

Belle II start of collisions

Paolo Branchini
INFN Sezione di RomaTre
For the Belle II Collaboration

7° International Conference on New Frontiers in Physics



ἦμος δ' ἠριγένεια φάνη ῥοδοδάκτυλος Ἡώς When primal Dawn spread on the eastern sky Her fingers of pink light...(Homer Odyssey 5, 228)

Introduction

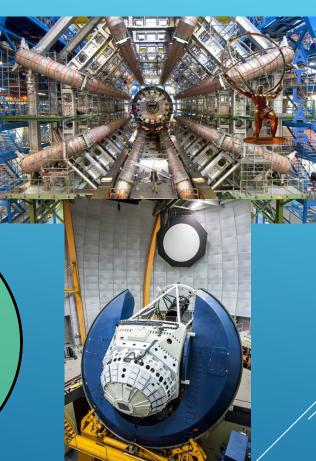
TRIPLE APPROACH (... TO CONTEMPORARY HIGH ENERGY PHYSICS)





Intensity Frontier

Energy Frontier origin of mass hierardark chies matter NP matter/ dark antimatter energy v's



Cosmic Frontier





LEGACY OF THE B FACTORIES

e.g.: "The Physics of the B Factories", EPJC 74, 3026 (2014)

▶ Flavor physics

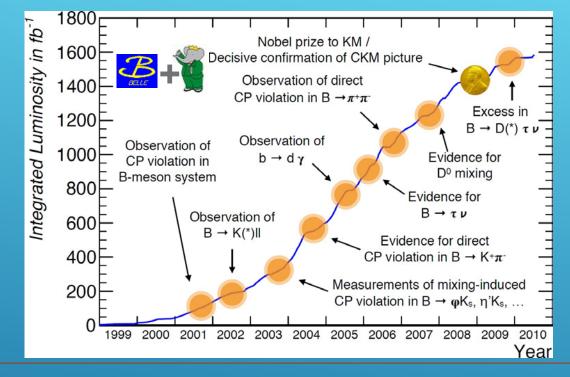
- CKM matrix elements / unitarity triangle
- CPV in B decays

▶ Limits on BSM Physics

- Rare decays
- New physics search loopsb→sγ, b→s∥
- B->D(*) $\tau \nu$
- Search for LFV τ decays

New particles

Exotic quarkonium



"for the discovery of the origin of the broken symmetry which predicts the existence of at least three families of quarks in nature".







Toshihide Maskawa



2008

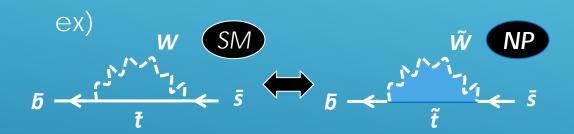






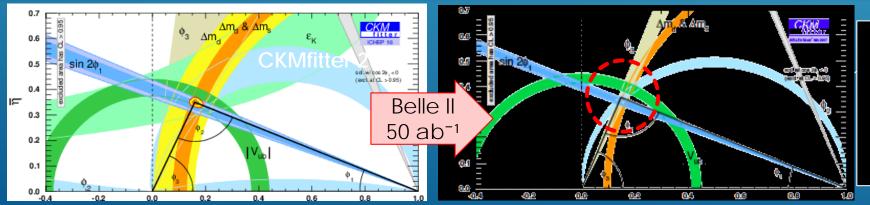
PHYSICS PROSPECTS@HIGH STATISTICS

- ► Belle II is an Intensity Frontier experiment
 - **Searches for new particles in loop diagrams with huge data samples.**
 - A new particle that may appear in a loop diagram can deviate the related observables from the SM prediction.



Belle II will collect 50 ab⁻¹ data, which is x50 of Belle (1 ab⁻¹). Belle II is sensitive to new physics up to an energy scale of ~20 TeV.





Any discrepancy
will become
statistical significant
with 50 ab⁻¹ data at
Belle II if the current
central values hold.

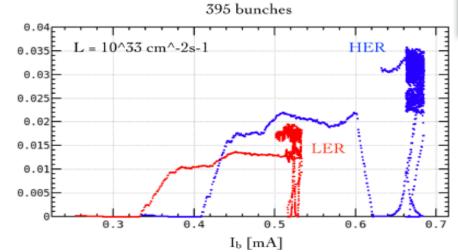
June 20: Reached 1.9x10³³ cm⁻²s⁻¹

Y. Ohnishi

Sezione di Roma Tre

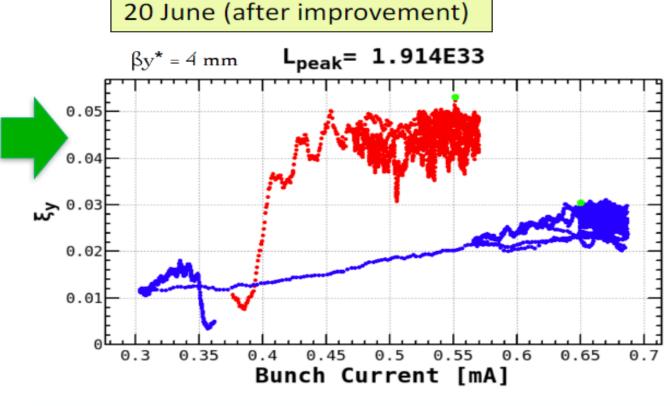
7 June (before improvement)

High bunch current: 270 mA (LER) / 210 mA (HER)



HER beam size blowup is very large!

