



SEARCH FOR HIGHLY IONIZING PARTICLES WITH THE PIXEL DETECTOR AT BELLE II

Katharina Dort, Soeren Lange, Klemens Lautenbach
(katharina.dort@physik.uni-giessen.de)

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WHAT ARE HIGHLY IONIZING PARTICLES?

HIGHLY IONIZING PARTICLES

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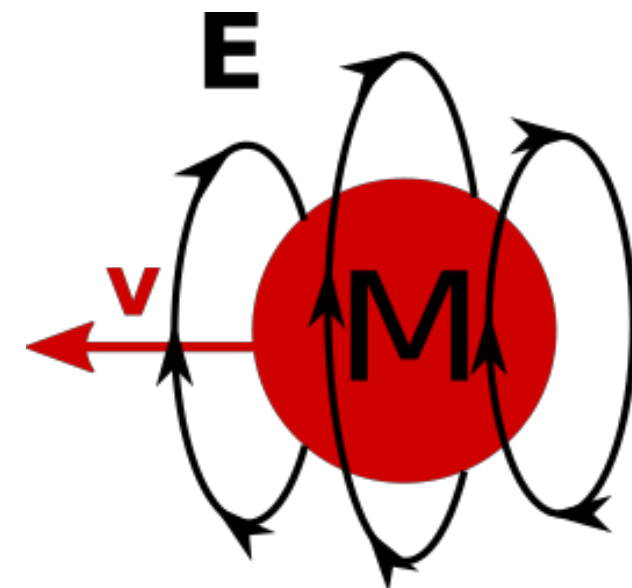
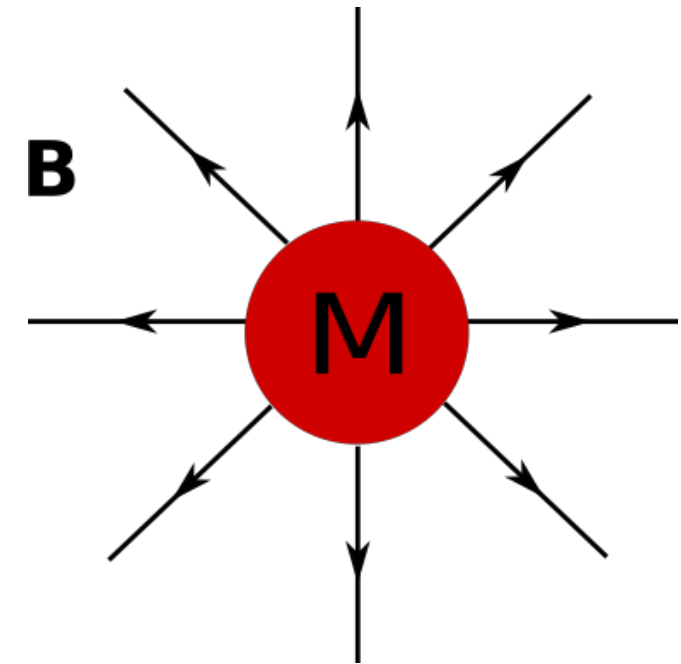
particles with a characteristically high energy loss

- Examples:
 - Anti-Deuterons
 - **Magnetic Monopoles**
- Monopoles appear in various theories ('t Hooft, GUT, String Theories etc.)
- Monopoles arising from **Dirac Quantization Theory:**

$$eg = \frac{n\hbar c}{2} \approx 68.5e \cdot n$$

Paul A. Dirac, Proc. R. Soc. Lond. A, 133, 60-72 (1931)

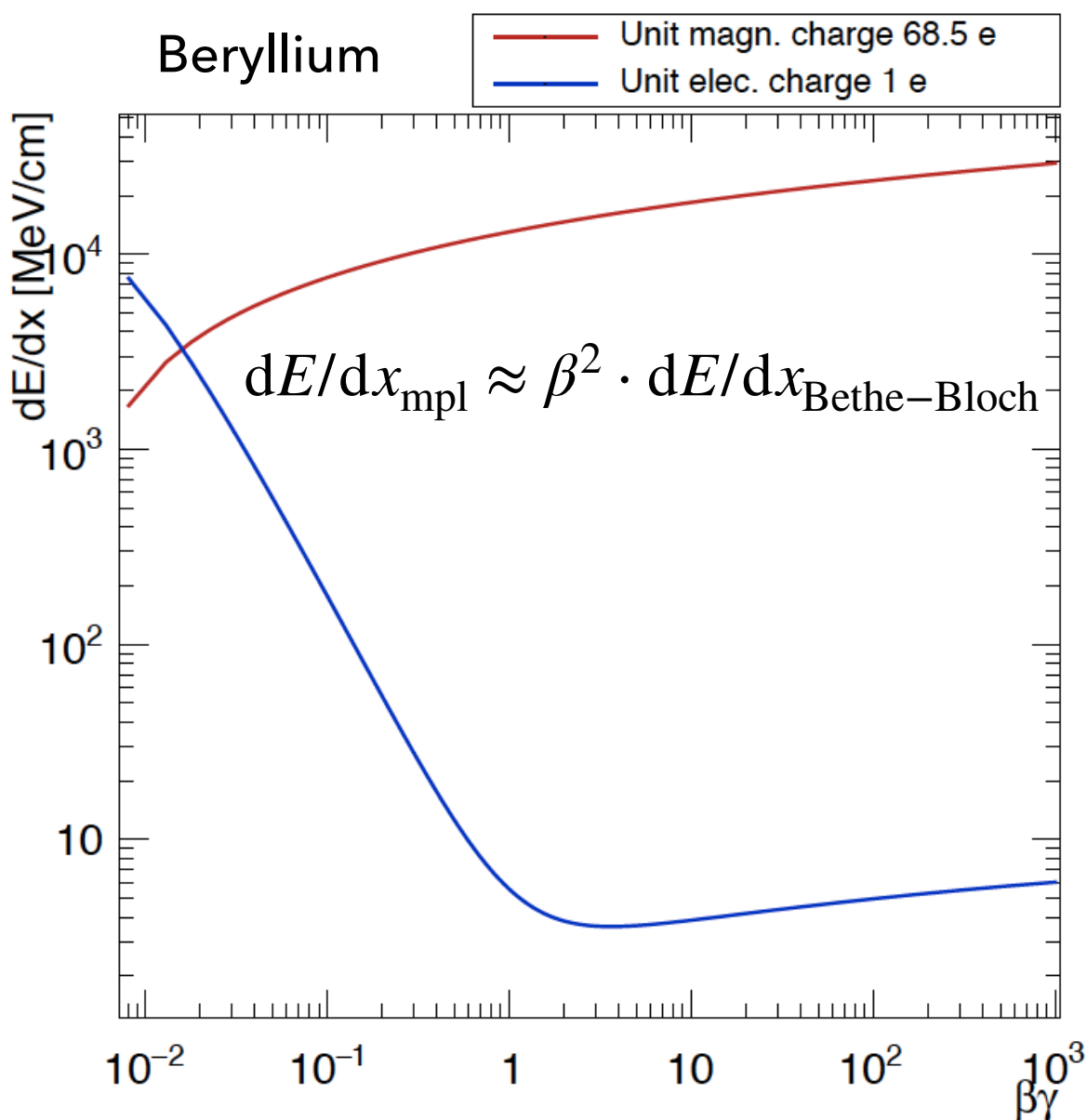
G. Lazarides et al., Phys. Rev. Lett., 49, 1756 (1982)



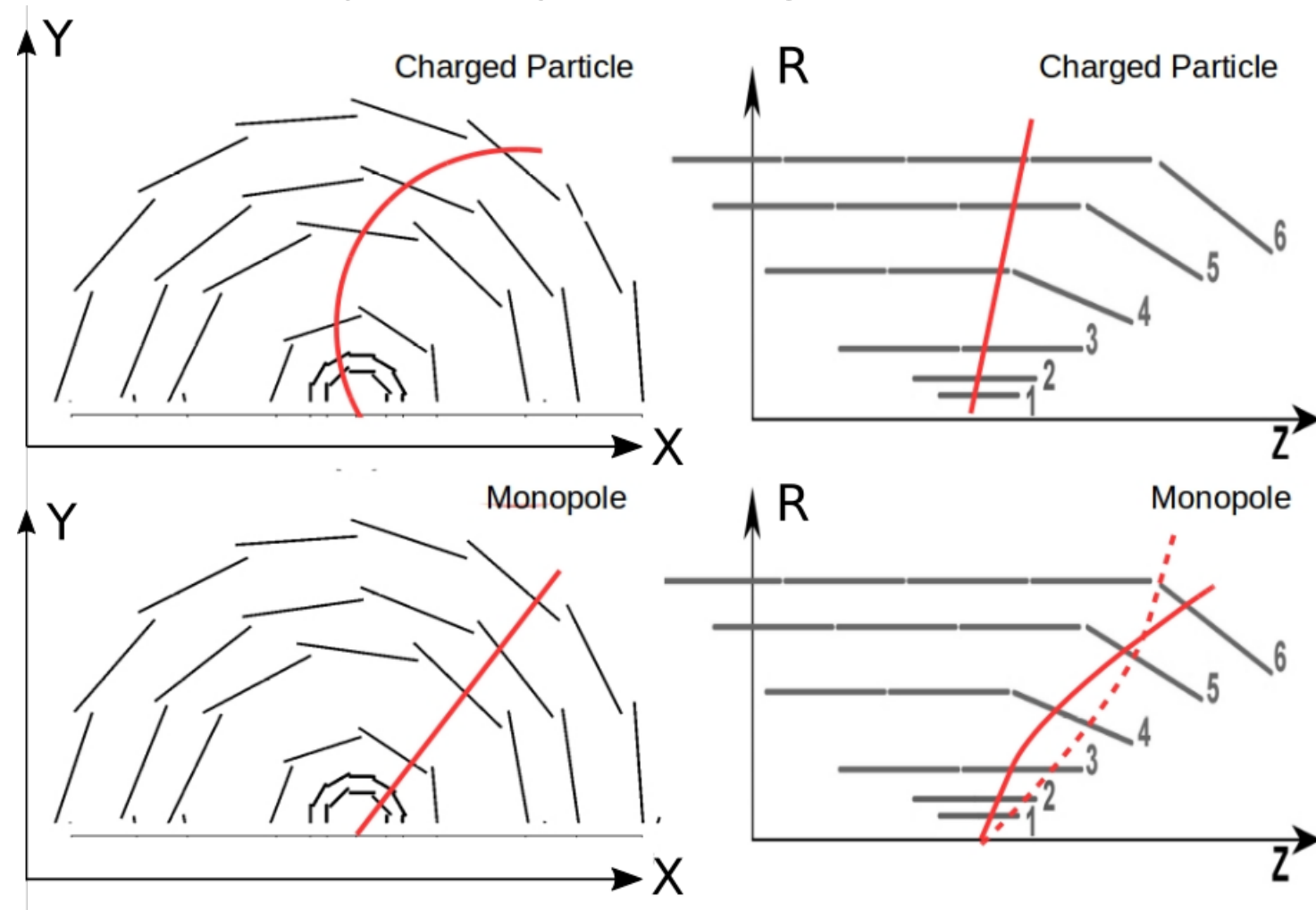
CHARACTERISTICS OF MAGNETIC MONOPOLES



Non-Bethe-Bloch energy loss



Trajectory in magnetic field

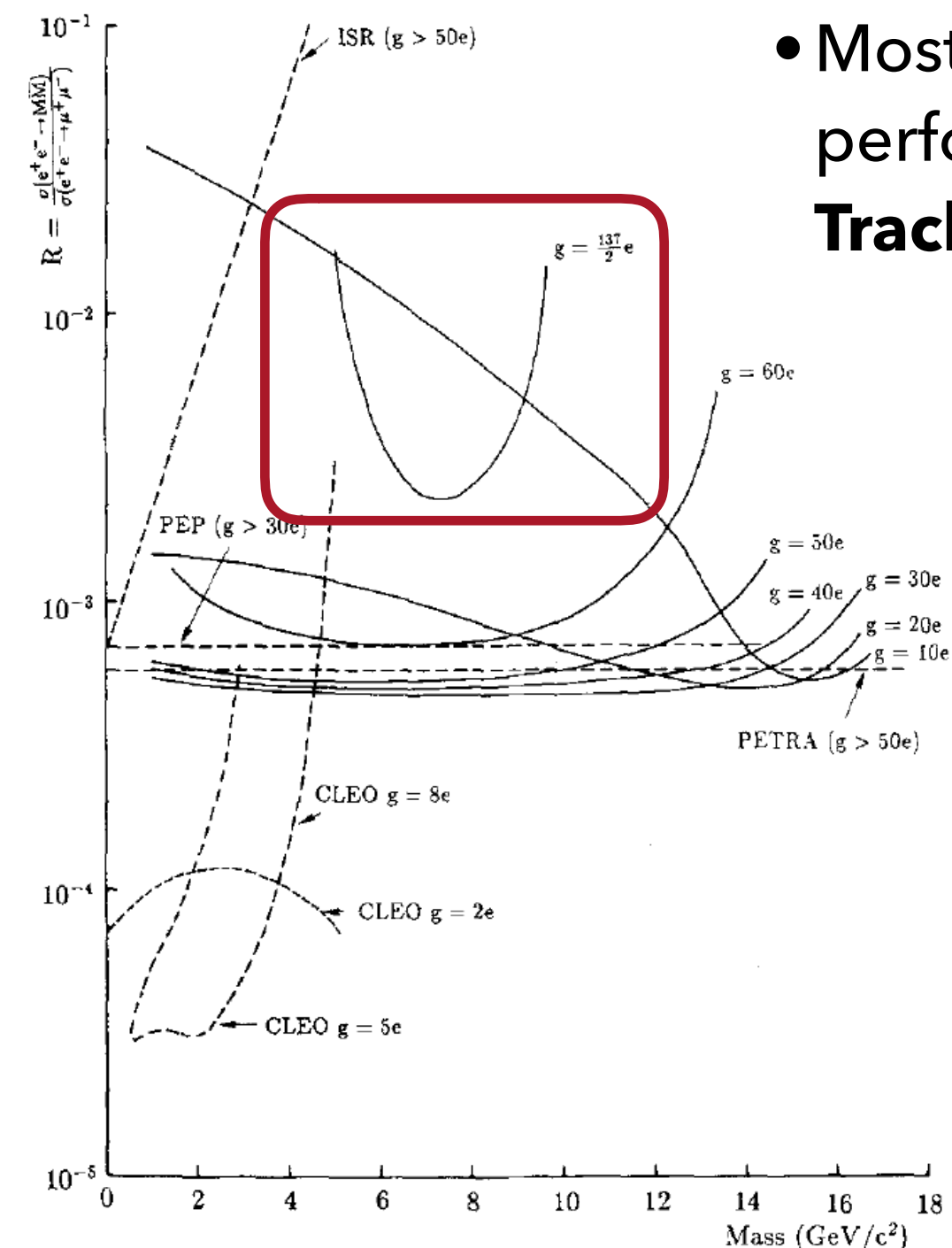
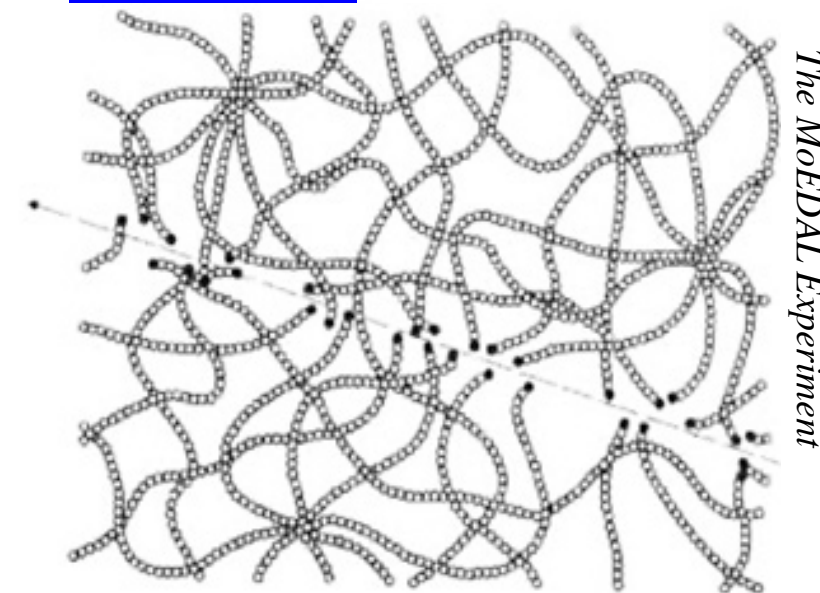


➔ See **Dark Sector physics at Belle II** at XXXIX International Conference on High Energy Physics by **Dmitrii Neverov**



WHAT SEARCH STRATEGY IS PURSUED?

