m}$  expected)  
~ factor 2 better than at Belle



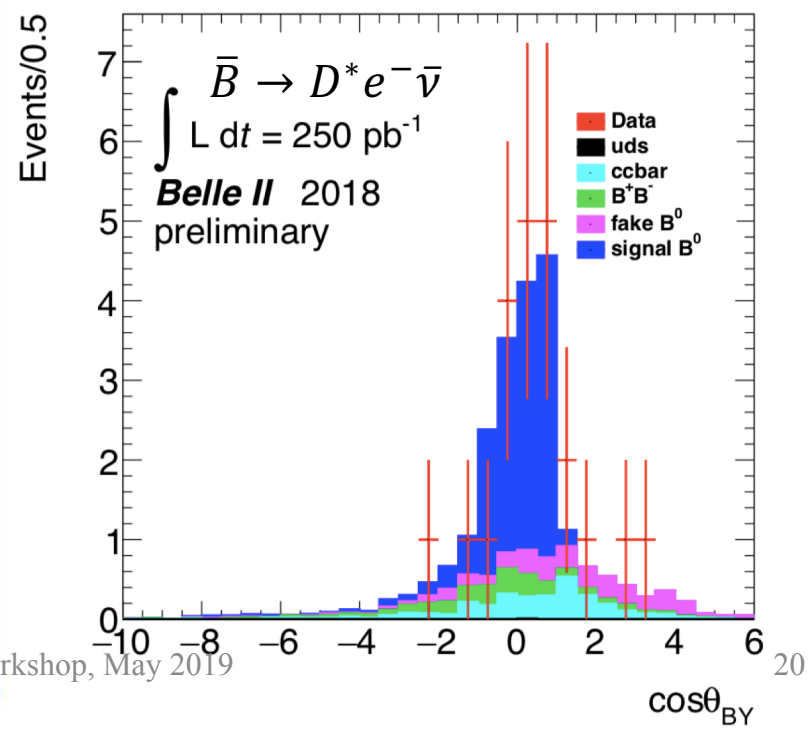




### Reconstructed hadronic $B$ decays



### Reconstructed semileptonic $B$ decays

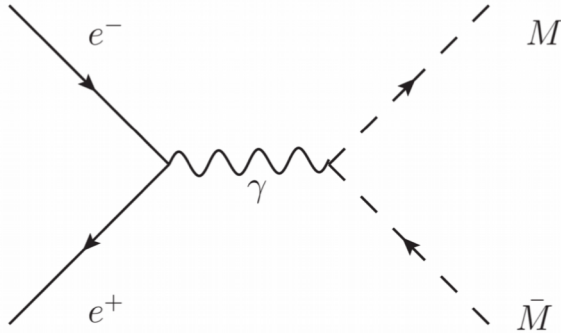




# Some studies of LLPs at Belle II

See also Belle II Physics Book, [1808.10567](#)