We consider beta squeezing of the horizontal beta in the HEI



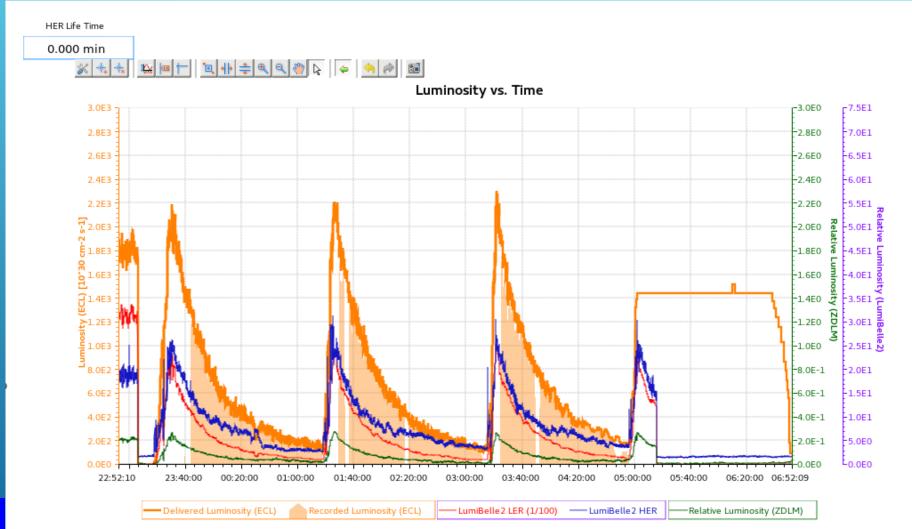
LER: 270 mA / HER: 225 mA, 395 bunches

 $1.9 \times 10^{33} \times 4 = 7.6 \times 10^{33}$ at 1080 mA(LER

If $\beta_{\rm y}^{\star}$ is down to 3 mm and the beam-beam parameter is same, istituto Nazionale di Fisica L_{peak} becomes 10³⁴.



PHYSICS RUN 25/6/2018







SUPERKEKB SECOND GENERATION B FACTORY (1)

- Belle (KEK Laboratory, Japan)
- BaBar (SLAC Laboratory, California)

Important results: confirmation of the CKM
 mechanism in the SM, CP violation observation in the B meson system etc..

The problem
Statistics collected by KEKB and PEPIl colliders was not sufficent to
analyse some rare decays, perform
precise SM validations furthermore
many other measuremements were
statistically limited

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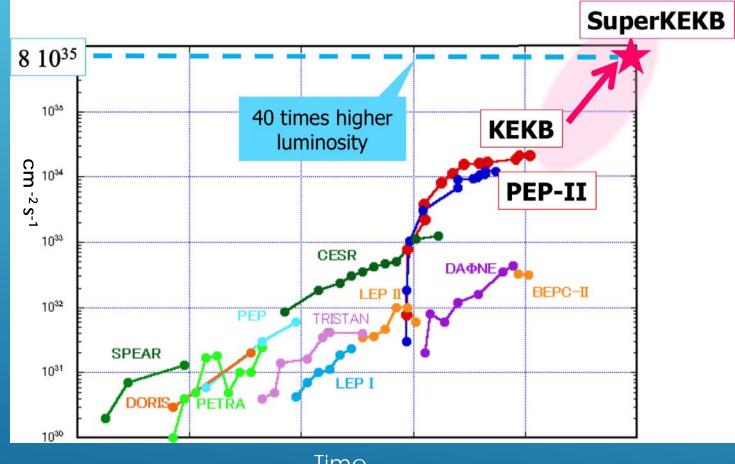
Belle II: usage of the improved collider SuperKEKB







SUPERKEKB SECOND GENERATION B FACTORY (2)



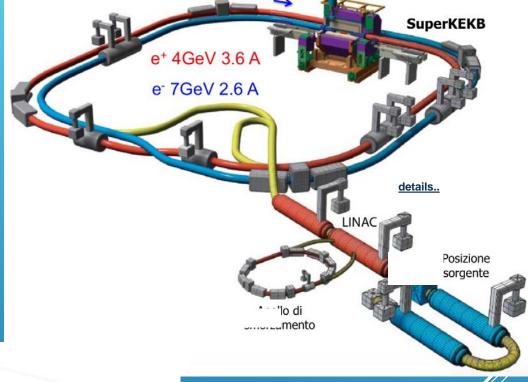
By increasing the luminosity possible to investigate the SM through precision measurements and searches for rare or forbidden decays.

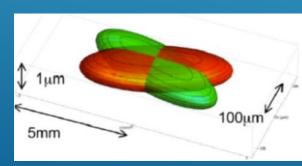


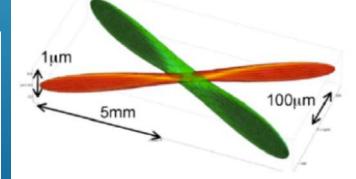


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$$L = \frac{\gamma_{\pm}}{2er_e} \left(1 + \frac{\sigma_y^*}{\sigma_x^*} \right) \left(\frac{I_{\pm} \xi_{y\pm}}{\beta_y^*} \right) \left(\frac{R_L}{R_{\xi_{y\pm}}} \right)$$







Beam section at the interaction point:

~42 nm in y

 \sim 6 μ m in x

Nano-beam scheme





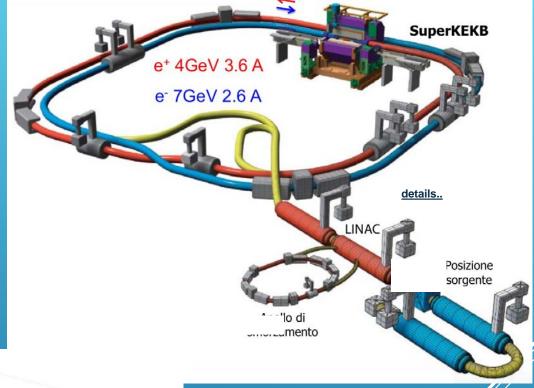
$$L = \frac{\gamma_{\pm}}{2er_e} \left(1 + \frac{\sigma_y^*}{\sigma_x^*} \right) \left(\frac{I_{\pm} \xi_{y\pm}}{\beta_y^*} \right) \left(\frac{R_L}{R_{\xi_{y\pm}}} \right)$$

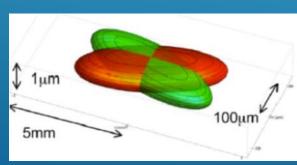
KEKB

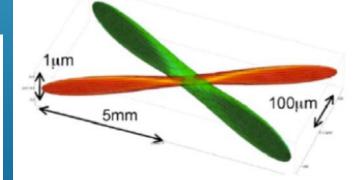
 $I_{e^+/e^-} = 1.64/1.19A$

SuperKEKB

 $I_{e^+/e^-} = 3.6/2.6A$







Beam section at the interaction point:

~42 nm in y

~6 µm in x

Nano-beam scheme





$$L = \frac{\gamma_{\pm}}{2er_e} \left(1 + \frac{\sigma_y^*}{\sigma_x^*} \right) \left(\frac{I_{\pm} \xi_{y\pm}}{\beta_y^*} \right) \left(\frac{R_L}{R_{\xi_{y\pm}}} \right)$$

KEKB

 $I_{e^+/e^-} = 1.64/1.19A$

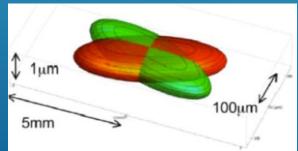
 $\mathfrak{G}_{ue^+/e^-}^* = 5.9/5.9$ mm

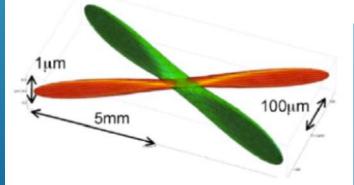
SuperKEKB

 $I_{e^+/e^-} = 3.6/2.6A$

 $\mathfrak{g}_{ye^+/e^-}^* = 0.27/0.30$ mm







Beam section at the interaction point:

e+ 4GeV 3.6 A

e⁻ 7GeV 2.6 A

~42 nm in y

~6 µm in x

Nano-beam scheme





SuperKEKB

details..

Posizione sorgente

$$L = \frac{\gamma_{\pm}}{2er_e} \left(1 + \frac{\sigma_y^*}{\sigma_x^*} \right) \left(\frac{I_{\pm} \xi_{y\pm}}{\beta_y^*} \right) \left(\frac{R_L}{R_{\xi_{y\pm}}} \right)$$

KEKB

 $I_{e^+/e^-} = 1.64/1.19A$

 $\mathfrak{B}_{ye^+/e^-}^* = 5.9/5.9$ mm

1μm

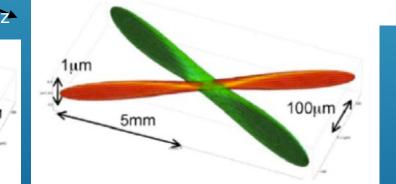
5mm

SuperKEKB

100µm

 $I_{e^+/e^-} = 3.6/2.6A$

 $\mathfrak{g}_{ue^+/e^-}^* = 0.27/0.30$ mm



Beam section at the interaction point:

e+ 4GeV 3.6 A

e-7GeV 2.6 A

~42 nm in y

~6 µm in x

Nano-beam scheme



Expected improvement of integrated luminosity of a factor ~50 at Bellell: 50 ab-1



SuperKEKB

details..

Posizione sorgente

SUPERKEKB COMMISSIONING



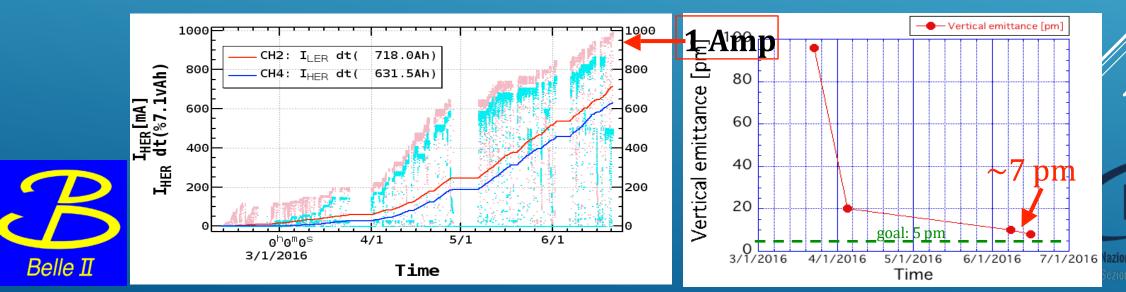
First Beam turns studies

| Belle II rolled in

Now: collisions

Phase I (2016): NO Belle II, circulate both beams, NO collisions **Phase II** (2018): Belle II, NO vertex detector, first collisions

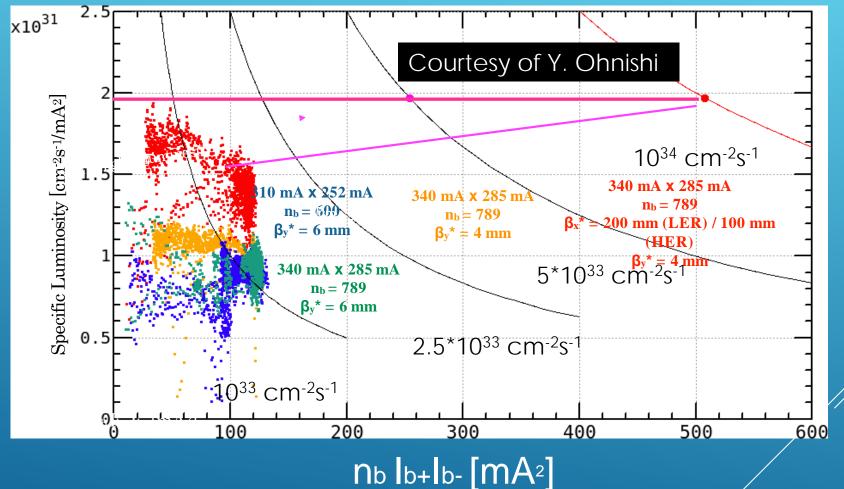
Very successful phase 1 run







WHERE ARE WE NOW (PHASE 1 TRAVEL GUIDE)?