PAST SEARCHES



- Most searches performed with **Nuclear Track Detectors (NTDs)**

- Searches at electron-positron colliders:

- **MODAL at LEP : NTDs**

J. L. Pinfold, et al. Phys. Lett. B 316, 407 (1993)

- **TRISTAN at KEK : NTDs**

K. Kinoshita et al., Phys. Lett. B 228, 543 (1989)

- **CLEO at CESR : NTDs**

T. Gentile et al. [CLEO Collaboration], Phys. Rev. D 35, 1081 (1987).

- **PETRA at DESY : NTDs**

P. Musset, M. Price and E. Lohrmann, Phys. Lett. 128B, 333 (1983)

- **TASSO at DESY : Tracking**

W. Braunschweig et al. [TASSO Collaboration], Z. Phys. C 38, 543 (1988)

- **OPAL at LEP : Wire Chamber**

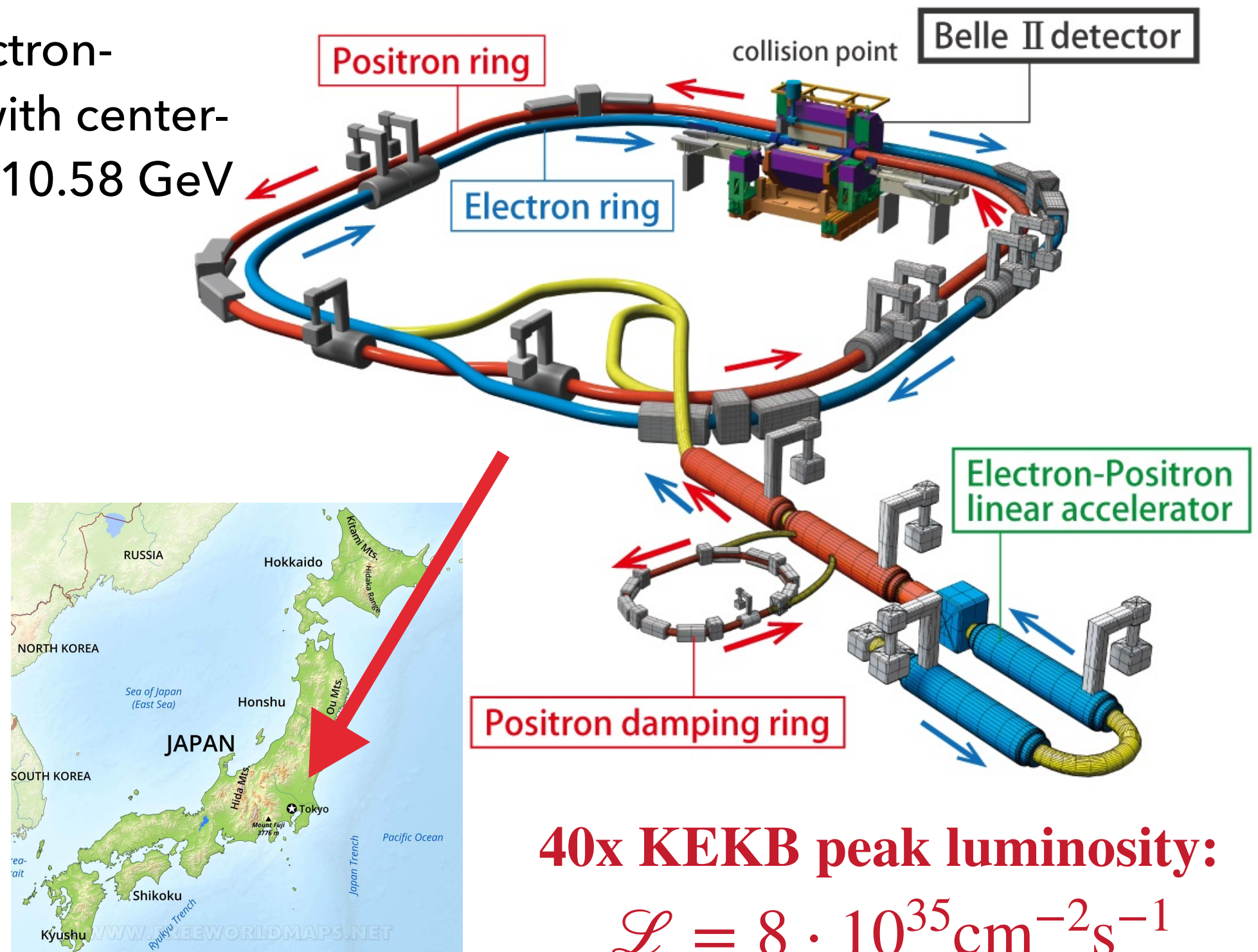
G. Abbiendi et al. [OPAL Collaboration], Phys. Lett. B 663, 37 (2008)

W. Braunschweig et al. [TASSO Collaboration], Z. Phys. C 38, 543 (1988)

SUPER KEKB



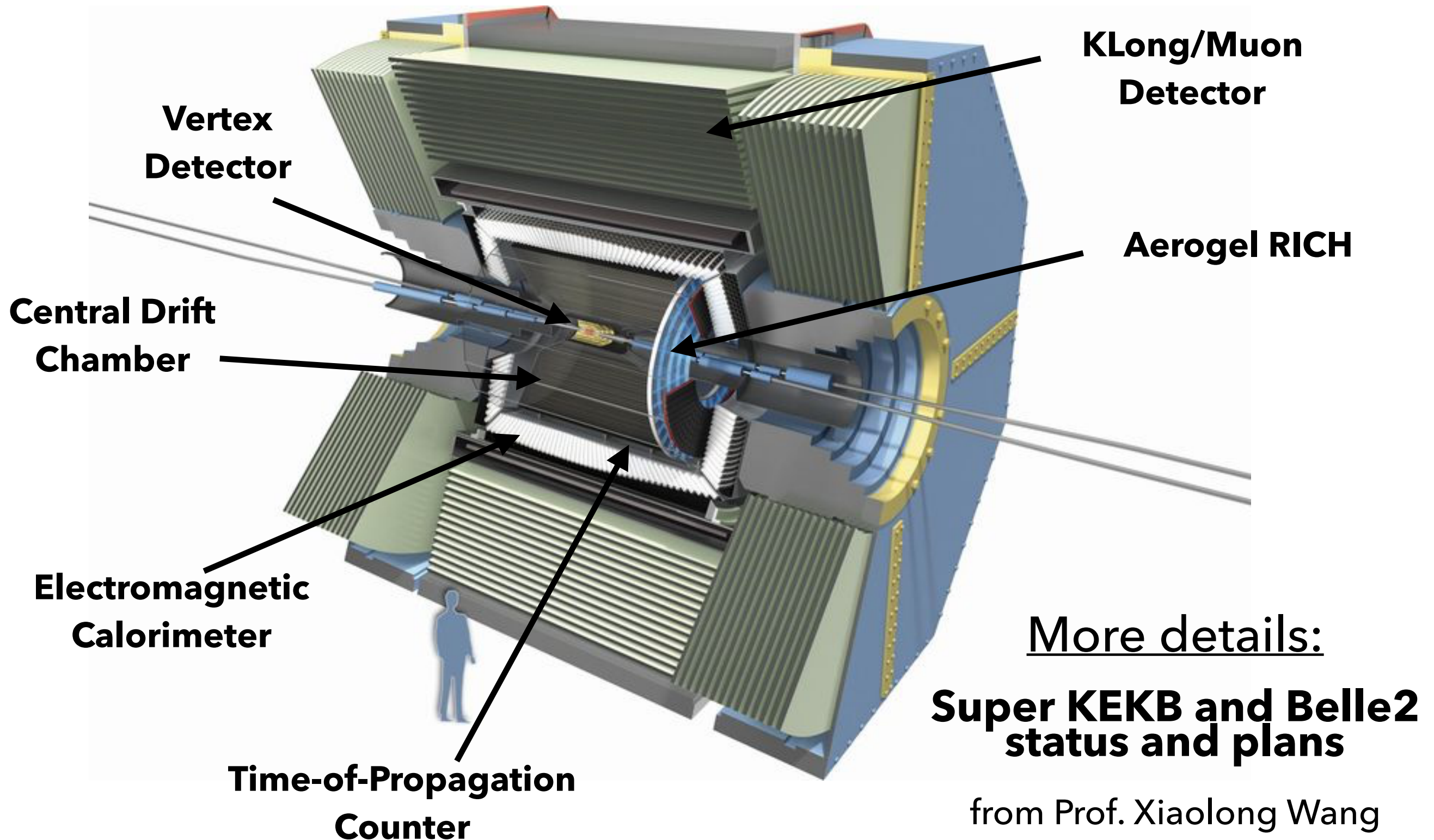
- Asymmetrical Electron-Positron Collider with center-of-mass energy of 10.58 GeV



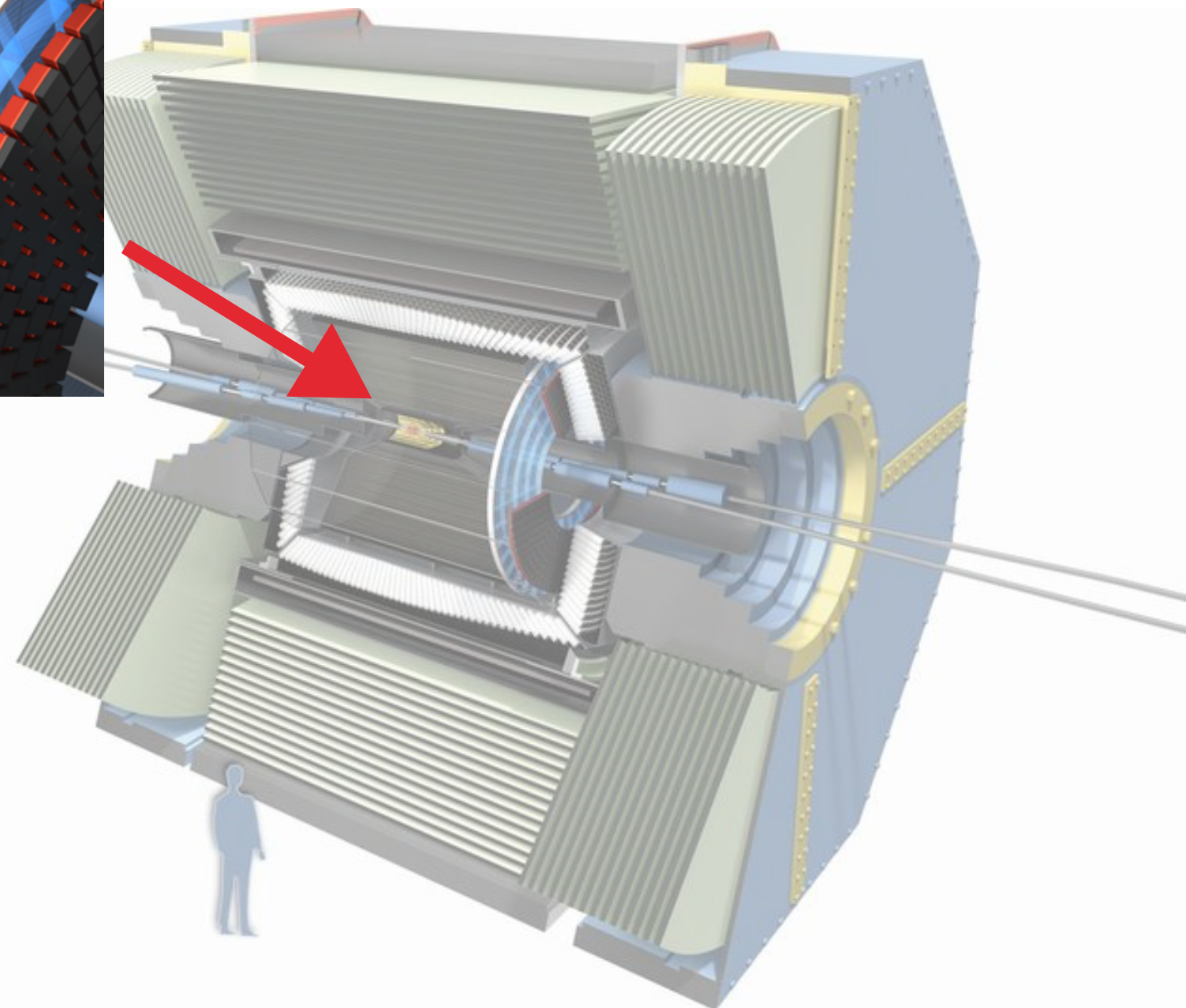
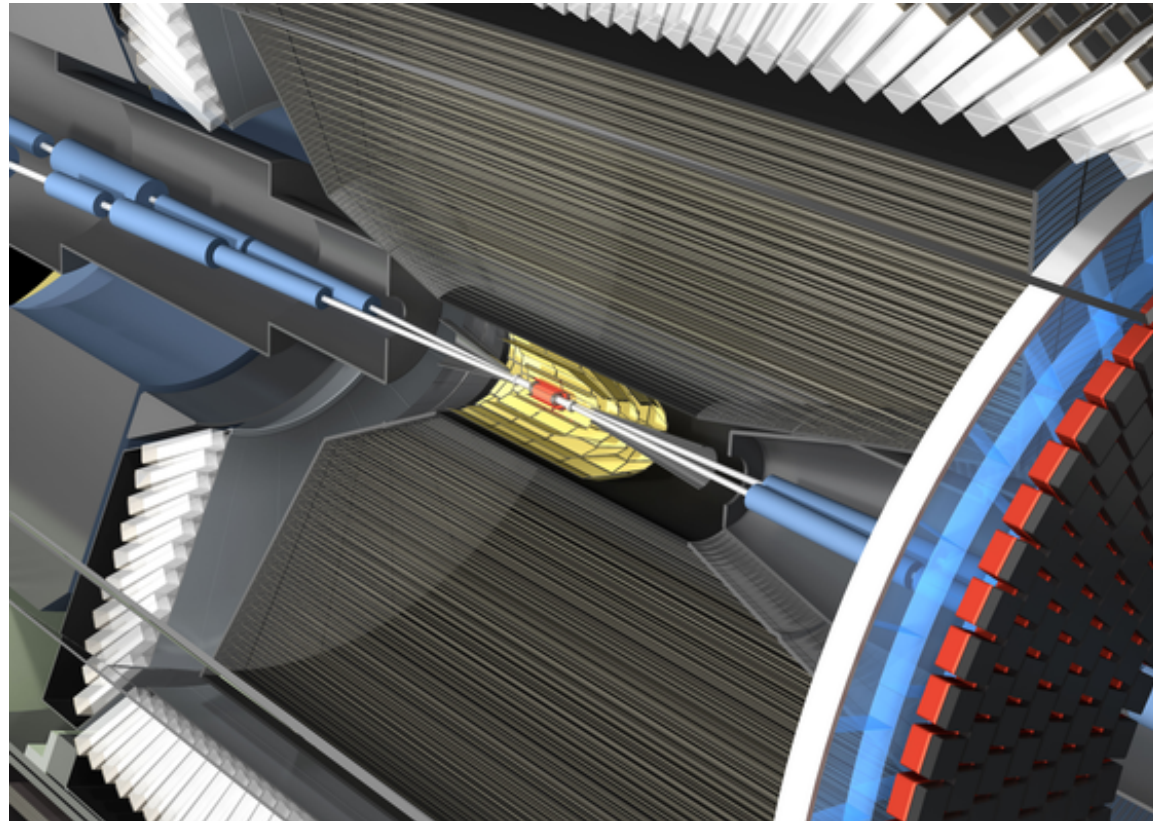
40x KEKB peak luminosity:

$$\mathcal{L} = 8 \cdot 10^{35} \text{cm}^{-2} \text{s}^{-1}$$

BELLE II DETECTOR



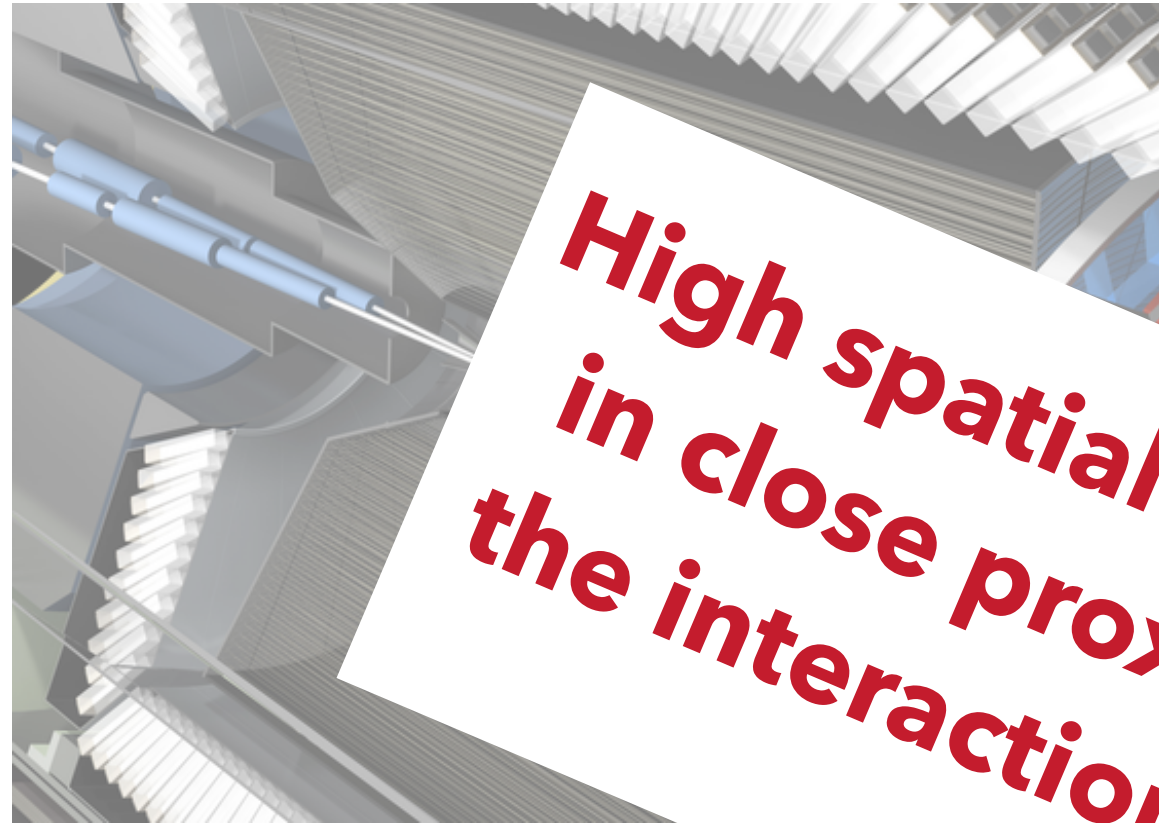
PIXEL DETECTOR



2 layer DEPFET Pixel Detector (PXD)

- $R = 1.4 \text{ cm} / 2.2 \text{ cm}$
- Thickness: $75 \mu\text{m}$
- Pixel size: $50 \mu\text{m} - 85 \mu\text{m}$

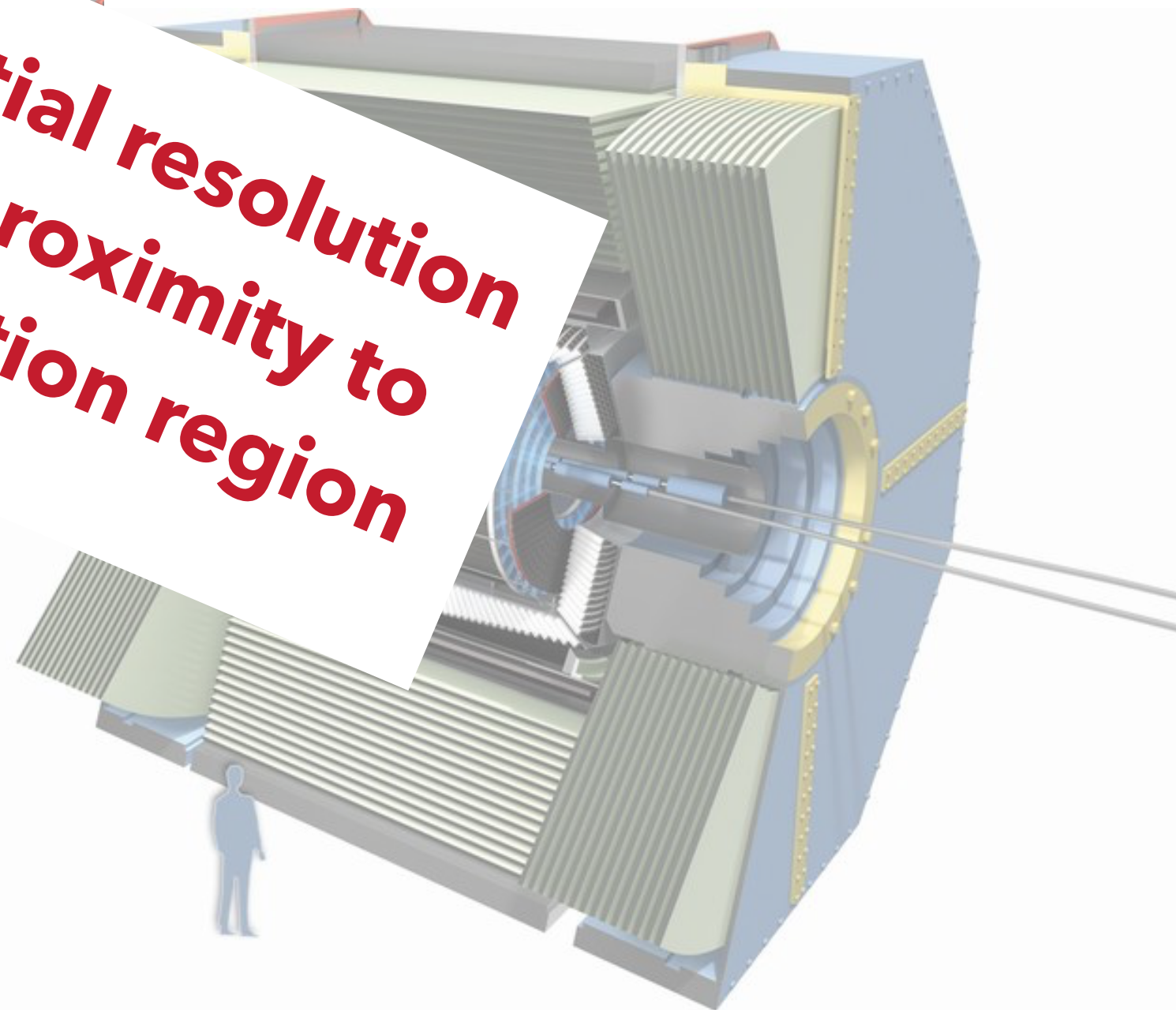
PIXEL DETECTOR



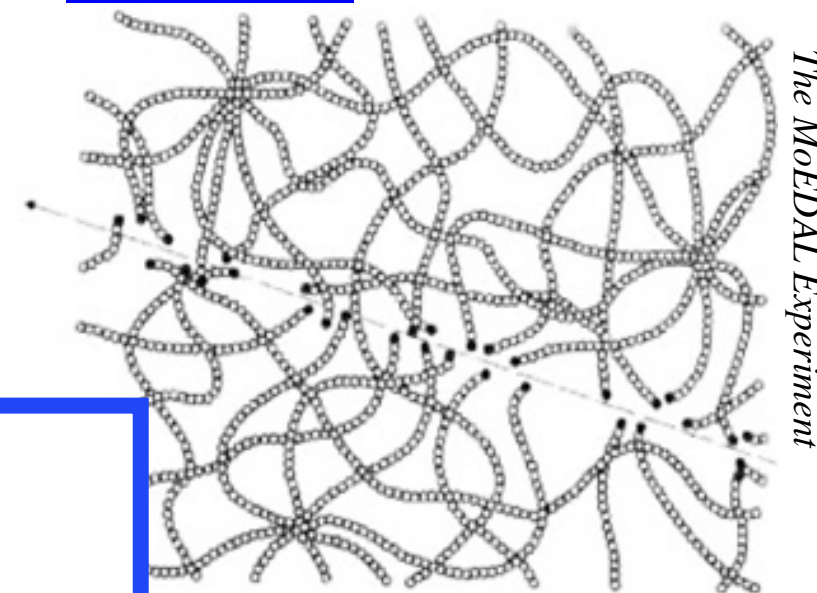
**High spatial resolution
in close proximity to
the interaction region**

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PAST SEARCHES



The MoEDAL Experiment

- Most searches performed with **Nuclear Track Detectors (NTDs)**

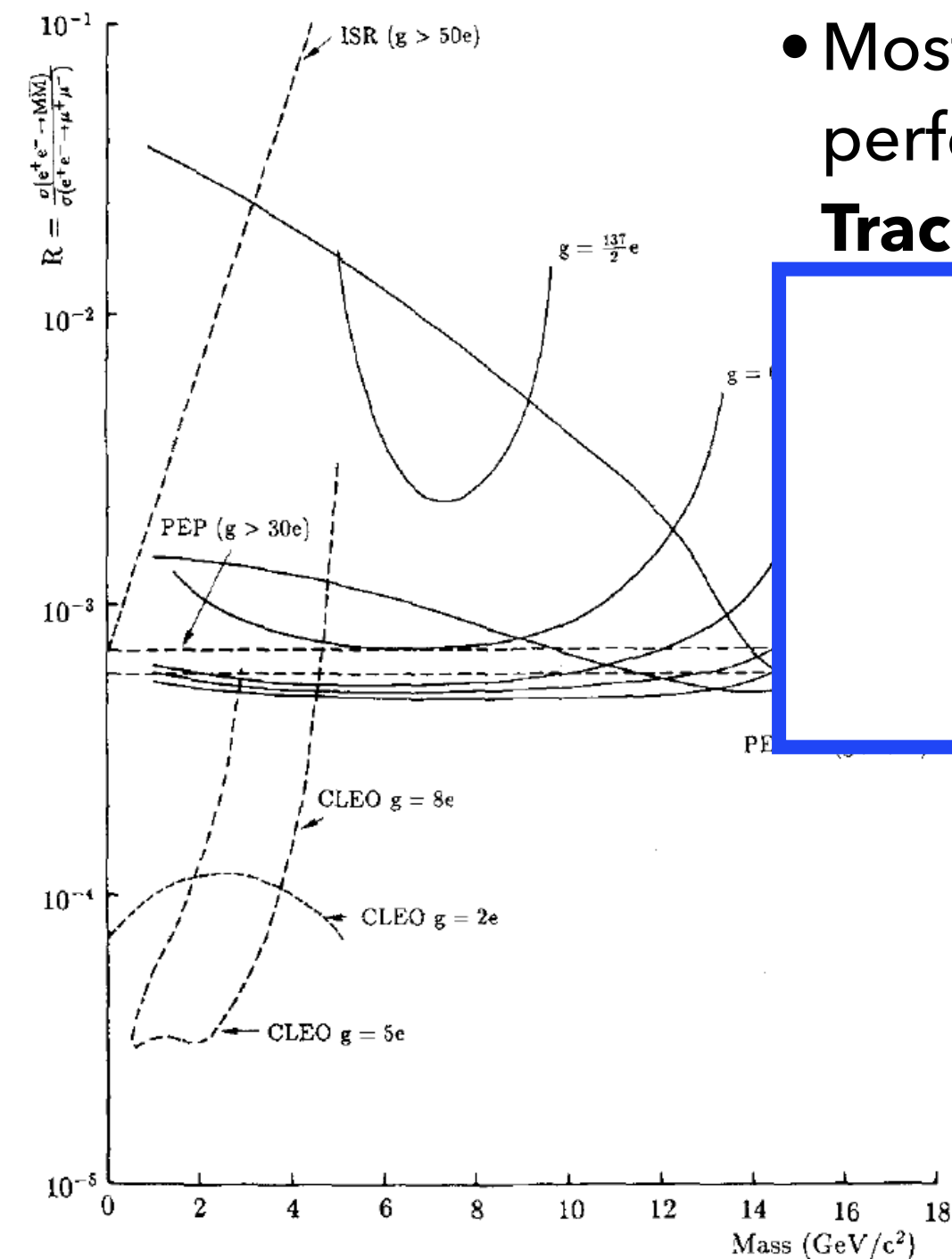
**Belle II at KEK :
PXD (+ Tracking)**

positron colliders:

Ds
407 (1993)

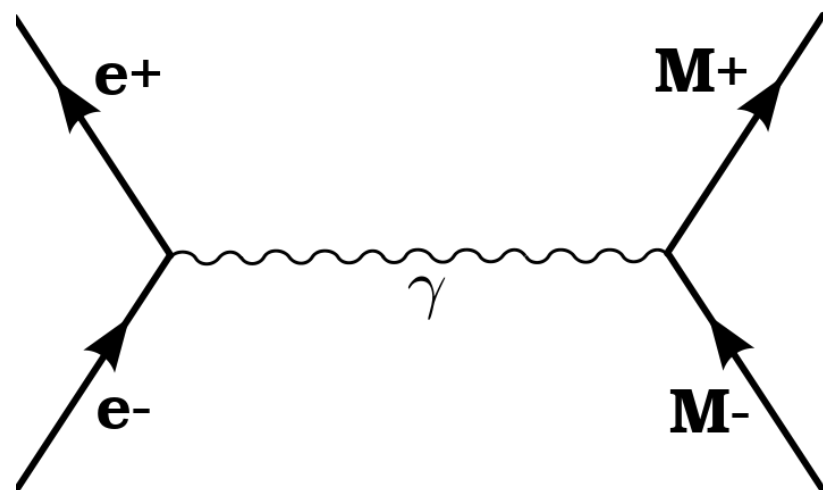
NTDs

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PIXEL DETECTOR (PXD)



Neural Networks

Feed-Forward Networks

Unsupervised Training:

Self - Organizing Maps

Input Variables

Cluster size properties

+ Charge distribution in cluster

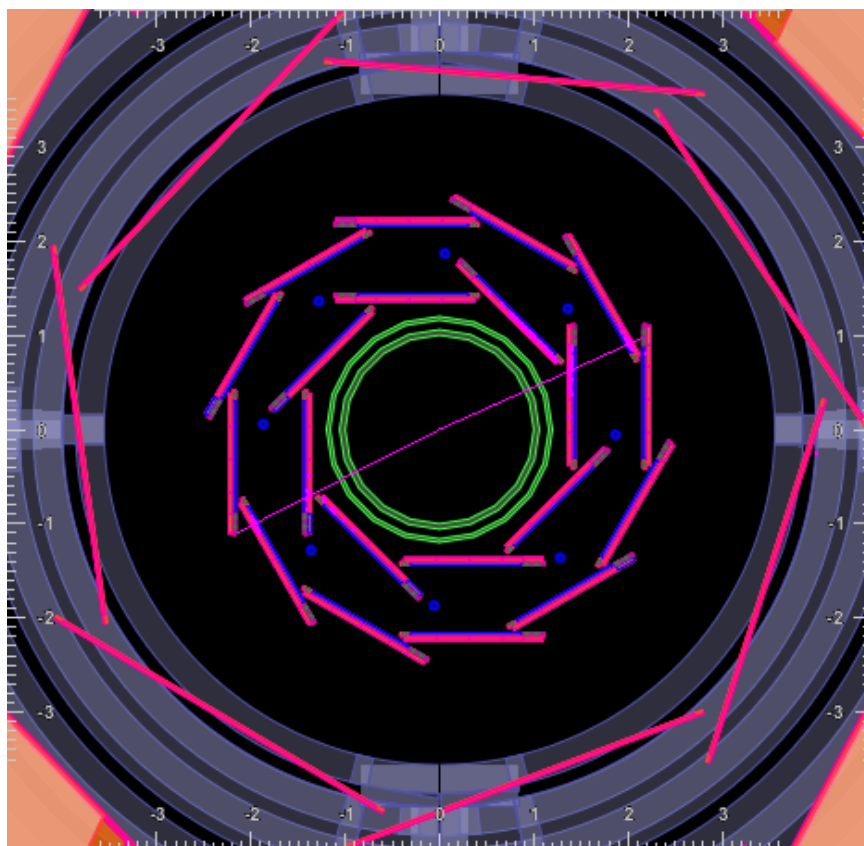
6-dim input vector

or

5x5 pixel matrix around cluster

- Dirac monopoles **do not** reach outer sub-detectors
- Principal **purpose** of PXD: Tracking in close proximity to interaction region
- Our **objective**: Check if particle identification with PXD is feasible

PIXEL DETECTOR (PXD)



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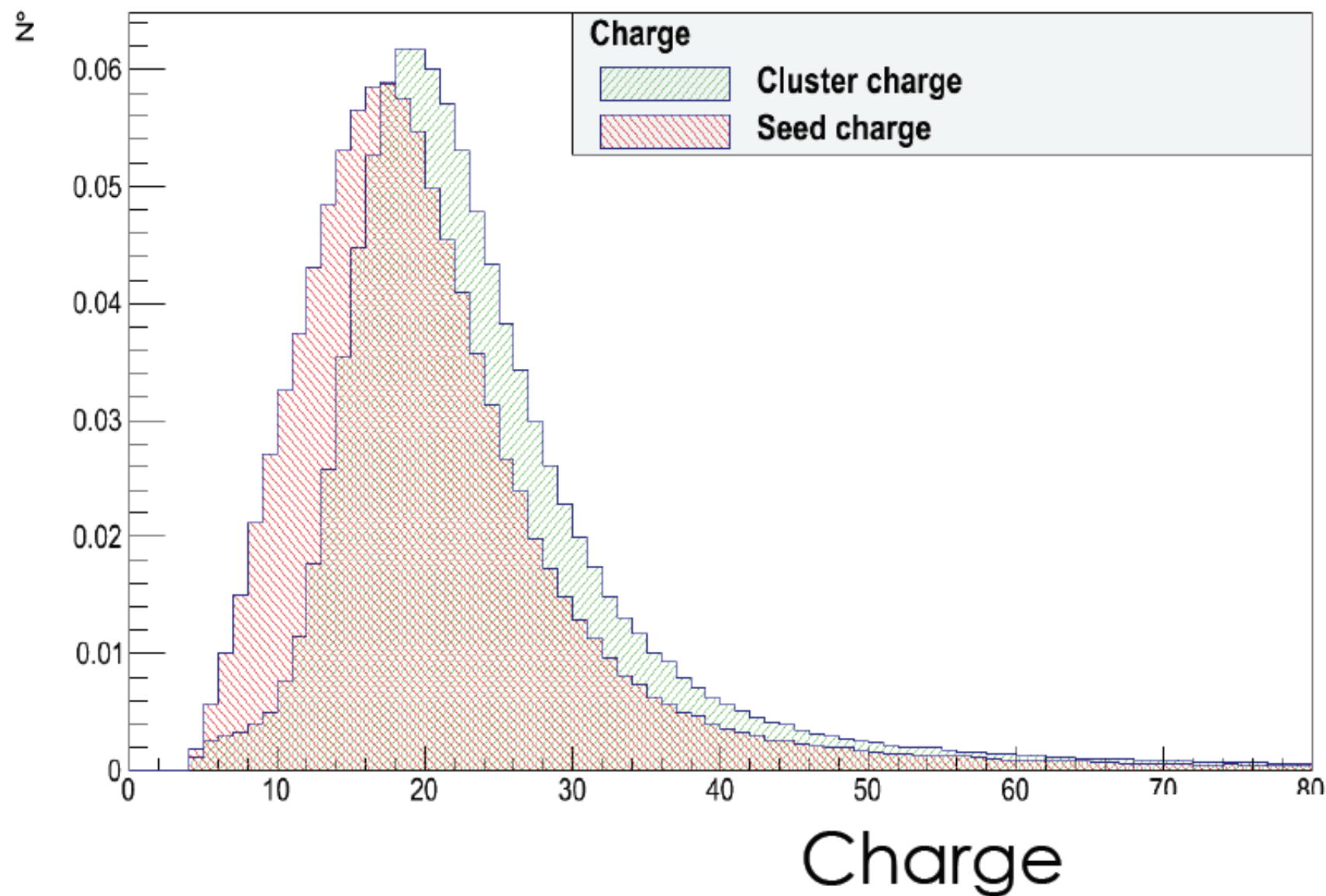
WHAT'S THE STATUS?

STATUS - MONOPOLE SIMULATION



Testbeam at DESY and CERN

Minimum ionizing particles

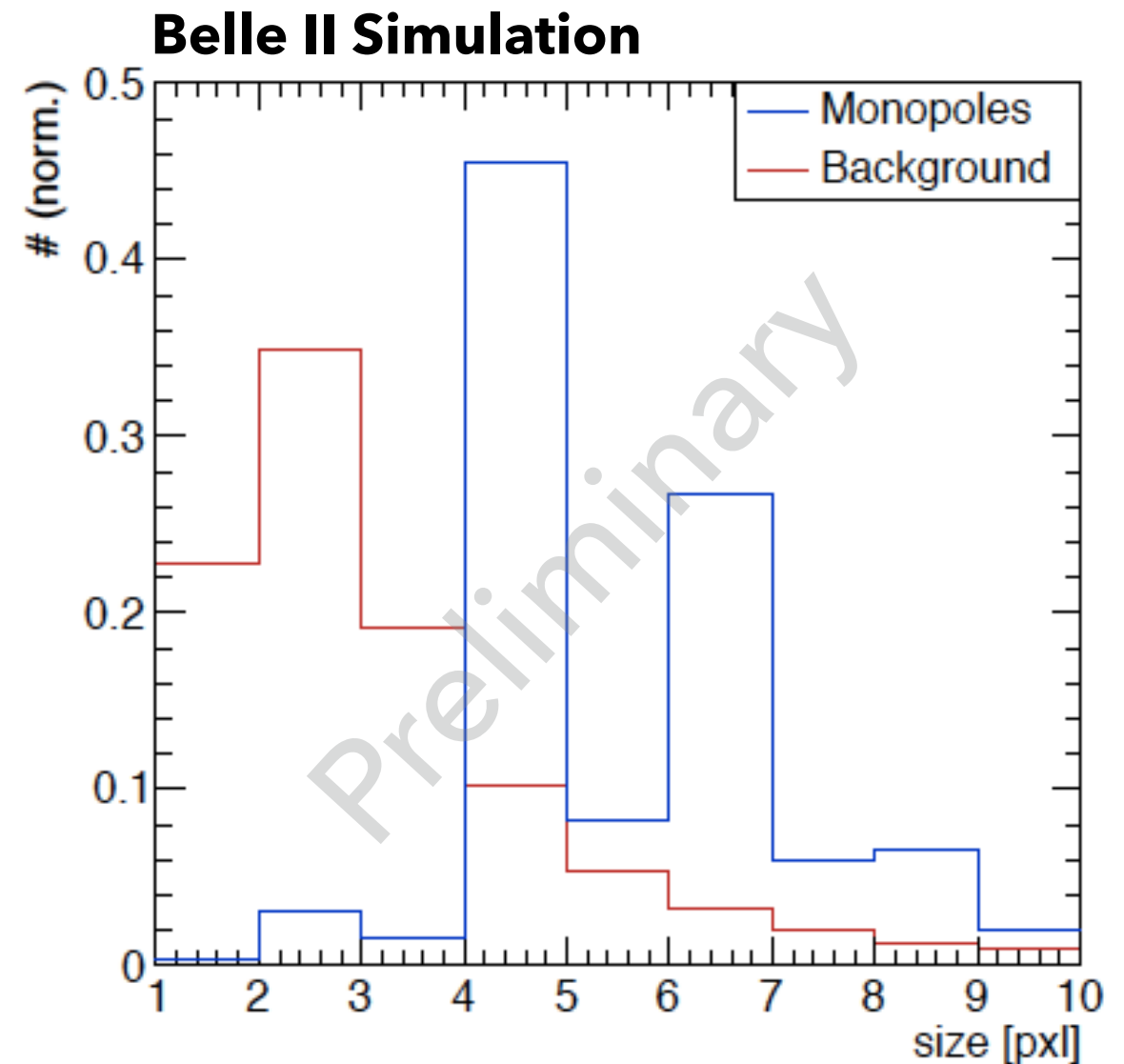
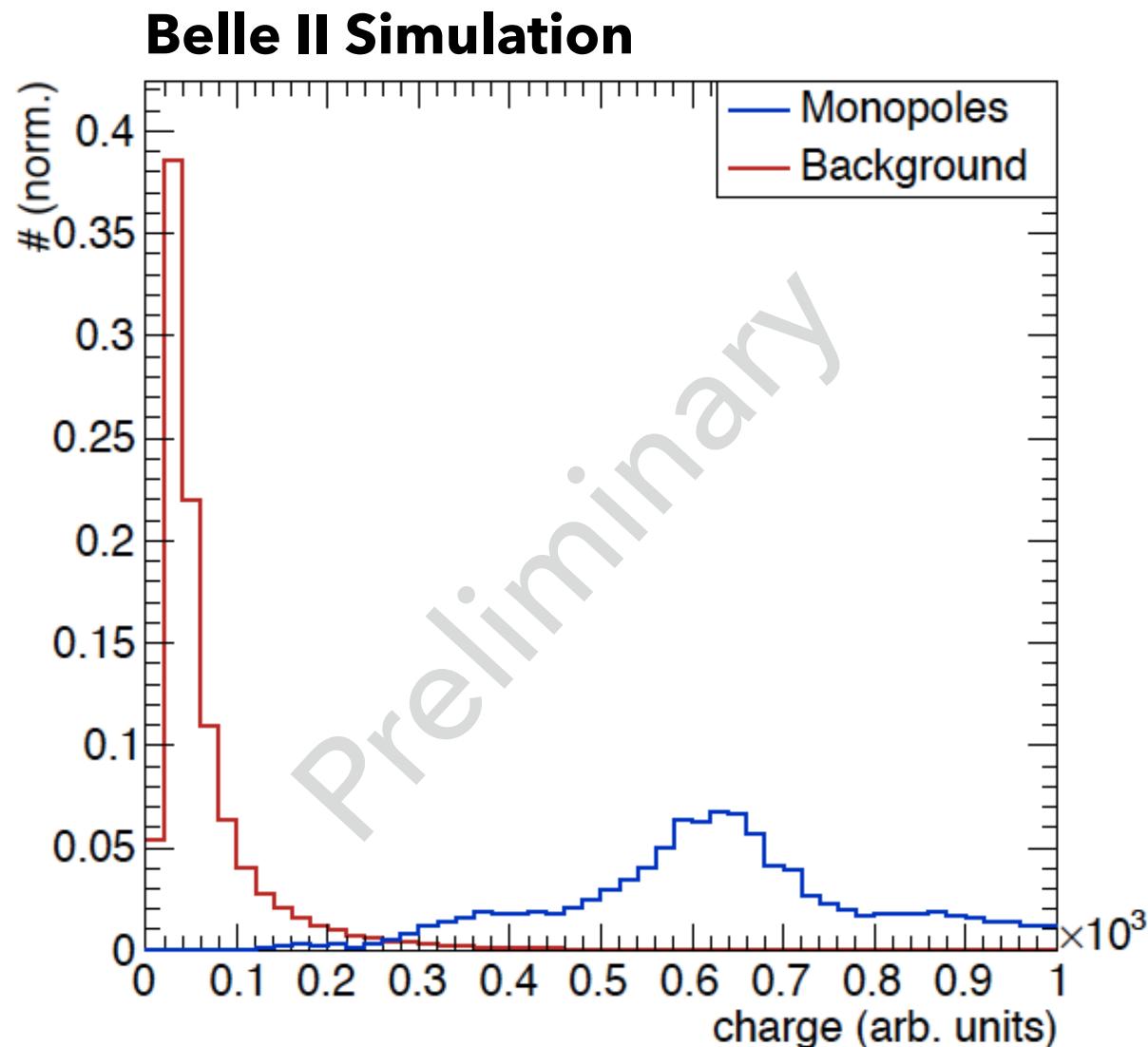


DEPFET Technology, Test Beam Performance at Taller de Altas Energías 2013 by Boronat et al.