# Magnetic monopoles

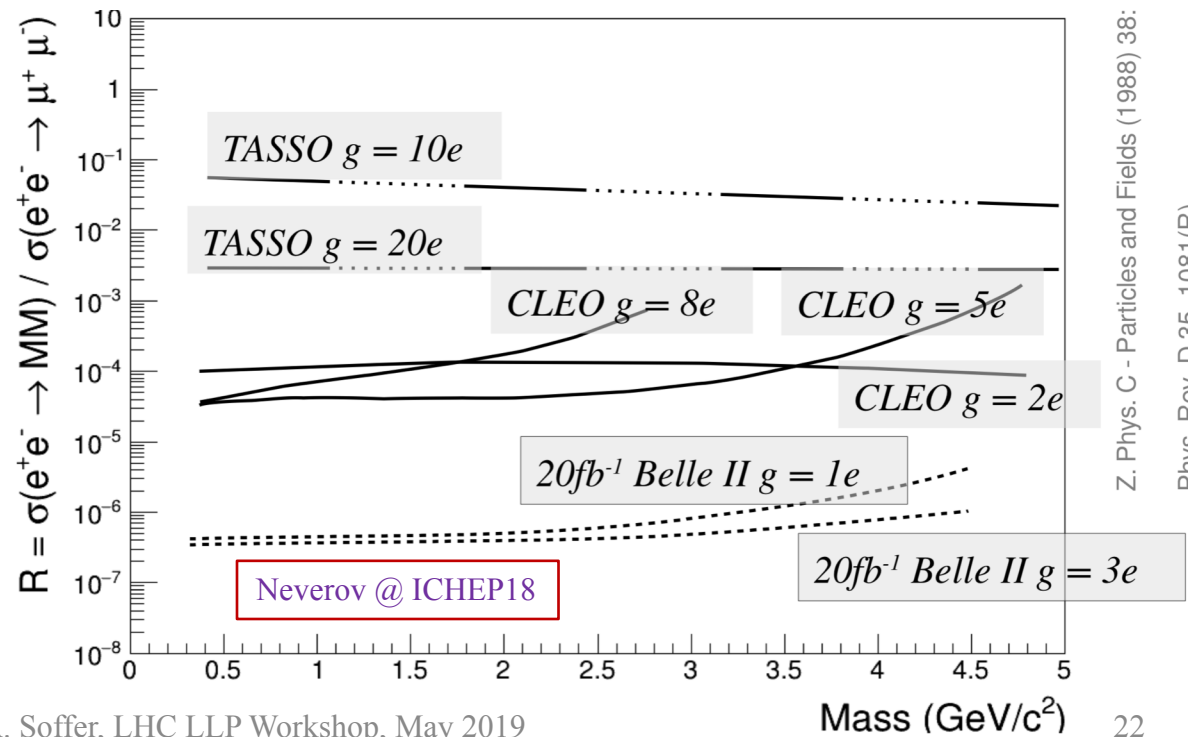


Most searches focus on high-charge monopoles.  
 $g = O(e)$  range not well constrained.  
 Low  $dE/dx \rightarrow$  fewer hits  $\rightarrow$  low tracking efficiency  
 (no  $1/\beta^2$  factor)

Projected sensitivity with early phase-3 data ( $20 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ )

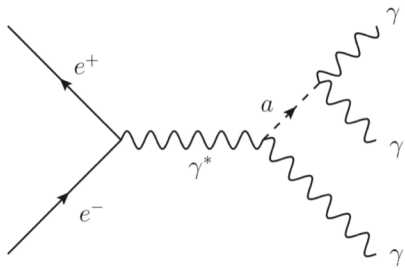
Trigger:  $\Delta\phi \sim \pi$  ECAL clusters  
 Dedicated tracking:

$$z(s) = z_0 + \frac{p_z}{p_T} s + \frac{gBm}{2p_T^2} s^2$$

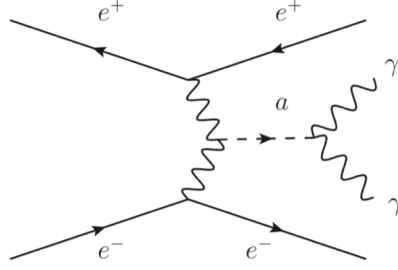


# Axion-like particle (ALP)

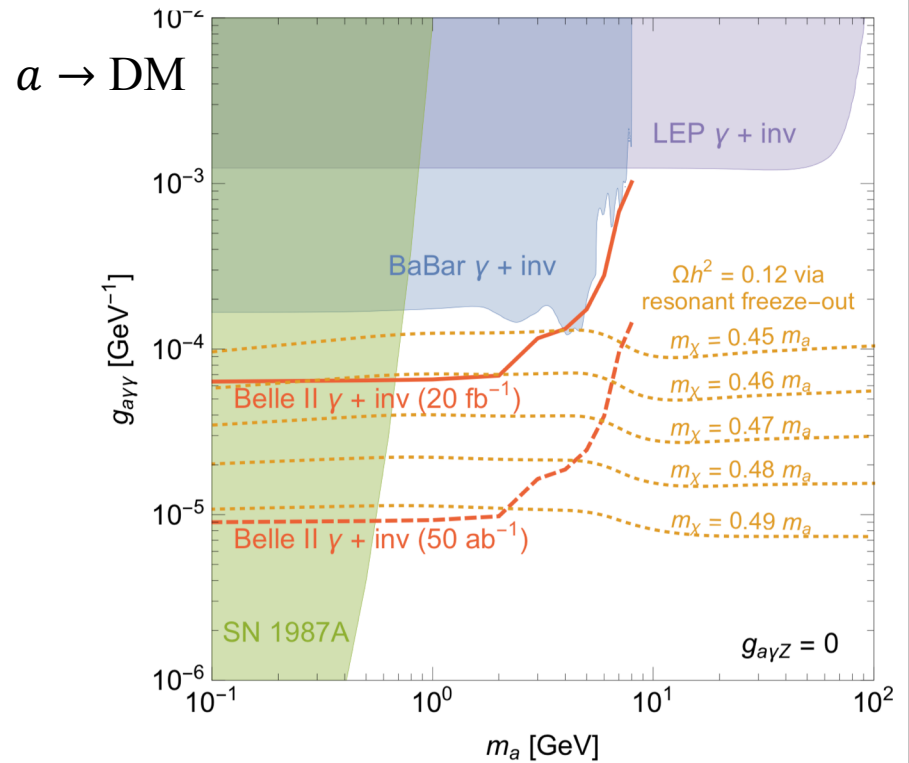
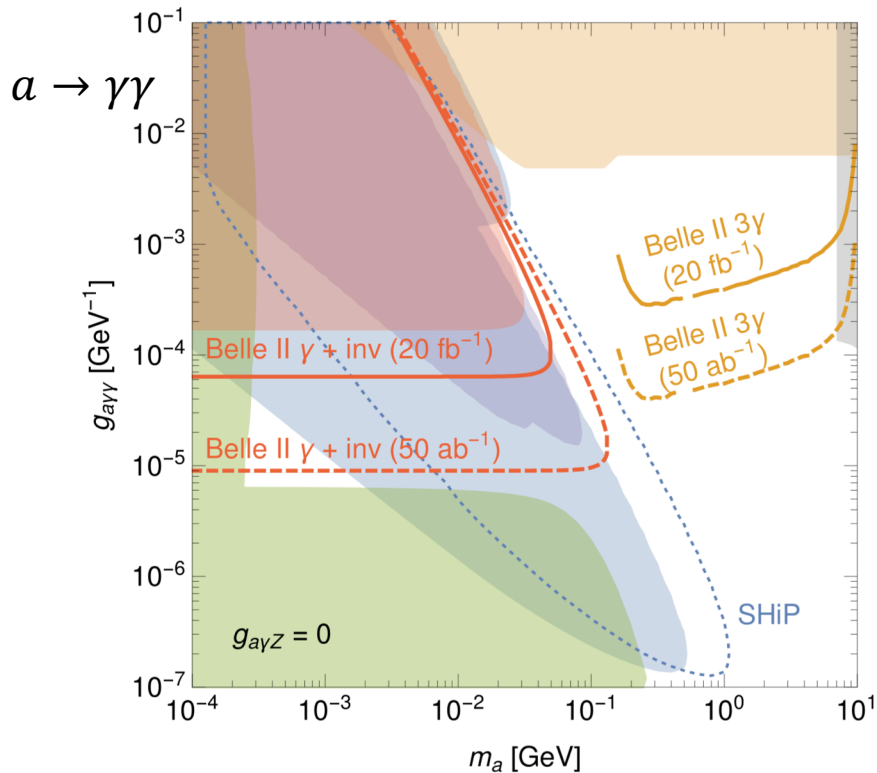
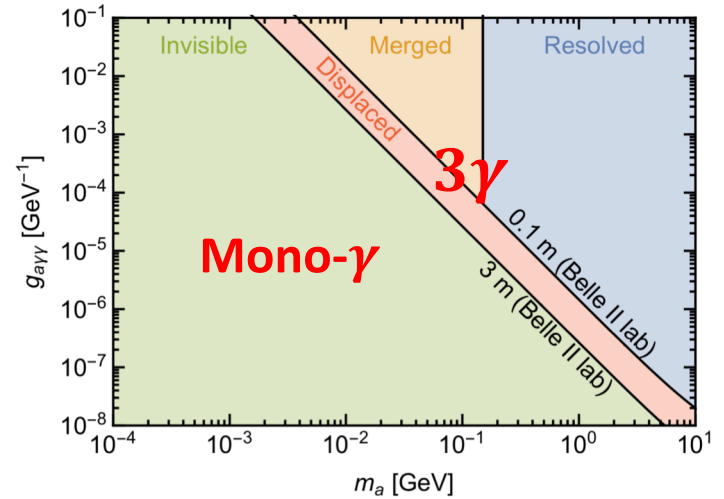
JHEP 1712 (2017) 094