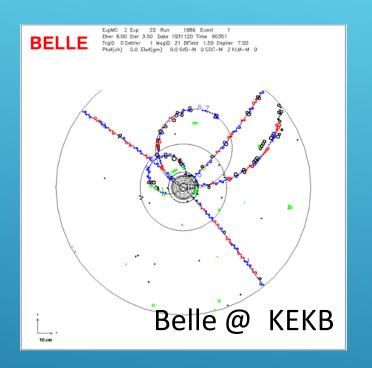


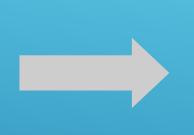


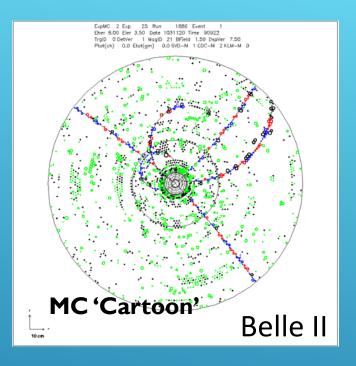
SOME MEMBERS OF THE BELLEII COLLABORATION



DETECTOR CHALLENGES@HIGH LUMINOSITY







Higher background \rightarrow radiation damage, occupancy \rightarrow VTX (also closer to the beampipe), background in EMC

Higher event rate \rightarrow trigger, DAQ, computing In addition improvement to low momentum particle reconstruction and

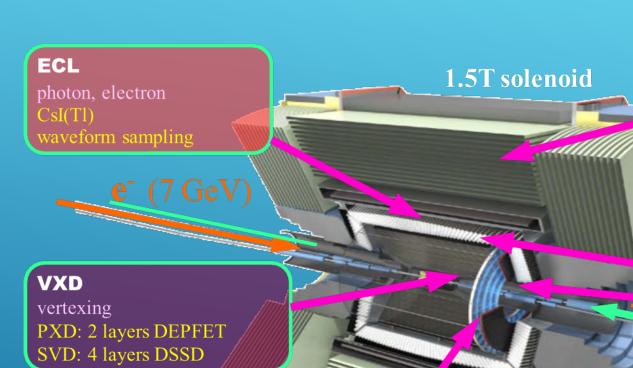
ID, hermeticity

Detector had to be upgraded for SuperKEKB conditions to achieve equal or better performance than at KEKB





THE BELLEII DETECTOR



KLM

Klong, muon RPC+scintillator (barrel) scintillator (end-caps)

TOP/RICH

particle identification TOP(barrel): DIRC RICH(fwd): aerojel

e⁺ (4 GeV)

L1 trigger rate ~ 20 kHz GRID computing

CDC

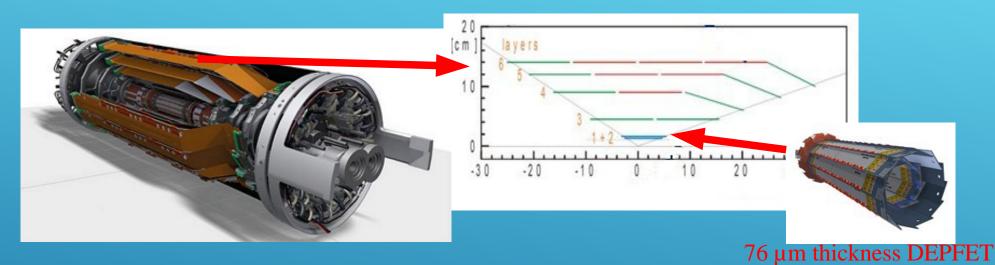
charged particle tracking track z-vertex trigger smaller cell size, long level arm He(50%)+C₂H₂(50%)



except VXD, all others are ready since 2017.



VERTEX DETECTOR

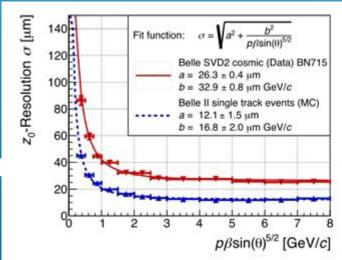


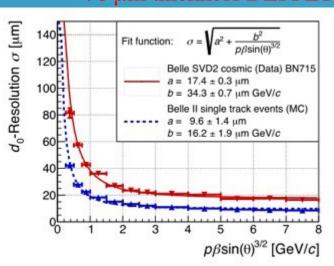
4 layers DSSD (SVD) 2 layers DEPFET (PXD)

final focus quadrupole ,,integrated" into VXD

Belle II

vertex resolution improved by a factor of 2 (compared to Belle)

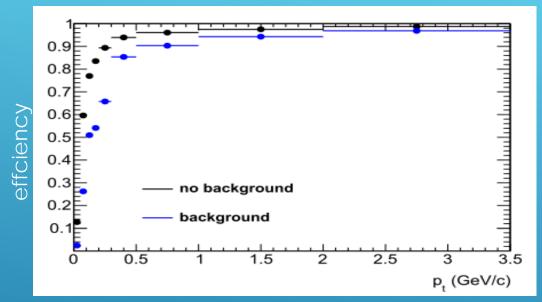




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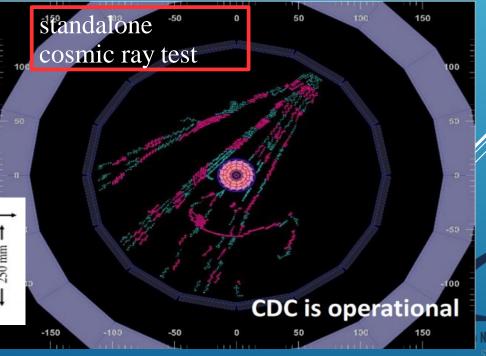


DRIFT CHAMBER



$$\begin{split} &\frac{\sigma_{p_t}}{p_t} \sim 0.3\%/\beta \oplus 0.1\% \cdot p_t [\text{GeV/c}] \\ &\sigma\left(\frac{dE}{dx}\right)\Big|_{\text{\tiny MIP}} 5\% \end{split}$$

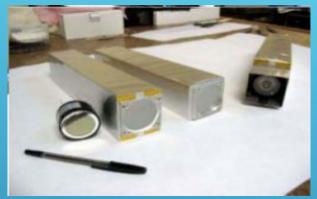


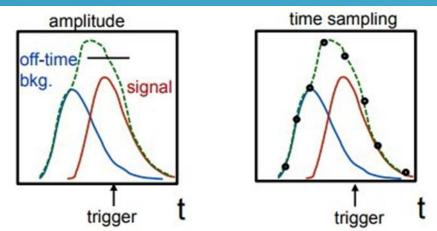


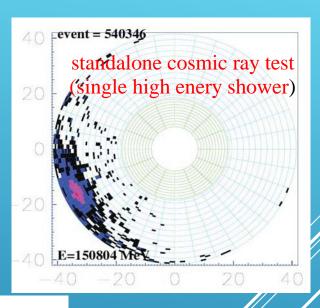




ECL EM CALORIMETER

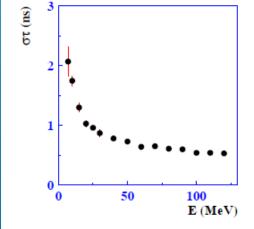






waveform sampling to reject out of time hits







KLM K_I AND MUON DETECTOR

Interleaved with the iron plates of the flux return yoke

Barrel:

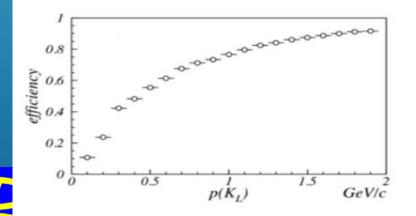
Belle II

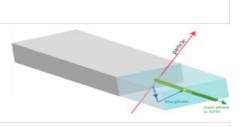
Belle RPCs reused

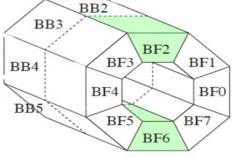
Two inner layers replaced by scintillator strips Scintillator strips with WLS fibers

Hamamatsu SiPM S10362

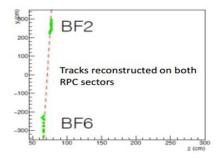
Endcap:
 RPCs replaced with polystyrene scintillators
 99% geometrical acceptance. σ ~ 1ns

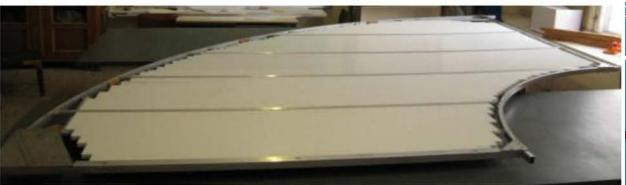




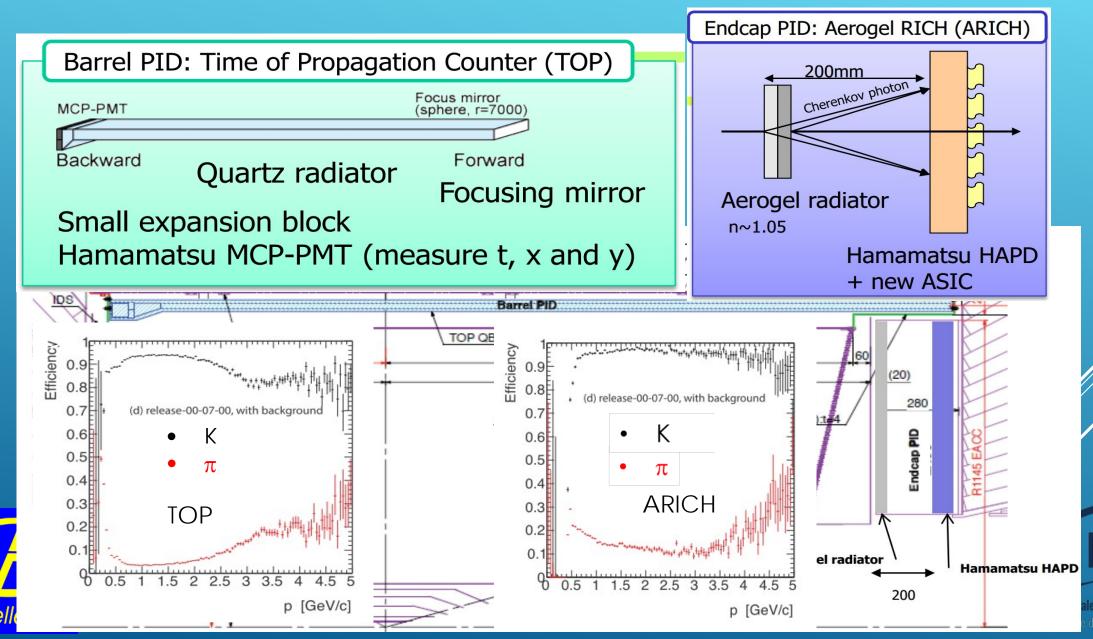






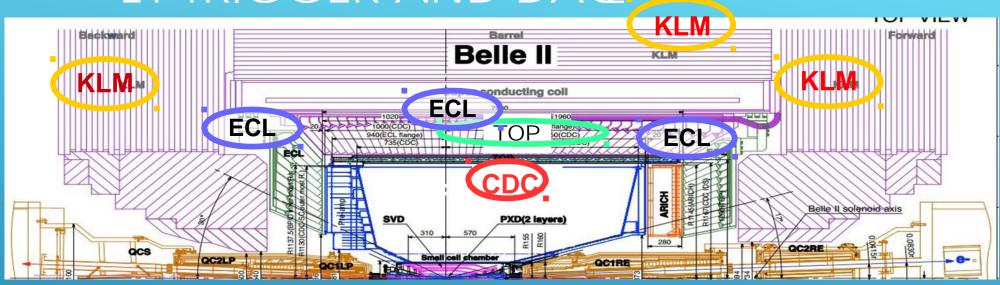


PARTICLE IDENTIFICATION DEVICES





L1 TRIGGER AND DAQ.



Belle II Level 1 trigger (CDC + ECL + TOP + KLM) beam bunch crossing 254 MHz (max.) nominal beam background rate ~10 MHz nominal L1 trigger rate ~20 KHz

L1 max. latency 5 µs

L1 z-vertex trigger

L1 Global Reconstruction Logic

Belle II software platform BASF2 (ROOT/C++/Python)