STATUS - MONOPOLE SIMULATION



- Preliminary simulation of **1 GeV** magnetic monopoles with **unit charge**:



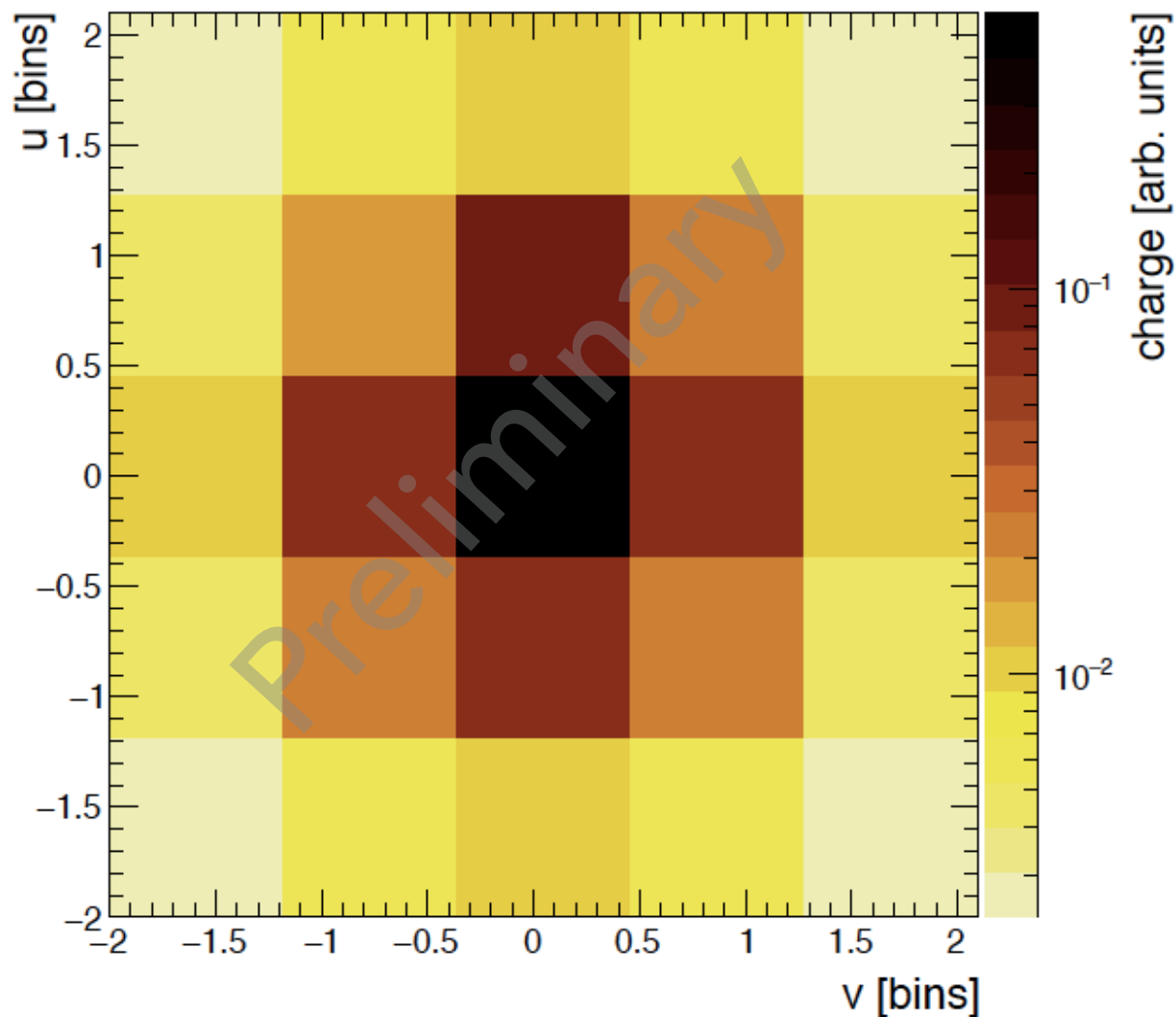
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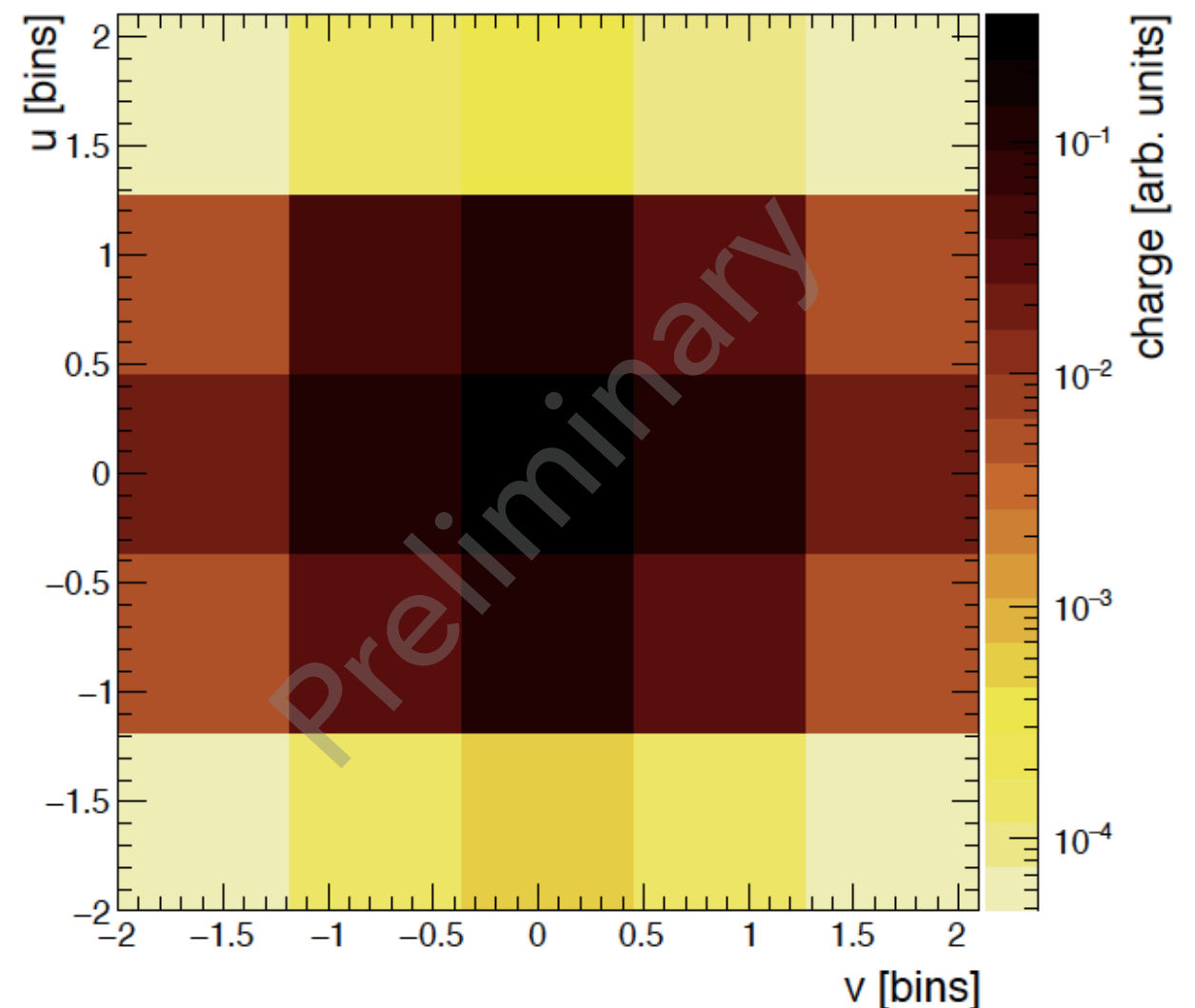
Background