ALP-strahlung

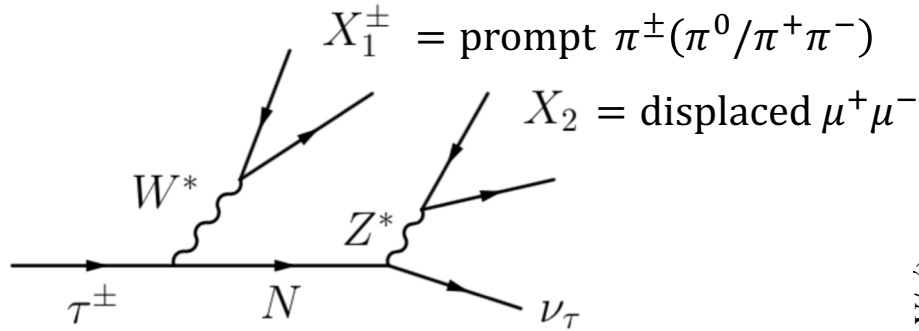


$\gamma\gamma$ -fusion



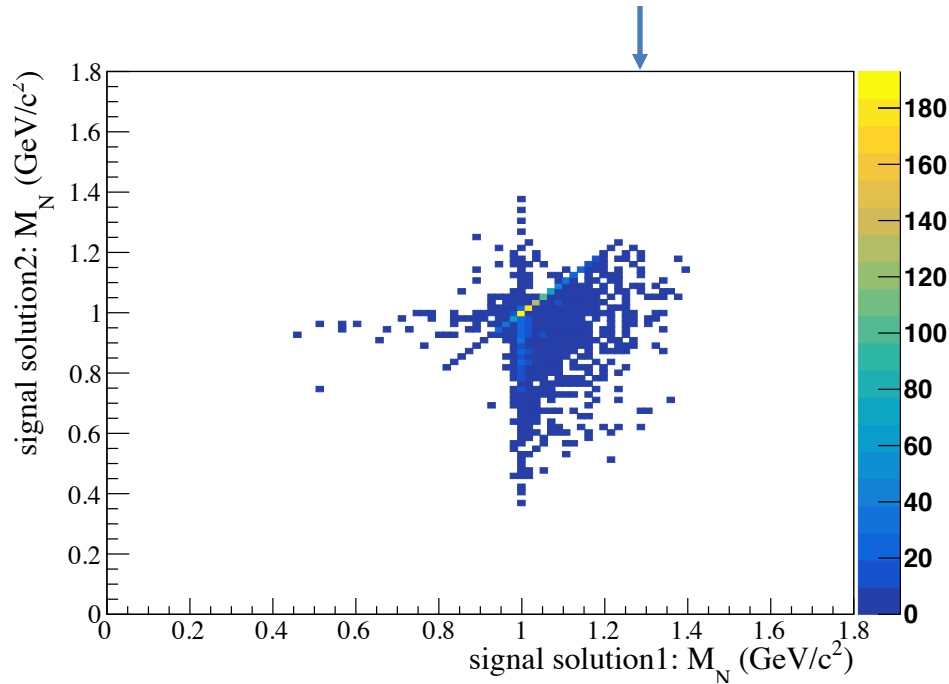
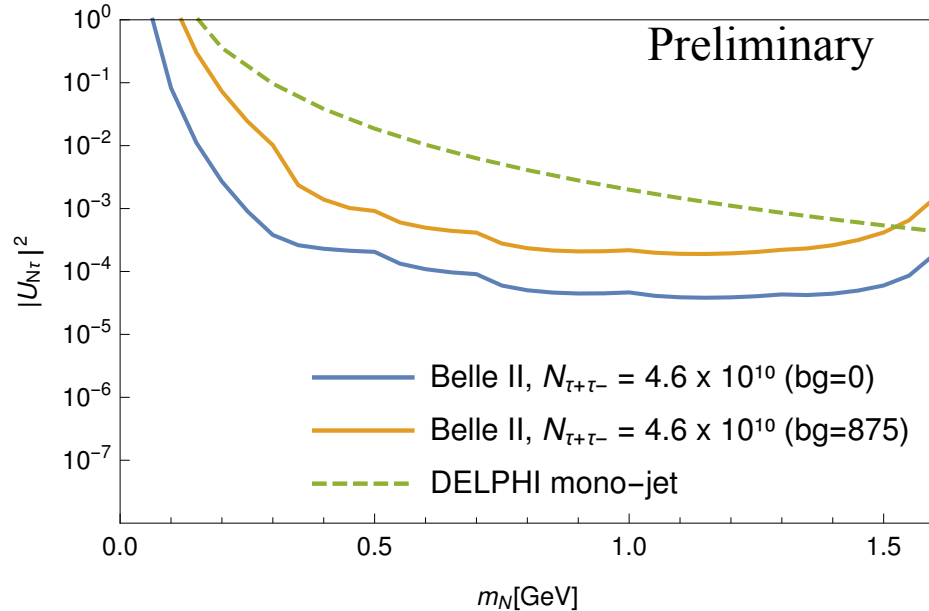
# HNL that mixes predominantly with $\nu_\tau$

Dib, Helo, Nayak, Neill, AS, Zamora-Saa, in preparation



Enough constraints to obtain HNL mass with 2-fold ambiguity (smeared b/c of detector resolution)

Very low acceptance:  $\gamma\beta c\tau \gg \text{detector}$



17 bgd. evts/ab<sup>-1</sup>, mostly  $\tau\tau$ , before cutting on  $m_1$  vs.  $m_2$

# Points for discussion / personal thoughts

- LHCb and Belle II (will) have unique LLP sensitivities
- **LHCb has probed:**
  - a LL dark  $\gamma$  in the difficult, vector-portal-only scenario
  - muonic decays of LLPs from  $B$ -meson decays
    - ATLAS & CMS can probably compete (given success with  $B_s \rightarrow \mu\mu$ )
  - Higgs  $\rightarrow$  LLP decays, exploiting soft-trigger capability
    - ATLAS & CMS compete with VH/VBF, and ggF + dedicated triggers
  - EW-scale SUSY scenarios
    - comparison to ATLAS/CMS not clear to me (but probably known at LHCb)
- **Belle II has best sensitivity in:**
  - mono-photon scenarios
  - LLPs related to the  $\tau$  lepton
  - (probably) non-muonic decays of LLPs from  $B/D$ -meson decays
- Additional ideas sure to arise
  - E.g., see talks at previous LLP workshops