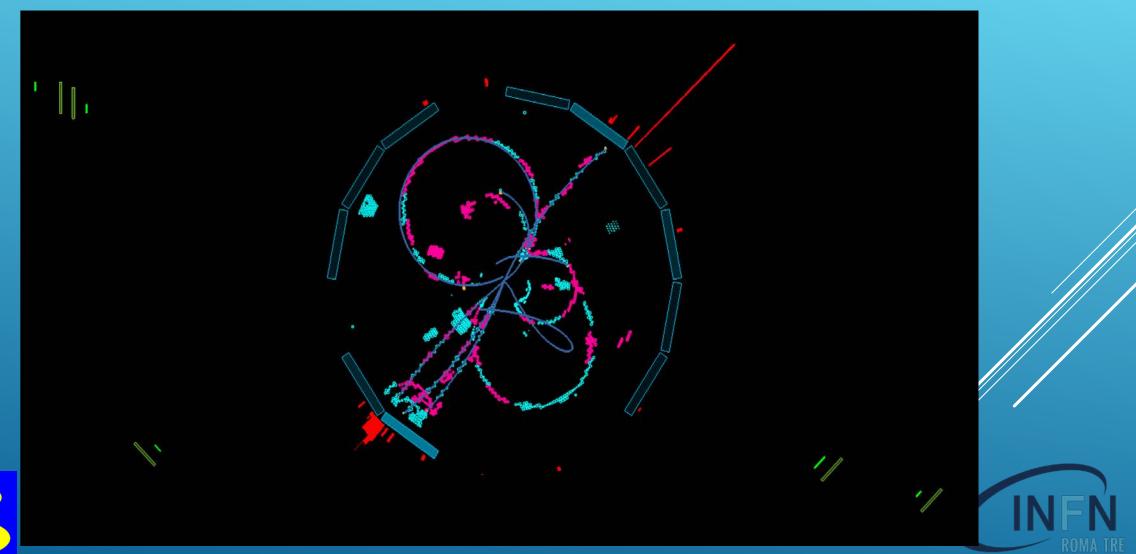
DAQ, HLT, and analysis

* HLT output rate 6 KHz (1.8 GB/s)





26 APRIL 2018 00:38 GMT+9: FIRST COLLISIONS



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bUFOle & Co.

Reblog da vari siti che piacciono a me... e tutti scientificamente verificati!



← Denutrizione e obesità nei dati FAO

La genetica della depressione \rightarrow

Rivelatore SuperKEKB e Belle II in funzione: caccia all'asimmetria materia-antimateria

Pubblicato il 3 maggio 2018

TECNOLOGIA – Un elettrone e un positrone che collidono alle più alte luminosità. Questo è uno dei fenomeni studiati dal nuovo progetto SuperKEKB e Belle II. Il primo, l'acceleratore costruito in Giappone ed erede di <u>KEKB</u>. Il secondo, un rivelatore, erede di <u>Belle</u>.

L'obiettivo di SuperKEKB è indagare la Nuova Fisica che va oltre il **Modello standard** delle particelle e i ricercatori andranno a caccia di fenomeni mai osservati prima. Potremo finalmente svelare i misteri della fisica contemporanea, come l'asimmetria tra materia e antimateria, l'esistenza della materia oscura e le onde gravitazionali.

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Cerca

Le piramidi le ha costruite Big-Foot!





bUFOle &



← Denutrizione e ob

Rivelatore S all'asimmet

Pubblicato il 3 maggio 201

TECNOLOGIA - U è uno dei fenomeni l'acceleratore costri Belle.

International Journal of High-Energy Physics

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antimateria, l'esistenza della materia oscura e le onde gravitazionali.

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CERN COURIER

Jun 1, 2018

SuperKEKB steps out at the intensity frontier



Celebrating first collisions

On 26 April the SuperKEKB accelerator at the KEK laboratory in Japan collided its first beams of electrons and positrons,

> десідеге ді сапсецаге ії сотmento...

> > Cerca

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KEY SUPPLIERS

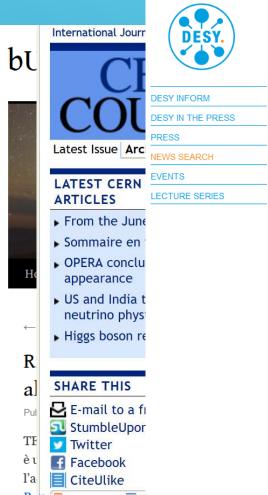
HuihongFiber



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STRUTTURE V ESPERIMENTI V PROGETTI V COMUNICAZIONE V OPPORTUNITÀ DI LAVORO



Comunicazione



Download [8.4 MB, 6720 x 4480]

Cheers in the control room: the Belle II detector has recorded first collisions. Image:

26 APRILE 2018

GIAPPONE, PRIME COLLISIONI A SUPERKEB: INIZIA L'AVVENTURA DI BELLE II



Il 25 aprile, alle 17.38 ora italiana (00.38 in Giappone) nel Laboratorio KEK, a sukuba, in Giappone, l'acceleratore SuperKEKB ha prodotto le sue prime collisioni tra elettroni e antielettroni, e gli eventi sono stati osservati dal rivelatore Belle II. entrato così in funzione l'acceleratore che raggiungerà la più alta luminosità (una grandezza che indica quante particelle collidono per unità di area e di tempo) al mondo. Il primo fascio di elettroni era circolato lo scorso 21 marzo e, dieci giorni dopo, era seguito il primo fascio di positroni (gli antielettroni). Da qui aveva avuto avvio la fase di commissioning della macchina, cioè della "sintonizzazione" dell'acceleratore, la cui

buona riuscita ha portato a questo successo.

"Le prime collisioni rappresentano una pietra miliare nello sviluppo dell'acceleratore e dell'esperimento", sottolinea Francesco Forti, della sezione INFN e dell'Università di Pisa, presidente del comitato esecutivo dell'esperimento. "Per quanto siano il punto di arrivo del lavoro di costruzione, sono soltanto il punto di partenza della presa dati e delle analisi, che ci porteranno a esplorare nuovi territori della fisica. La strada da percorrere è ancora lunga, ma la soddisfazione per questo risultato è palpabile in tutta la collaborazione", conclude Forti.

uno wiii neip uie to uni avei uie mystenes oi uaix mattei anu uie imbalance between matter and antimatter in the universe, and to track down new phenomena.

"We would like to convey our heartiest congratulations to our colleagues at KEK and to the Belle II team on their success. Starting up a new particle accelerator is a huge challenge. The particle physics community is very excited to see the results SuperKEKB and Belle II will produce," says DESY's Research Director for Particle

Cerca

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L'obiettivo di SuperKEKB è indagare la 1 delle particelle e i ricercatori andranno a

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Pubb

TEC

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Bell

finalmente svelare i misteri della fisica contemporanea, come l'asimmetria tra materia e antimateria, l'esistenza della materia oscura e le onde gravitazionali.

Le piramidi le ha costruite Big-Foot!