Belle II Simulation



Monopoles

Belle II Simulation

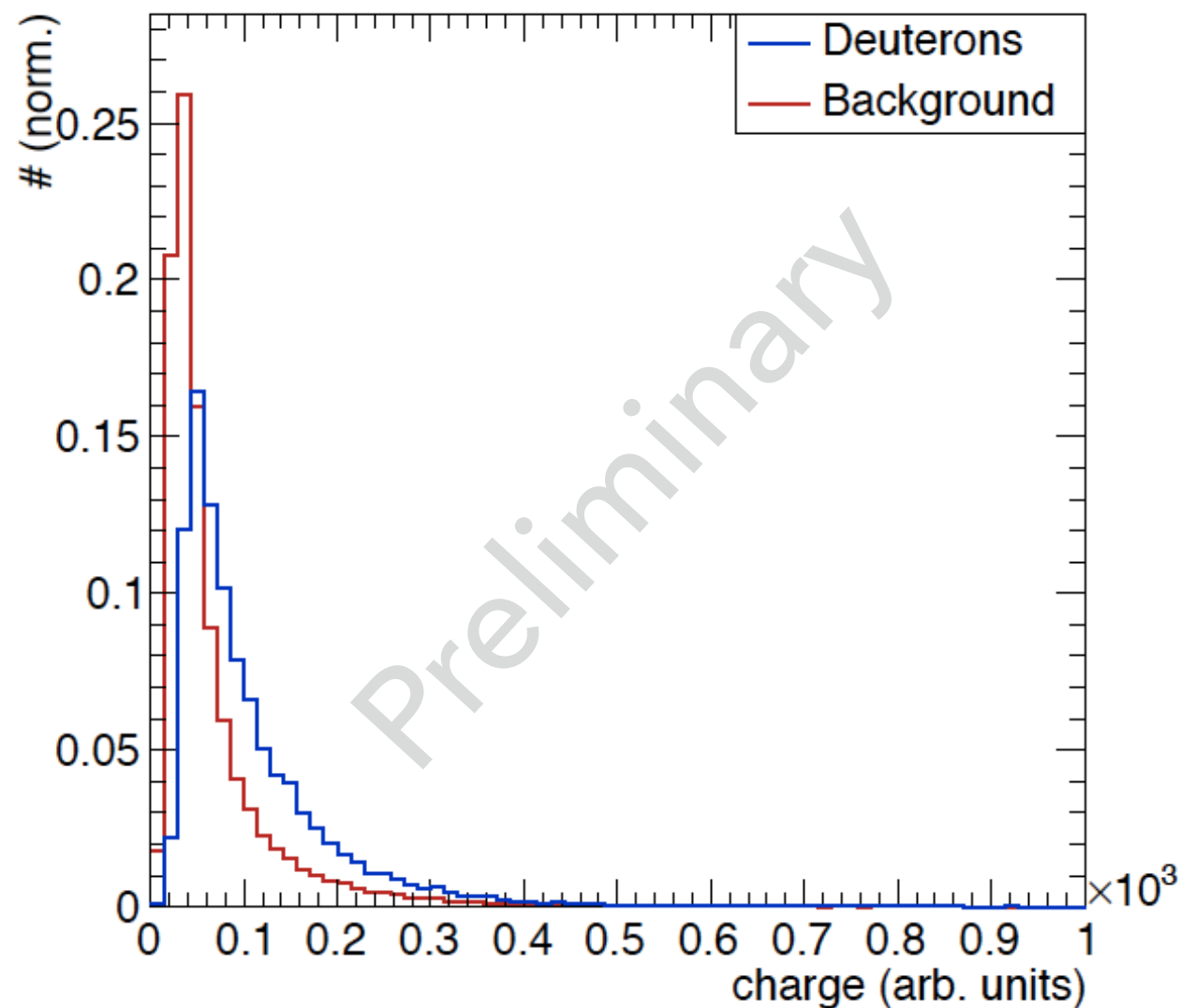


STATUS - IDENTIFICATION OF ANTI-DEUTERONS

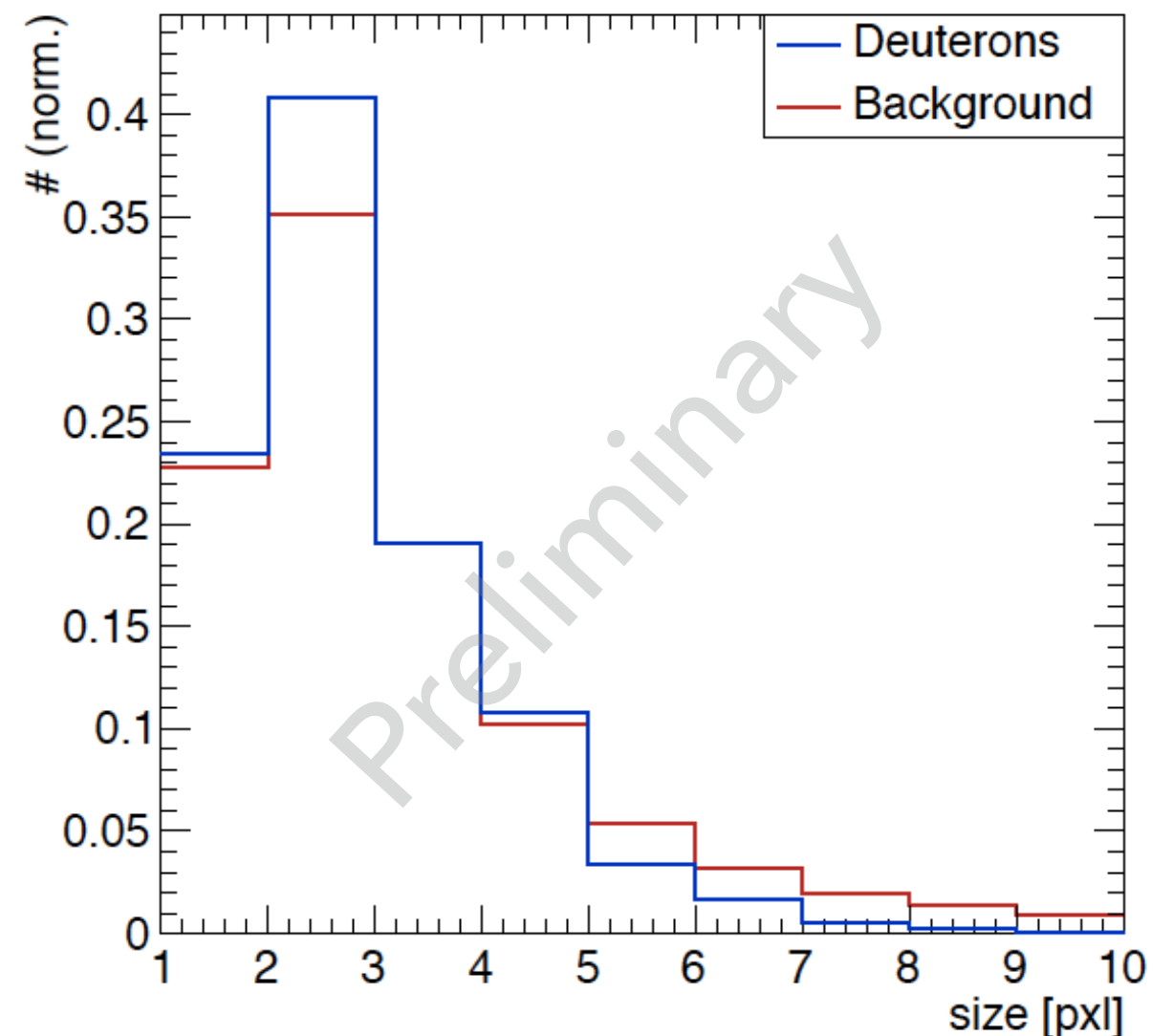


- Branching fraction in $\Upsilon(4S)$ decay: $\Gamma_i/\Gamma < 1.3 \cdot 10^{-5}$

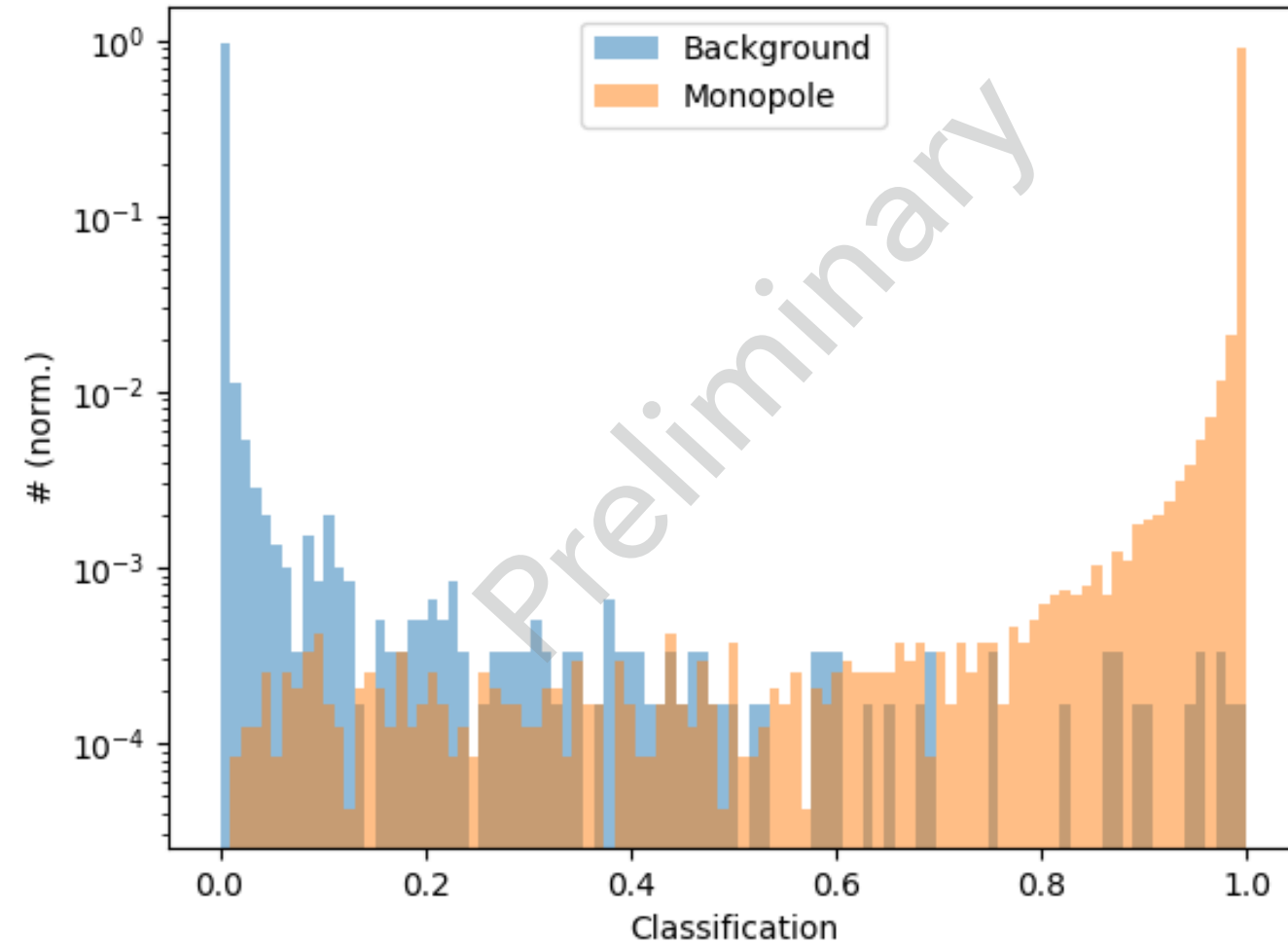
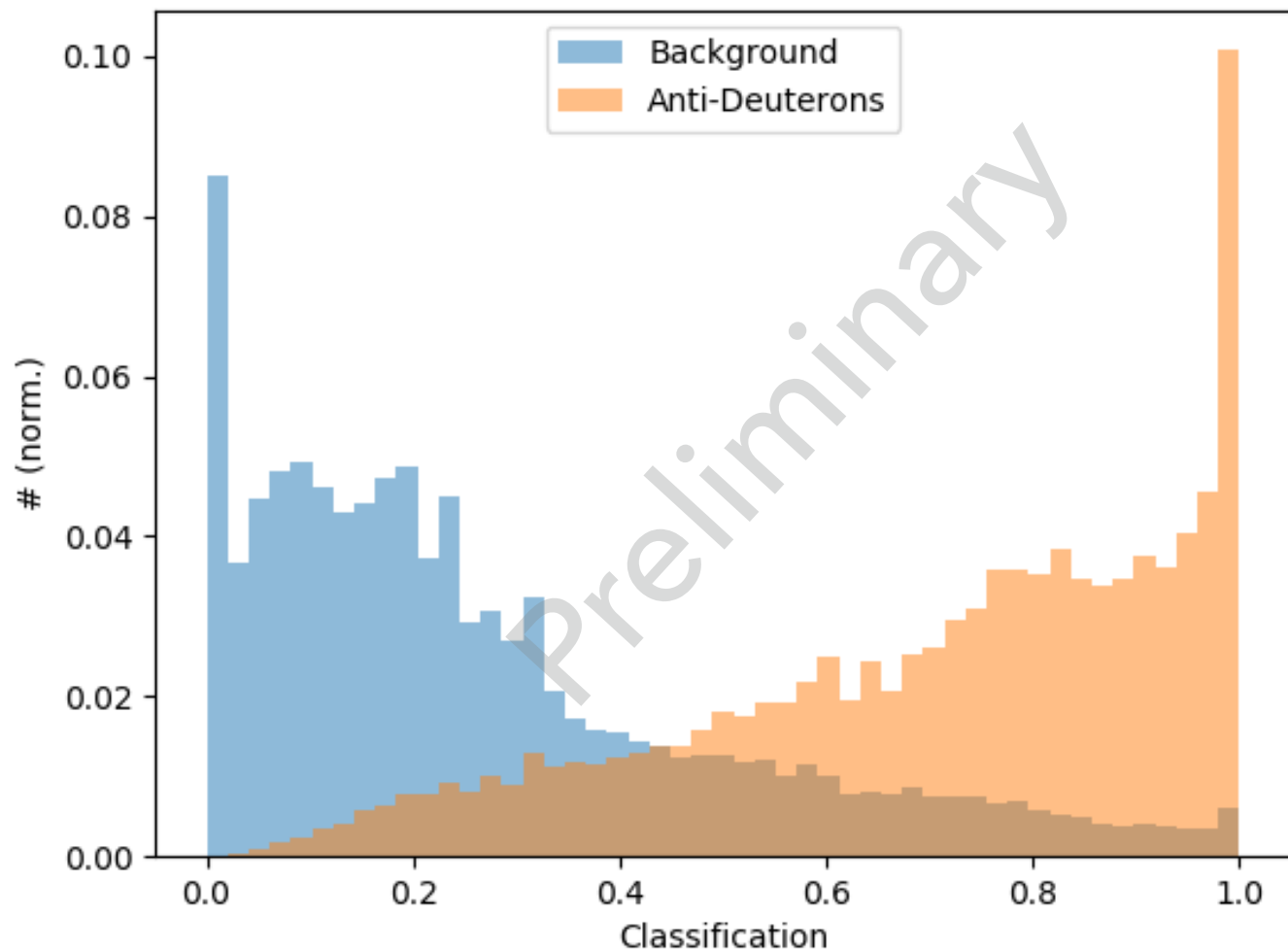
Belle II Simulation



Belle II Simulation



STATUS - CLASSIFICATION WITH NEURAL NETWORK



- Motivation: **Online** identification with PXD to prevent loss of HIP events

- Challenge: Background at least four orders of magnitude higher

OUTLOOK AND CONCLUSION



- **Challenge:** Identification of HIPs complicated due to short range in detector
- **Strategy:** HIP identification with the Belle II Pixel Detector
- **Status:** Feasibility study underway / implementation of monopole simulation currently evaluated
- **Future Objective :** HIP identification on hardware level

OUTLOOK AND CONCLUSION



- **Challenge:** Identification of HIPs complicated due to short range in detector
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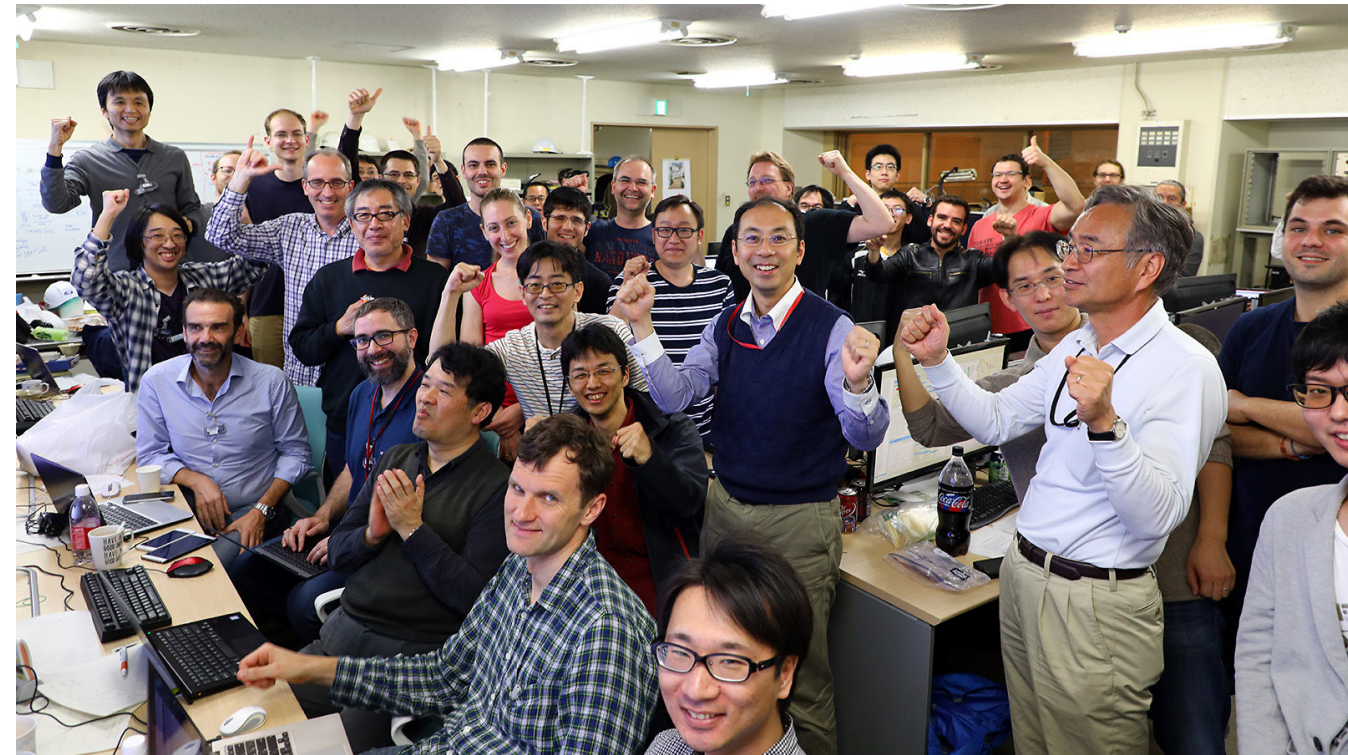
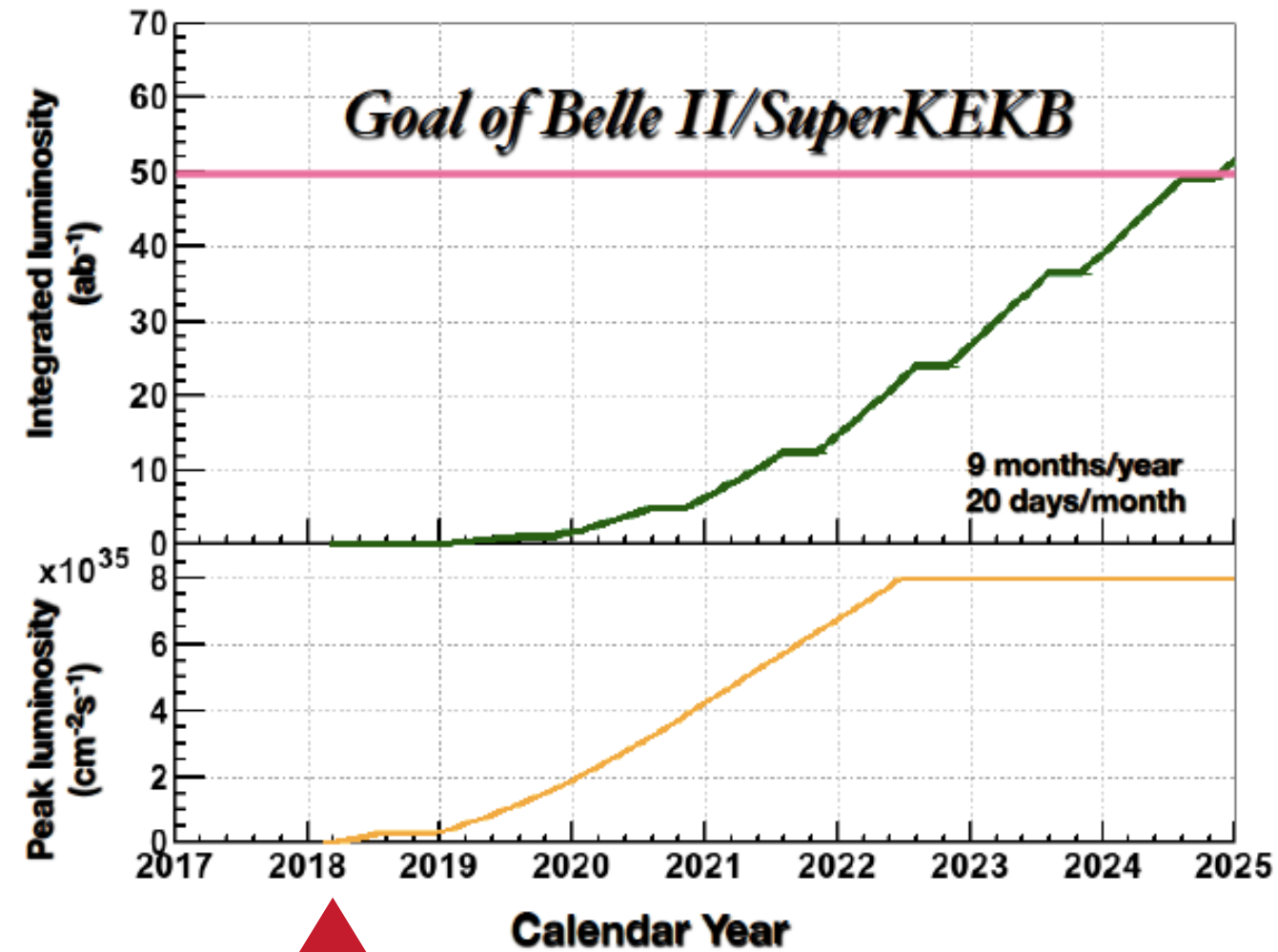
**Thank you for your
attention!**

**Спасибо за
внимание!**

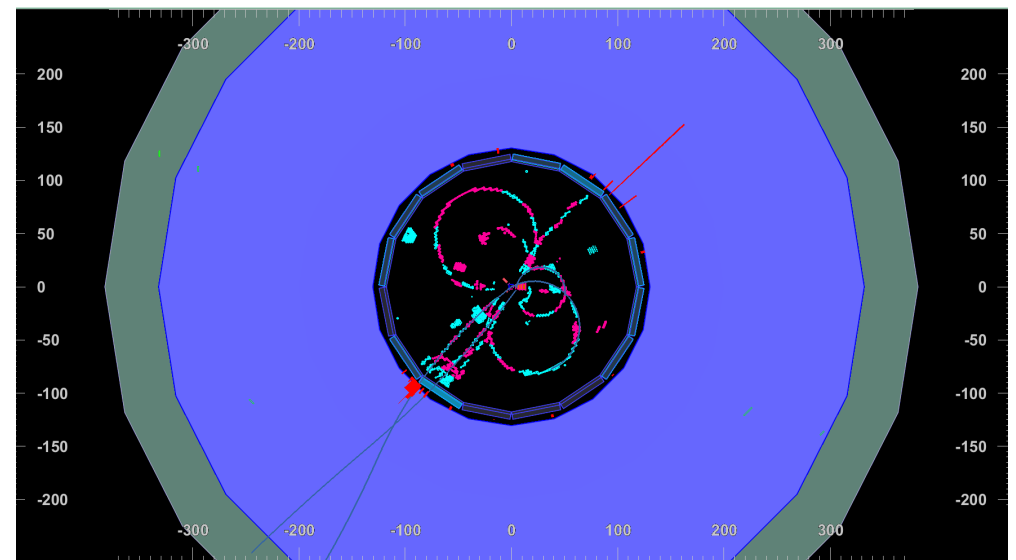


BACK-UP

SUPER-KEKB



First collision: April 2018



MONOPOLE PRODUCTION



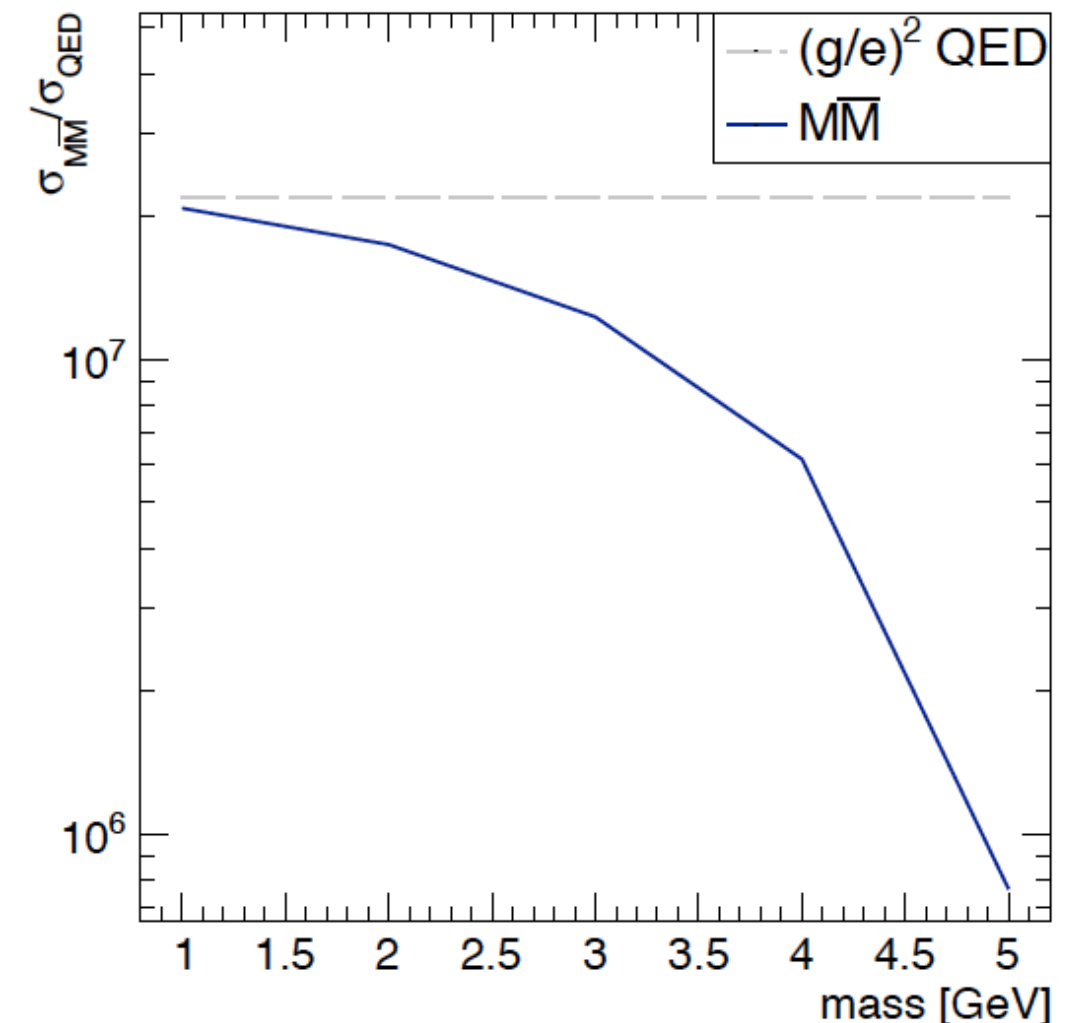
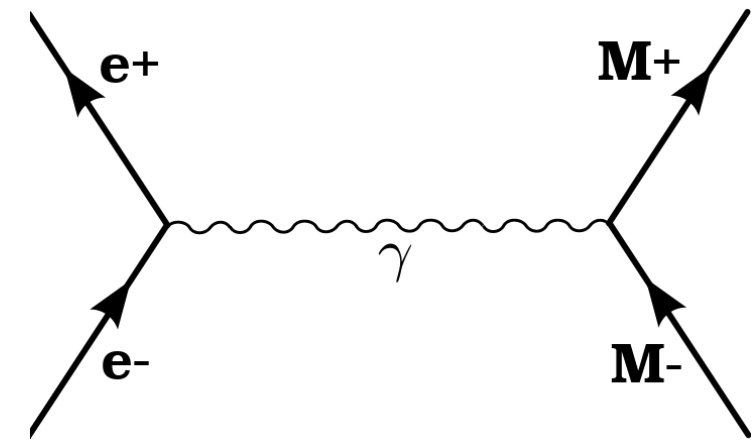
- Monopole pair production:

$$e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma^* \rightarrow M^+M^-$$

- No perturbative treatment possible due to large coupling constant $\alpha_m \approx 34n^2$

- Based on QED pair production:

$$\sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow M^+M^-) / \sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-) \propto \beta^3 \left(\frac{ng}{e} \right)^2$$



WHY **NOT** DETECTED YET?



- General-purpose detectors in today's particle physics experiments not suitable for HIPs
- Short range prevents activation of trigger
- Conventional tracking algorithms do not recognize trajectory

Characterize detector with HIP source (e.g. alpha emitter)

Provide (partial) particle identification with inner detectors

Implement *Monopole-tracking*

MAGNETIC MONOPOLES



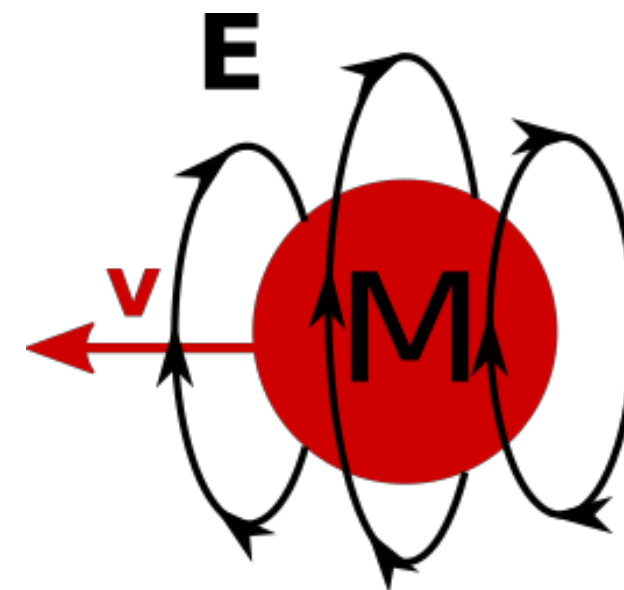
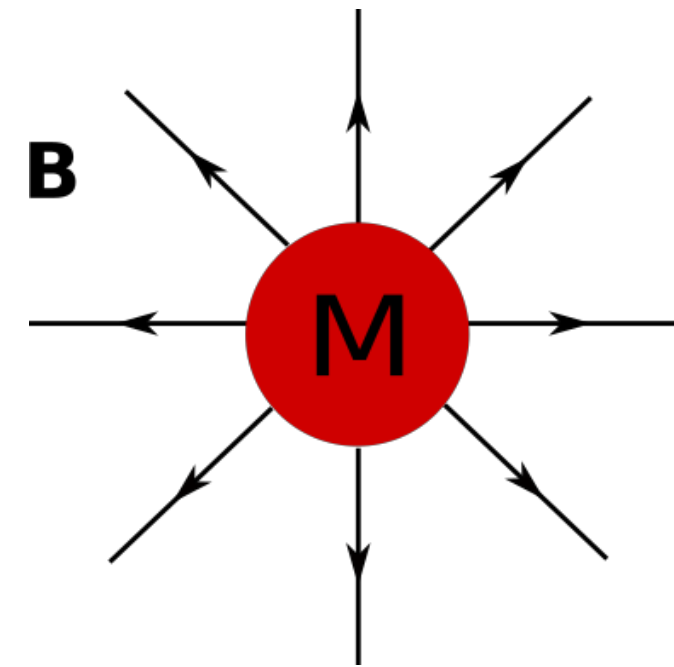
- Modified Maxwell equations:

$$\nabla \mathbf{D} = 4\pi\rho_e$$

$$\nabla \mathbf{B} = 4\pi\rho_m$$

$$-\nabla \times \mathbf{E} = \frac{1}{c} \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \mathbf{B} + \frac{4\pi}{c} \mathbf{j}_m$$

$$\nabla \times \mathbf{H} = \frac{1}{c} \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \mathbf{D} + \frac{4\pi}{c} \mathbf{j}_e$$