è frutto di un ancestrale meccanismo di protezione, che aiutava già i nostri antenati a difendersi dalle infezioni

A DI BELLE II

LAVORO

ine) nel Laboratorio KEK, a a prodotto le sue prime no stati osservati dal rivelatore Belle II. ıngerà la più alta luminosità (una per unità di area e di tempo) al mondo. 21 marzo e, dieci giorni dopo, era i). Da qui aveva avuto avvio la fase di zzazione" dell'acceleratore, la cui

cionale di Fisica Nucleare

to", sottolinea Francesco Forti, della to siano il punto di arrivo del lavoro di plorare nuovi territori della fisica. La ollaborazione", conclude Forti.



Il disgusto serve a proteggerci dalle malattie

La sensazione di repulsione che proviamo quando, ad

esempio, vediamo del cibo andato a male

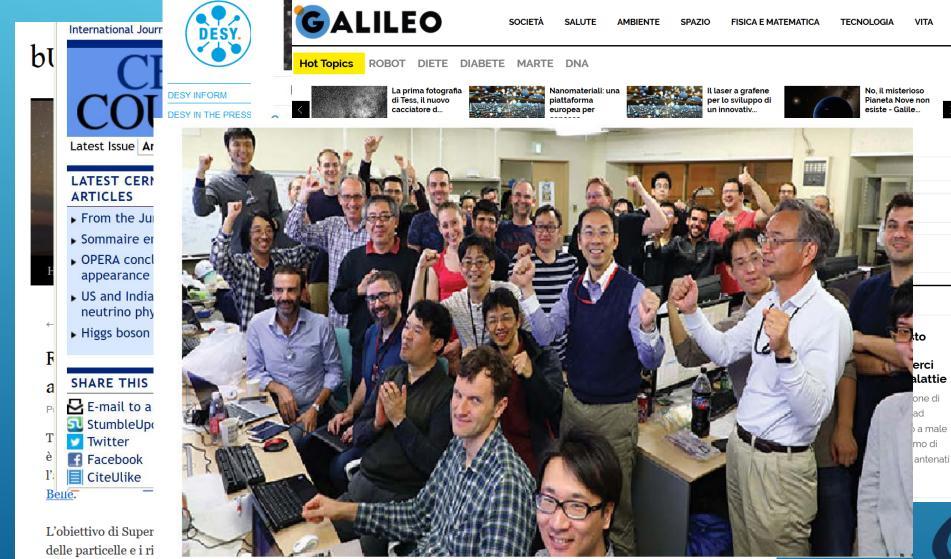


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Belle II

Le piramidi le ha costruite Big-Foot!

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ca Nucleare

io KEK, a

i dal rivelatore Belle II.

di tempo) al mondo. giorni dopo, era

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ncesco Forti, della

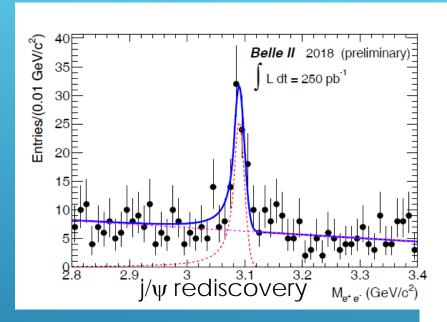
di arrivo del lavoro di itori della fisica. La

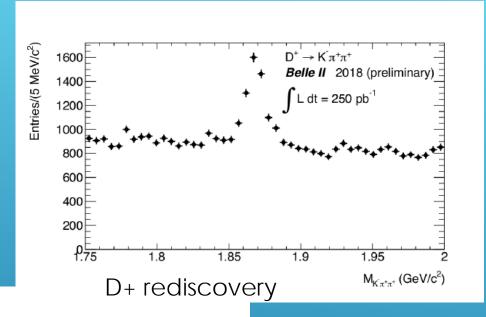
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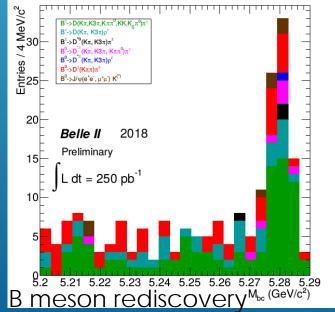
luminosità (una

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FIRST PLOTS



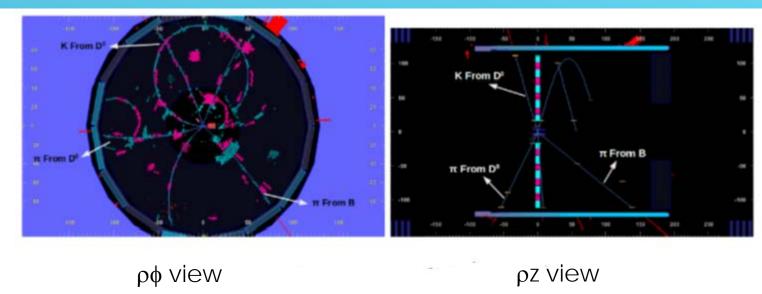


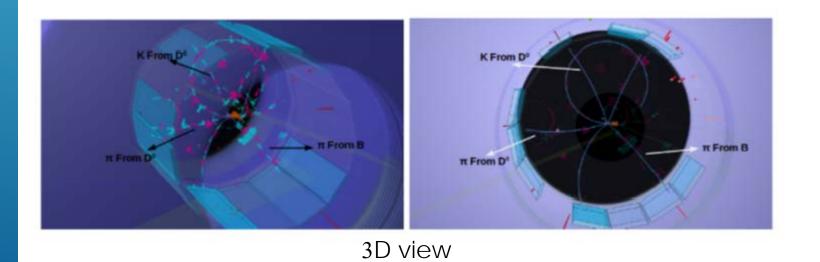






$B^+ \rightarrow D(K^-\Pi^+)\Pi^+$





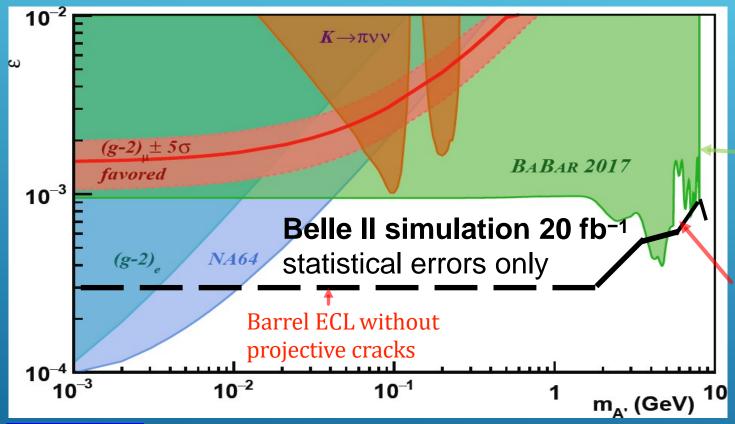




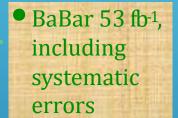


DARK SECTOR: INVISIBLE DECAY (SENSITIVITY)