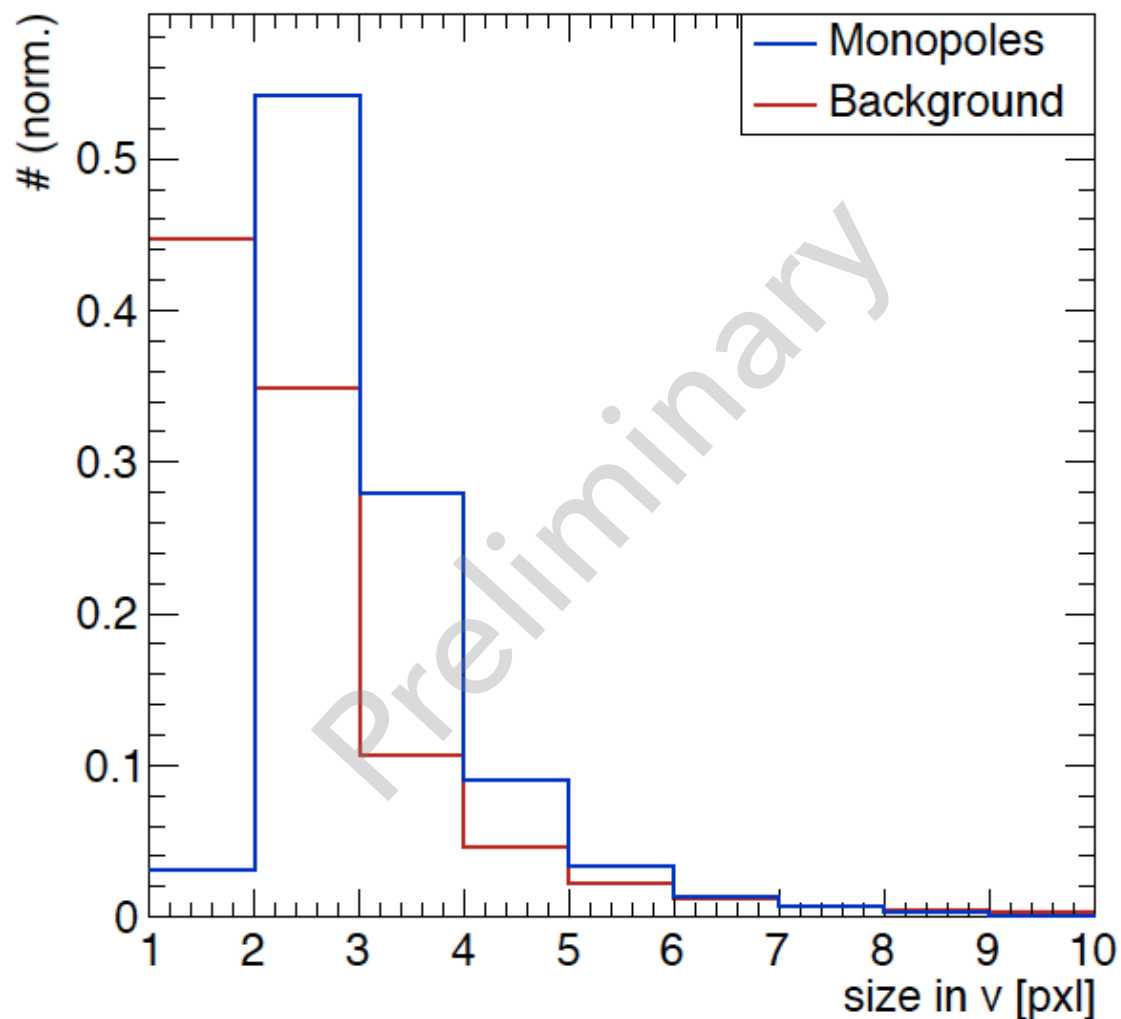


STATUS - MONOPOLE SIMULATION

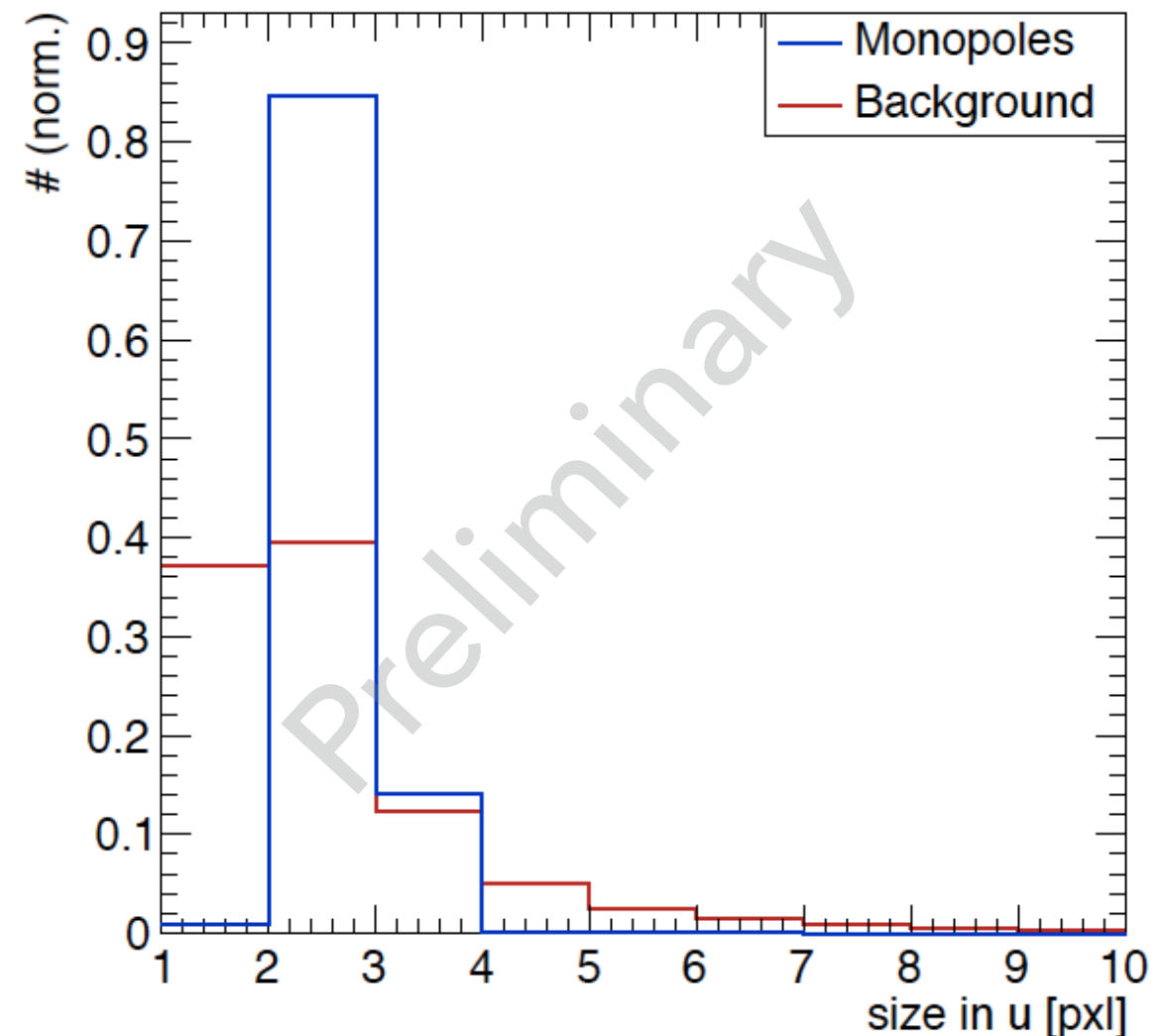


- Preliminary simulation of **1 GeV** magnetic monopoles with **unit charge**:

Belle II Simulation



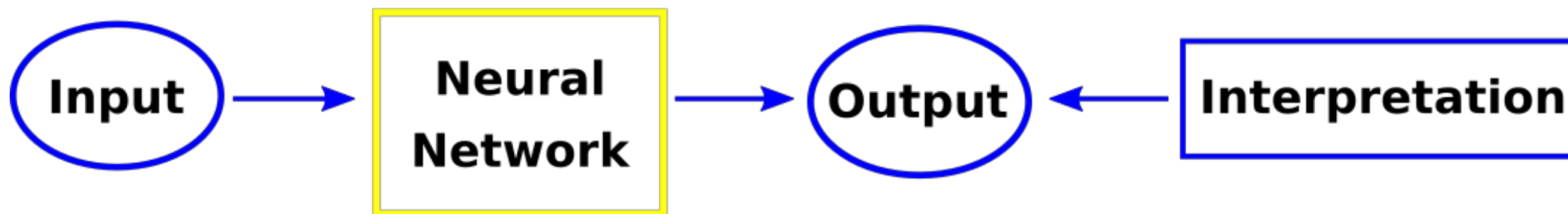
Belle II Simulation



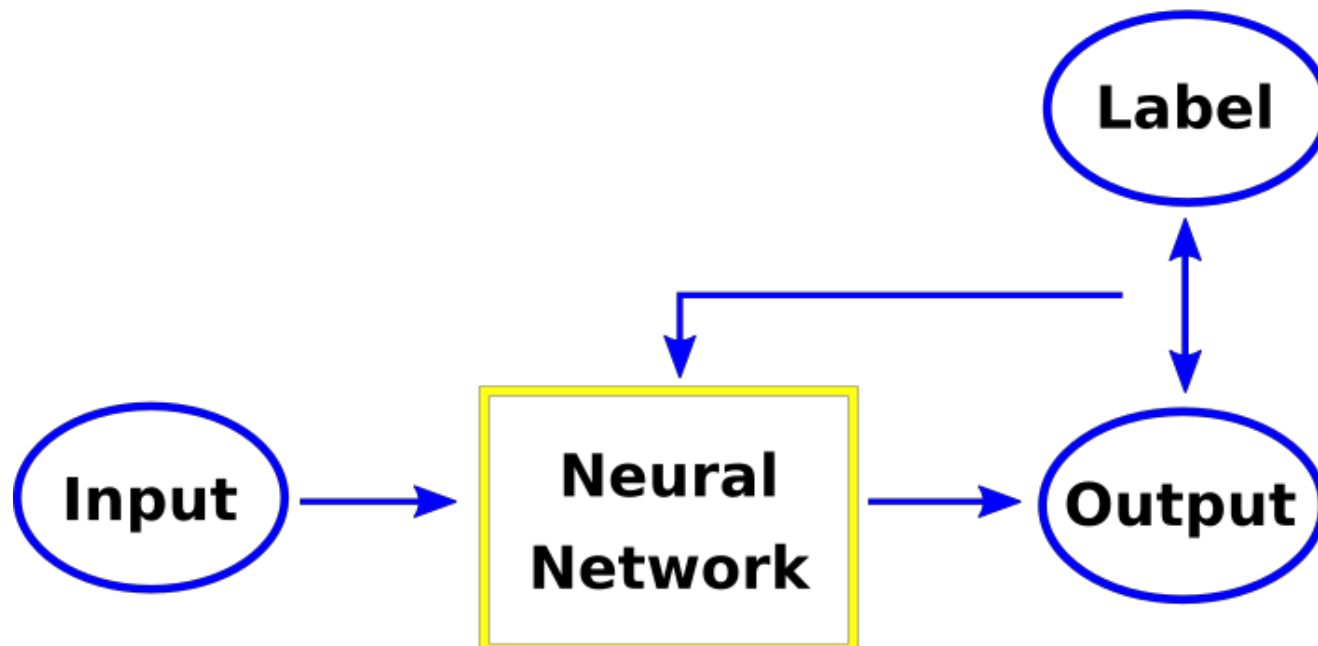
NEURAL NETWORKS



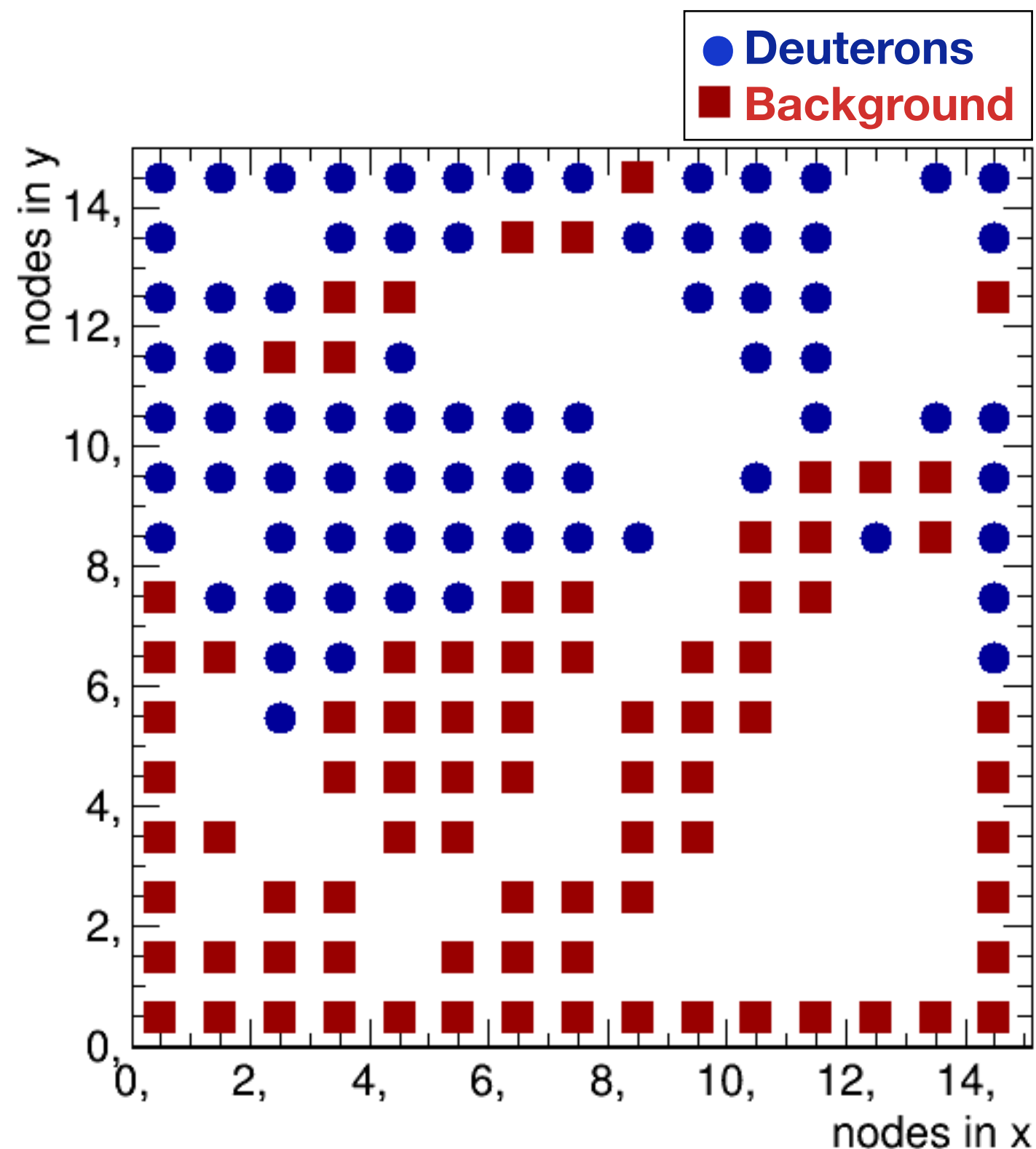
Unsupervised Learning



Supervised Learning



SELF-ORGANIZING MAPS



Self organizing maps

- Node space: 15 x 15
- Size of input vector: 6
- 40,000 input vectors (50% anti-deuterons, 50% background)
- Gaussian learning function
- 400,000 iterations (1 vector per iteration)
- Test with 3,000 vectors