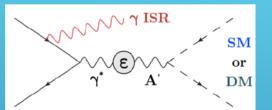
New Physics: Dark Photon searches



Lower trigger threshold wrt BaBar



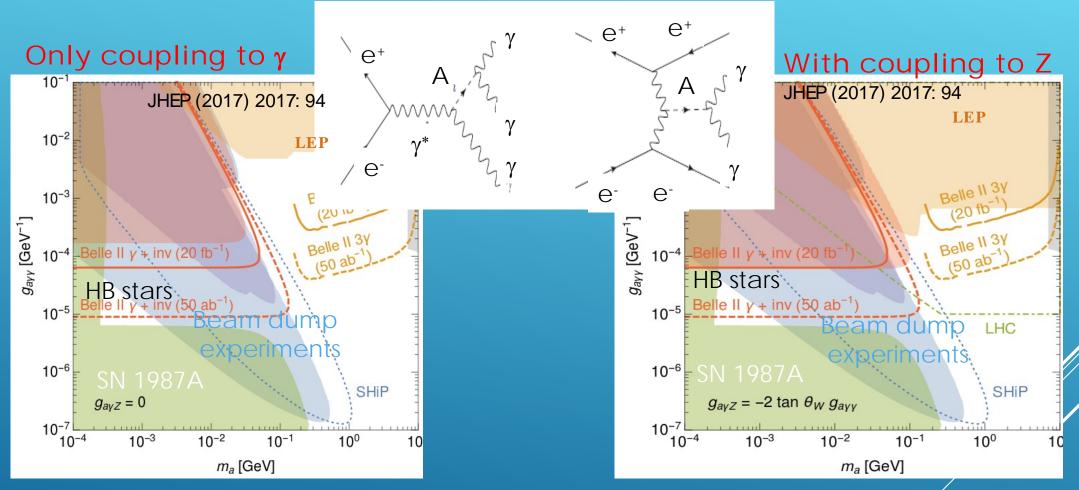
- Lowerthreshold for single photon trigger
 - Higher E_{CM} energy







DARK SECTOR: AXION LIKE PARTICLES (SENSITIVITY)



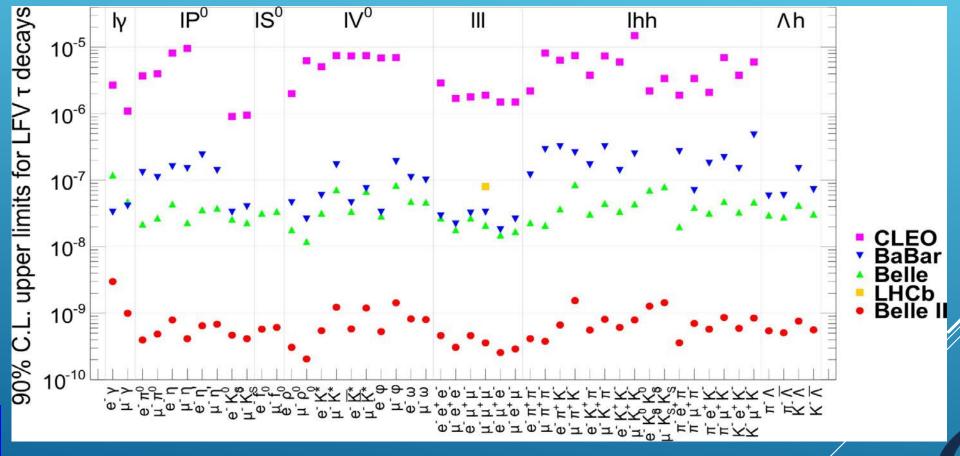




PHYSICS HIGHLIGHTS

Belle II expectations:

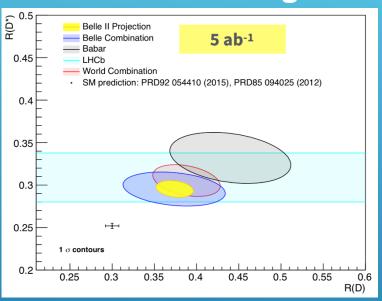
Improvement of ≤2 order of magnitude w.r.t. the current limits

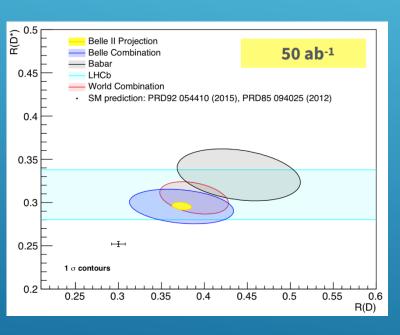


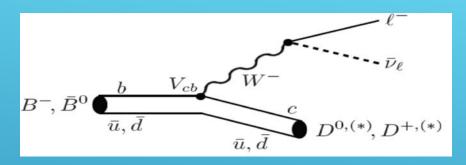


FLAVOUR ANOMALIES IN R(D*) AND R(D)

4.1σ SM disagrement







It could be explained through the existence of charged Higgs or other New Physics models

If average values are confirmed we have a 5 σ effect at $\mathcal{L}^{int}=5$ ab-1

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SUMMARY

- After a successful phase I operation in 2016, phase II of SuperKEKB commissioning started and first data have been collected
- Following the installation of the vertex detector in summer 2018, the almost complete Belle II detector will be ready for the first physics run to start at the beginning 2019 at the $\Upsilon(4S)$ energy
- The Belle II Collaboration is looking forward to the next 10 years to carry out a rich physics program, complementary to existing experiments, and to significantly contribute to the quest for new physics beyond the Standard Model



